

RESULTS AT SEPTEMBER 30TH, 2022

Press release

Paris, November 4th, 2022

STRONG RESULTS IN Q3 22

Good business performance with revenues up +2.3% vs. Q3 21 driven by the resilience of French Retail Banking, strong growth in International Retail Banking and in Financial Services, and a robust performance from Global Markets and Financing & Advisory

Good cost control, limited increase in operating expenses (+1.5% vs. Q3 21 published, +2.0% underlying)

Improvement in the underlying cost to income ratio, excluding contribution to the Single Resolution Fund, **at 60.7%**⁽¹⁾ (vs. 61.8%⁽¹⁾ in Q3 21)

Cost of risk contained at 31 basis points, with around two-thirds consisting of prudent provisioning on performing loans, the level of defaults remaining low at ~10 basis points

Underlying Group net income of EUR 1.4 billion⁽¹⁾ (EUR 1.5 billion on a reported basis)

Underlying profitability (ROTE) of 10.5%⁽¹⁾ (11.2% on a reported basis)

EXCELLENT UNDERLYING PERFORMANCE IN 9M 22

Underlying Group net income of EUR 4.5 billion⁽¹⁾ (EUR 858 million on a reported basis), up +11.2% vs. 9M 21

Underlying cost to income ratio, excluding contribution to the Single Resolution Fund, of 59.6%⁽¹⁾ at end-September, now expected below 64% for 2022

Underlying profitability (ROTE) of 10.4%⁽¹⁾ (1.3% on a reported basis)

STRENGTHENED CAPITAL POSITION AND ROBUST BALANCE SHEET

CET 1 ratio of 13.1%⁽²⁾ at end-September 2022, up 13 basis points vs. end-June 2022⁽³⁾ and around 380 basis points above the regulatory requirement

CONTINUED ORDERLY EXECUTION OF STRATEGIC INITIATIVES

Merger of retail banking networks in France: all regulatory approvals obtained and legal merger date confirmed at January 1st, 2023

Successful finalisation of the partnership between Boursorama and ING in France: onboarding of around two-thirds of eligible customers to the partnership, i.e. 315,000 customers, and transfer of nearly EUR 8.5 billion of outstandings

Acquisition of Leaseplan by ALD: approval process on track, rights issue expected before the end of the year and closing of the acquisition expected during the first quarter of 2023

ESG ambition: acceleration of the decarbonisation of our loan portfolios

Fréderic Oudéa, the Group's Chief Executive Officer, commented:

"In an increasingly complex geopolitical and economic environment, Societe Generale posts, once again, excellent results, with both a very solid commercial performance and profitability. The third quarter is marked by increasing revenues, continued control of operating expenses and a contained cost of risk, while maintaining a prudent provisioning policy. We continue to make good progress on the execution of our strategic initiatives, with several major milestones achieved, notably on the merger of the retail banking networks in France and the finalisation of the partnership between Boursorama and ING. Furthermore, on September 30th, the Board of Directors decided that at the next General Meeting it would propose Slawomir Krupa as Board member to be my successor as Chief Executive Officer of the Group in May 2023. The coming months will enable us to continue to implement the strategic initiatives underway, which would ensure sustainable growth and profitability, while together ensuring an effective and orderly transition."

⁽¹⁾ Underlying data (see methodology note No. 5 for the transition from accounting data to underlying data)

⁽²⁾ Phased-in ratio (fully-loaded ratio of 12.9%) (3) Excluding IFRS 9 phasing effect

The footnote * corresponds to data adjusted for changes in Group Structure and at constant exchange rates

		_						
In EURm	Q3 22	Q3 21	Cha	ange	9M 22	9M 21	Cha	ange
Net banking income	6,828	6,672	+2.3%	+3.7%*	21,174	19,178	+10.4%	+10.9%*
Operating expenses	(4,233)	(4,170)	+1.5%	+4.3%*	(14,020)	(13,025)	+7.6%	+8.9%*
Underlying operating expenses ⁽¹⁾	(4,358)	(4,272)	+2.0%	+4.8%*	(13,273)	(12,594)	+5.4%	+6.7%*
Gross operating income	2,595	2,502	+3.7%	+2.8%*	7,154	6,153	+16.3%	+14.9%*
Underlying gross operating income ⁽¹⁾	2,470	2,400	+2.9%	+1.9%*	7,901	6,584	+20.0%	+18.7%*
Net cost of risk	(456)	(196)	x 2.3	x 2.3*	(1,234)	(614)	x 2.0	+52.2%*
Operating income	2,139	2,306	-7.2%	-8.1%*	5,920	5,539	+6.9%	+9.3%*
Underlying operating income ⁽¹⁾	2,014	2,204	-8.6%	-9.5%*	6,667	5,970	+11.7%	+14.1%*
Net profits or losses from other assets	4	175	-97.7%	-97.7%*	(3,286)	186	n/s	n/s
Income tax	(396)	(699)	-43.4%	-43.4%*	(1,076)	(1,386)	-22.4%	-19.6%*
Net income	1,751	1,781	-1.7%	-2.8%*	1,566	4,343	-63.9%	-63.9%*
O.w. non-controlling interests	253	180	+40.6%	+37.3%*	708	489	+44.8%	+42.9%*
Reported Group net income	1,498	1,601	-6.4%	-7.3%*	858	3,854	-77.7%	-77.7%*
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	1,410	1,391	+1.4%	+0.3%*	4,489	4,038	+11.2%	+12.2%*
ROE	9.9%	11.1%			1.1%	8.7%		
ROTE	11.2%	12.7%			1.3%	10.0%		
Underlying ROTE ⁽¹⁾	10.5%	10.9%			10.4%	10.4%		
(1) Adjusted for exceptional items and linearise	ation of IFRIC 2	21	_				-	

1. GROUP CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

(1) Adjusted for exceptional items and linearisation of IFRIC 21

Societe Generale's Board of Directors, which met on November 3rd, 2022 under the chairmanship of Lorenzo Bini Smaghi, examined the Societe Generale Group's results for Q3 and 9M 2022.

The various restatements enabling the transition from underlying data to published data are presented in the methodology notes (section 10.5).

Net banking income

Net banking income continued to enjoy good momentum despite a more uncertain economic environment, with growth of +2.3% (+3.7%*) in Q3 22 vs. Q3 21.

French Retail Banking was resilient (+0.5% vs. Q3 21). Net banking income showed a healthy momentum on service fees and in private banking.

International Retail Banking & Financial Services' revenues rose +5.6% (+13.5%*) vs. Q3 21, driven by a very good quarter for ALD and International Retail Banking. The latter saw its activities grow +13.0%* vs. Q3 21. Financial Services' net banking income was substantially higher (+19.0%* vs. Q3 21) while Insurance net banking income increased by +2.1%* vs. Q3 21.

Global Banking & Investor Solutions continued to enjoy dynamic growth, with revenues up +6.4% (+3.9%*) vs. Q3 21. Global Markets & Investor Services was higher (+11.2%, 5.2%*) than in Q3 21 while Financing & Advisory activities increased by +7.0% (+1.5%*) vs. Q3 21.

In 9M 22, the Group posted robust revenue growth of +10.4% (+10.9%*) vs. 9M 21, with growth in all the businesses.

Operating expenses

In Q3 22, operating expenses totalled EUR 4,233 million on a reported basis and EUR 4,358 million on an underlying basis (restated for transformation costs and the linearisation of IFRIC 21), an increase of +2.0% vs. Q3 21.

In 9M 22, underlying operating expenses were up +5.4% vs. 9M 21 at EUR 13,273 million (EUR 14,020 million on a reported basis). This rise can be explained primarily by the higher contribution to the Single Resolution Fund (EUR +208 million), the increase in the variable elements of employee remuneration including the Global Employee Share Ownership Plan (EUR +142 million) and currency effects (EUR +165 million). Excluding these variable elements, the increase in other expenses was limited at EUR 164 million vs. 9M 21 (+1.3%).

Overall, underlying gross operating income increased by 2.9% in Q3 22 to EUR 2,470 million and the underlying cost to income ratio, excluding the Single Resolution Fund, decreased to 60.7%.

In 9M 22, underlying gross operating income was substantially higher (+20.0% vs. 9M 21) at EUR 7,901 million.

Cost of risk

The cost of risk remained contained at 31 basis points in Q3 22, or EUR 456 million. It breaks down into a provision on non-performing loans which remains limited at EUR 154 million (~10 basis points), and an additional provision on performing loans of EUR 302 million (21 basis points).

In 9M 2022, the cost of risk amounted to 29 basis points.

Offshore exposure to Russia was reduced to EUR 2.3 billion of EAD (Exposure At Default) at September 30th, 2022. Exposure at risk on this portfolio is estimated at less than EUR 1 billion. The total associated provisions were EUR 452 million at end-September 2022.

Moreover, at end-September 2022, the Group's residual exposure in relation to Rosbank amounted to around EUR 0.1 billion, corresponding mainly to guarantees and letters of credit that were recognised under intra-group exposure before the disposal of Rosbank.

The Group's provisions on performing loans amounted to EUR 3,754 million at end-September, an increase of EUR 399 million in 2022.

The non-performing loans ratio amounted to $2.7\%^{(1)}$ at September 30^{th} , 2022, down ~10 basis points vs. June 30^{th} , 2022. The Group's gross coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings was stable at $50\%^{(2)}$ at September 30^{th} , 2022.

The cost of risk is still expected to be between 30 and 35 basis points in 2022.

⁽¹⁾ NPL ratio calculated according to the EBA methodology published on July 16th, 2019

⁽²⁾ Ratio between S3 provisions and the gross book value of non-performing loans before offsetting of guarantees and collateral

Group net income

In EURm	Q3 22	Q3 21	9M 22	9M 21
Reported Group net income	1,498	1,601	858	3,854
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	1,410	1,391	4,489	4,038
In EURm	Q3 22	Q3 21	9M 22	9M 21
ROTE	11.2%	12.7%	1.3%	10.0%
Underlying ROTE ⁽¹⁾	10.5%	10.9%	10.4%	10.4%
(1) Adjusted for exceptional items and linearisation of IEDIC 21				

(1) Adjusted for exceptional items and linearisation of IFRIC 21

Earnings per share amounts to EUR 0.55 in 9M 22 (EUR 4.02 in 9M 21). Underlying earnings per share amounts to EUR 4.68 over the same period (EUR 4.06 in 9M 21).

2. THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

Group **shareholders' equity** totalled EUR 66.3 billion at September 30th, 2022 (EUR 65.1 billion at December 31st, 2021). Net asset value per share was EUR 69.4 and tangible net asset value per share was EUR 61.5.

The consolidated balance sheet totalled EUR 1,594 billion at September 30th, 2022 (EUR 1,464 billion at December 31st, 2021). The net amount of customer loan outstandings at September 30th, 2022, including lease financing, was EUR 503 billion (EUR 488 billion at December 31st, 2021) – excluding assets and securities purchased under resale agreements. At the same time, customer deposits amounted to EUR 527 billion, vs. EUR 502 billion at December 31st, 2021 (excluding assets and securities sold under repurchase agreements).

At October 18th, 2022, the parent company had issued EUR 41.1 billion of medium/long-term debt, having an average maturity of 5.1 years and an average spread of 56 basis points (vs. the 6-month midswap, excluding subordinated debt). The subsidiaries had issued EUR 2.7 billion. In total, the Group had issued EUR 43.8 billion of medium/long-term debt.

The LCR (Liquidity Coverage Ratio) was well above regulatory requirements at 143% at end-September 2022 (143% on average in Q3), vs. 129% at end-December 2021. At the same time, the NSFR (Net Stable Funding Ratio) was at a level of 112% at end-September 2022.

The Group's **risk-weighted assets** (RWA) amounted to EUR 371.6 billion at September 30th, 2022 (vs. EUR 363.4 billion at end-December 2021) according to CRR2/CRD5 rules. Risk-weighted assets in respect of credit risk represent 83.6% of the total, at EUR 310.7 billion, up 1.9% vs. December 31st, 2021.

At September 30th, 2022, the Group's **Common Equity Tier 1** ratio stood at 13.1%, or around 380 basis points above the regulatory requirement. The CET1 ratio at September 30th, 2022 includes an effect of +15 basis points for phasing of the IFRS 9 impact. Excluding this effect, the fully-loaded ratio amounts to 12.9%. The Tier 1 ratio stood at 15.6% at end-September 2022 (15.9% at end-December 2021) and the total capital ratio amounted to 19.0% (18.8% at end-December 2021).

The **leverage ratio** stood at 4.2% at September 30th, 2022.

With a level of 32.4% of RWA and 8.6% of leverage exposure at end-September 2022, the Group's TLAC ratio is above the Financial Stability Board's requirements for 2022. At September 30th, 2022, the Group was also above its 2022 MREL requirements of 25.2% of RWA and 5.91% of leverage exposure.

The Group is rated by four rating agencies: (i) Fitch Ratings - long-term rating "A-", stable rating, senior preferred debt rating "A", short-term rating "F1" (ii) Moody's - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A1", stable outlook, short-term rating "P-1" (iii) R&I - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook; and (iv) S&P Global Ratings - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook, short-term rating "I - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook, short-term rating "P-1" (iii) R&I - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook, short-term rating "P-1" (iii) R&I - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook, short-term rating "I - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook, short-term rating "A-1".

3. FRENCH RETAIL BANKING

		-				
In EURm	Q3 22	Q3 21	Change	9M 22	9M 21	Change
Net banking income	2,176	2,165	+0.5%	6,620	6,268	+5.6%
Net banking income excl. PEL/CEL	2,123	2,152	-1.3%	6,473	6,250	+3.6%
Operating expenses	(1,523)	(1,502)	+1.4%	(4,756)	(4,560)	+4.3%
Underlying operating expenses ⁽¹⁾	(1,579)	(1,545)	+2.2%	(4,700)	(4,517)	+4.0%
Gross operating income	653	663	-1.5%	1,864	1,708	+9.1%
Underlying gross operating income ⁽¹⁾	597	620	-3.7%	1,920	1,751	+9.7%
Net cost of risk	(196)	(8)	x 24.5	(264)	(145)	+82.1%
Operating income	457	655	-30.2%	1,600	1,563	+2.4%
Net profits or losses from other assets	3	(2)	n/s	6	2	× 3.0
Reported Group net income	343	470	-27.0%	1,195	1,136	+5.2%
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	301	439	-31.3%	1,237	1,167	+5.9%
RONE	10.7%	15.8%		12.9%	12.6%	
Underlying RONE ⁽¹⁾	9.4%	14.8%		13.4%	12.9%	

(1) Including PEL/CEL provision and adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

NB: including Private Banking activities as per Q1 22 restatement (France and international), includes other businesses transferred following the disposal of Lyxor

Societe Generale and Crédit du Nord networks

Average loan outstandings were 3.7% higher than in Q3 21 at EUR 215 billion.

Home loan outstandings rose +3.5% vs. Q3 21. Outstanding loans to corporate and professional customers were 4% higher than in Q3 21.

Average outstanding balance sheet deposits including BMTN (negotiable medium-term notes) continued to rise (+1.5% vs. Q3 21) to EUR 243 billion.

As a result, the average loan/deposit ratio stood at 88% in Q3 22 vs. 87% in Q3 21.

Life insurance assets under management totalled EUR 109 billion at end-September 2022, unchanged year-on-year (with the unit-linked share accounting for 32%). Gross life insurance inflow amounted to EUR 1.8 billion in Q3 22.

Personal protection insurance premiums were up +8% vs. Q3 21 and property/casualty insurance premiums were up +4% vs. Q3 21.

Boursorama

The bank consolidated its position as the leading online bank in France, with more than 4.3 million clients at end-September 2022 (+40% vs. Q3 21), thanks to the onboarding of 365,000 new clients in Q3 22 (x2.2 vs. Q3 21).

Average outstanding loans rose +21% vs. Q3 21 to EUR 15 billion. Home loan outstandings were up +20% vs. Q3 21, while consumer loan outstandings climbed +28% vs. Q3 21.

Average outstanding savings including deposits and financial savings were 32% higher than in Q3 21 at EUR 46 billion, with deposits increasing by +37% vs. Q3 21. Brokerage recorded more than 1.5 million transactions in Q3 22.

The exclusive offering reserved for ING customers ended successfully on September 30th. The customer acquisition rate was 63% or around 315,000 ING customers out of the 500,000 eligible customers. They consist mainly of affluent customers. The outstandings collected total around EUR 8.5 billion and consist mainly of life insurance outstandings.

Private Banking

Private Banking activities, which were transferred to French Retail Banking at the beginning of 2022, cover the activities in France and internationally. Assets under management totalled EUR 146 billion at end-September. Net inflow totalled EUR 1.3 billion in Q3 22. Net banking income amounted to EUR 325 million in Q3 22 (+11.5% vs. Q3 21).

Net banking income

Q3 22: revenues totalled EUR 2,176 million, up +0.5% vs. Q3 21 including PEL/CEL, due to good commercial activity. Net interest income and other revenues, including PEL/CEL, was down -4.5% vs. Q3 21, impacted primarily by the higher rate on regulated savings accounts and a time lag effect in the rise in rates on new home loans due to the usury rate. Fees increased by +6.5% vs. Q3 21, driven by the sharp rise in service fees and the performance of financial fees.

9M 22: revenues totalled EUR 6,620 million, up +5.6% vs. 9M 21, including PEL/CEL. Net interest income and other revenues, including PEL/CEL, was up +4.6% vs. 9M 21. Fees were 6.8% higher than in 9M 21, benefiting from the strong growth in service fees.

Operating expenses

Q3 22: operating expenses totalled EUR 1,523 million (+1.4% vs. Q3 21) and EUR 1,579 million on an underlying basis (+2.2% vs. Q3 21). The cost to income ratio stood at 70%, an increase of 0.6 points vs. Q3 21.

9M 22: operating expenses totalled EUR 4,756 million (+4.3% vs. 9M 21). The cost to income ratio stood at 72%, down 1 point vs. 9M 21.

Cost of risk

Q3 22: the commercial cost of risk amounted to EUR 196 million or 32 basis points, including in particular EUR 123 million on performing loans (20 basis points). It was higher than in Q3 21 (1 basis point).

9M 22: the commercial cost of risk amounted to EUR 264 million or 14 basis points, higher than in 9M 21 (8 basis points).

Contribution to Group net income

Q3 22: the contribution to Group net income was EUR 343 million in Q3 22, down 27.0% vs. Q3 21 (EUR 470 million in Q3 21). RONE (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge) stood at 9.4% in Q3 22 (10.9% excluding Boursorama).

9M 22: the contribution to Group net income was EUR 1,195 million, up +5.2% vs. 9M 21. RONE (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge) stood at 13.4% in 9M 22.

In EURm	Q3 22	Q3 21	Cha	ange	9M 22	9M 21	Cha	inge
Net banking income	2,226	2,107	+5.6%	+13.5%*	6,753	5,958	+13.3%	+17.9%*
Operating expenses	(1,006)	(1,015)	-0.9%	+10.6%*	(3,234)	(3,115)	+3.8%	+9.5%*
Underlying operating expenses ⁽¹⁾	(1,037)	(1,039)	-0.2%	+11.1%*	(3,203)	(3,091)	+3.6%	+9.3%*
Gross operating income	1,220	1,092	+11.7%	+16.1%*	3,519	2,843	+23.8%	+26.8%*
Underlying gross operating income $^{(1)}$	1,189	1,068	+11.3%	+15.8%*	3,550	2,867	+23.8%	+26.8%*
Net cost of risk	(150)	(145)	+3.4%	+7.3%*	(572)	(408)	+40.2%	-4.6%*
Operating income	1,070	947	+13.0%	+17.4%*	2,947	2,435	+21.0%	+35.5%*
Net profits or losses from other assets	2	4	-50.0%	-50.0%*	12	10	+20.0%	+19.3%*
Reported Group net income	624	584	+6.8%	+13.2%*	1,718	1,498	+14.7%	+29.4%*
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	606	570	+6.3%	+12.8%*	1,736	1,512	+14.8%	+29.4%*
RONE	23.8%	22.6%			21.4%	19.7%		
Underlying RONE ⁽¹⁾	23.1%	22.1%	_		21.7%	19.9%	_	

4. INTERNATIONAL RETAIL BANKING & FINANCIAL SERVICES

(1) Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

International Retail Banking's outstanding loans totalled EUR 86.7 billion, up +6.2%* vs. Q3 21. Outstanding deposits were slightly higher (+0.8%*) than in Q3 21, at EUR 80.9 billion.

For the Europe scope, outstanding loans were up +5.9%* vs. end-September 2021 at EUR 62.7 billion, driven by a positive momentum in the Czech Republic (+9.1%*) and in Romania (+8.6%*). Outstanding deposits declined -1.7%* to EUR 54.3 billion. The good momentum in Romania and Western Europe was offset by a slowdown in the Czech Republic notably due to a shift towards financial savings.

In Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories, outstanding loans confirmed their rebound, with an increase of $+7.0\%^*$. Outstanding deposits continued to enjoy a good momentum, up $+6.2\%^*$.

In the Insurance business, life insurance outstandings totalled EUR 130 billion at end-September 2022. The share of unit-linked products in outstandings was still high at 35%, stable vs. September 2021. Gross life insurance savings inflow amounted to EUR 2,573 million in Q3 22 in a highly volatile market. The share of unit-linked products remained high at 39% in Q3 22. Protection insurance saw an increase of +2.8%* vs. Q3 21, with a good momentum for property/casualty insurance premiums.

Financial Services also enjoyed a very good momentum. Operational Vehicle Leasing and Fleet Management posted growth of +5.2% vs. end-September 2021 and the number of contracts totalled 1.8 million. Equipment Finance outstanding loans were slightly higher (+0.5%) than at end-September 2021, at EUR 14.5 billion (excluding factoring).

Net banking income

Net banking income amounted to EUR 2,226 million in Q3 22, up +13.5%* vs. Q3 21. Revenues amounted to EUR 6,753 million in 9M 22, up +17.9%* vs. 9M 21.

International Retail Banking's net banking income totalled EUR 1,260 million in Q3 22, up +13.0%*. International Retail Banking's net banking income totalled EUR 3,873 million in 9M 22, up +12.6%* vs. 9M 21.

Revenues in Europe climbed +14.5%* vs. Q3 21, due primarily to substantial growth in net interest income (+16.2%* vs. Q3 21), driven by the Czech Republic (+41.1%* vs. Q3 21) and Romania (+20.1%* vs. Q3 21).

The Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories scope posted revenues up +10.5%* vs. Q3 21 at EUR 485 million, driven by all the entities.

The Insurance business posted net banking income up $+2.1\%^*$ vs. Q3 21, at EUR 247 million. The Insurance business' net banking income was $5.1\%^*$ higher in 9M 22 than in 9M 21 at EUR 749 million.

Financial Services' net banking income was substantially higher (+19.0%*) than in Q3 21, at EUR 719 million. This performance is due primarily at ALD level to a good commercial momentum, a strong used car sale result (EUR 3,149 per vehicle in 9M 22), a depreciation adjustment and, to a lesser extent, the transfer to hyperinflation accounting for activities in Turkey. Financial Services' net banking income totalled EUR 2,131 million in 9M 22, up +35.0%* vs. 9M 21.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses increased by $+11.1\%^{*(1)}$ vs. Q3 21 to EUR 1,037 million⁽¹⁾, resulting in a positive jaws effect. The cost to income ratio (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge) stood at $46.6\%^{(1)}$ in Q3 22, lower than in Q3 21 ($49.3\%^{(1)}$). Operating expenses totalled EUR 3,203 million⁽¹⁾ in 9M 22, up $+9.3\%^{*(1)}$ vs. 9M 21.

In International Retail Banking, operating expenses were up +6.2%^{*(1)} vs. Q3 21.

In the **Insurance** business, operating expenses rose +5.7%⁽¹⁾ vs. Q3 21, with a cost to income ratio (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge) of 38.7%⁽¹⁾.

In **Financial Services**, operating expenses increased by $+26.9\%^{*(1)}$ vs. Q3 21. This rise is due in particular to the recognition in Q3 22 of charges related to the preparation of the acquisition of Leaseplan.

Cost of risk

In Q3 22, the cost of risk was higher at 47 basis points (EUR 150 million), vs. 43 basis points in Q3 21.

On 9M 22, the cost of risk amounted to 56 basis points (EUR 572 million). It was 41 basis points in 9M 21.

Contribution to Group net income

The contribution to Group net income totalled EUR 606 million⁽¹⁾ in Q3 22, up +12.8%^{*(1)} vs. Q3 21. The contribution to Group net income totalled EUR 1,736 million⁽¹⁾ in 9M 22 (+29.4%^{*(1)} vs. 9M 21).

Underlying RONE stood at 23.1% in Q3 22 and 21.7% in 9M 22. Underlying RONE was 18.4% in International Retail Banking and 28.0% in Financial Services and Insurance in Q3 22.

5. GLOBAL BANKING & INVESTOR SOLUTIONS

In EURm	Q3 22	Q3 21	Vari	ation	9M 22	9M 21	Vari	ation
Net banking income	2,312	2,172	+6.4%	+3.9%*	7,630	6,671	+14.4%	+12.4%*
Operating expenses	(1,428)	(1,457)	-2.0%	-2.7%*	(5,165)	(4,848)	+6.5%	+6.4%*
Underlying operating expenses ⁽¹⁾	(1,613)	(1,578)	+2.2%	+1.6%*	(4,980)	(4,727)	+5.3%	+5.2%*
Gross operating income	884	715	+23.6%	+16.6%*	2,465	1,823	+35.2%	+27.4%*
Underlying gross operating income $^{(1)}$	699	594	+17.6%	+9.6%*	2,650	1,944	+36.3%	+28.9%*
Net cost of risk	(80)	(44)	+81.8%	+58.6%*	(343)	(62)	x 5.5	× 5.1*
Operating income	804	671	+19.8%	+13.6%*	2,122	1,761	+20.5%	+13.7%*
Reported Group net income	629	544	+15.6%	+10.1%*	1,673	1,397	+19.8%	+13.2%*
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	486	451	+7.8%	+1.6%*	1,816	1,490	+21.9%	+15.6%*
RONE	16.7%	15.0%			15.3%	13.5%		
Underlying RONE ⁽¹⁾	12.9%	12.5%			16.6%	14.4%		

(1) Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

NB: excluding Private Banking activities as per Q1 22 restatement (France and International). Excludes businesses transferred following the disposal of Lyxor

Net banking income

Global Banking & Investor Solutions delivered a very solid performance in Q3, with revenues of EUR 2,312 million, up +6.4% vs. Q3 21.

Revenues increased substantially in 9M 22, +14.4% vs. 9M 21 (EUR 7,630 million vs. EUR 6,671 million).

In Global Markets & Investor Services, net banking income totalled EUR 1,505 million in Q3 22 (+11.2% vs. Q3 21). It amounted to EUR 5,212 million in 9M 22, +18.6% vs. 9M 21.

Global Markets turned in a strong performance in Q3 22 (EUR 1,344 million), up +12.1% vs. Q3 21, benefiting from dynamic commercial activity in a still volatile environment. Revenues were higher in 9M 22 (+18.8%) than in 9M 21 at EUR 4,637 million.

The Equity activity delivered a solid performance in Q3 (EUR 806 million, +1.0% vs. Q3 21), driven by a sustained high client demand in both flow activities and investment solutions. Revenues were up +9.6% in 9M 22 vs. 9M 21 at EUR 2,649 million.

Fixed Income & Currency activities posted substantially higher revenues (+34.2% vs. Q3 21) at EUR 538 million in a volatile rate environment. Revenues increased to EUR 1,988 million in 9M 22 (+33.8% vs. 9M 21).

Securities Services saw its revenues increase +3.9% vs. Q3 21, to EUR 161 million. Revenues were up +17.3% in 9M 22 vs. 9M 21 at EUR 575 million. Securities Services' assets under custody and assets under administration amounted to EUR 4,275 billion and EUR 598 billion respectively.

Financing & Advisory posted revenues of EUR 807 million, up +7.0% vs. Q3 21. They amounted to EUR 2,418 million in 9M 22, significantly higher (+14.7%) than in 9M 21.

The Global Banking & Advisory business, slightly lower (-1.4% vs. Q3 21), continued to capitalise on the good market momentum in Asset Finance and activities related to Natural Resources. These performances were also driven by the strategy focused on Environmental, Social and Governance criteria. The Asset-Backed Products platform also showed good resilience in Q3. In contrast, Investment Banking was negatively impacted by current market conditions and the decline in volumes.

Global Transaction and Payment Services continued to experience very high growth, up +50.0% vs. Q3 21. It was a record quarter as a result of a very good performance in all activities, particularly Cash Management and Correspondent Banking.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses totalled EUR 1,428 million in Q3 22, -2.0% lower than in Q3 21 on a reported basis, and slightly higher (+2.2%) on an underlying basis. The increase on an underlying basis can be explained primarily by the rise of EUR 64 million in linearised IFRIC 21 charges in Q3.

With a positive jaws effect, the underlying cost to income ratio excluding the contribution to the Single Resolution Fund improved to 63.0%.

Operating expenses were up +6.5% on a reported basis and +5.3% on an underlying basis in 9M 22.

Cost of risk

The cost of risk amounted to 17 basis points (or EUR 80 million) in Q3 22, with cost of risk amounting to EUR 43 million on the Russian offshore portfolio.

It stood at 26 basis points (or EUR 343 million) in 9M 22 given the provisioning on the Russian offshore portfolio (EUR 303 million).

Contribution to Group net income

The contribution to Group net income was EUR 629 million on a reported basis (+15.6% vs. Q3 21) and EUR 486 million on an underlying basis in Q3 22. It was EUR 1,673 million on a reported basis and EUR 1,816 million on an underlying basis in 9M 22.

Global Banking & Investor Solutions posted an underlying RONE of 12.9% in Q3 22 and 16.1% excluding the contribution to the Single Resolution Fund (vs. 14.6% in Q3 21). The underlying RONE was 16.6% in 9M 22 vs. 14.4% in 9M 21.

6. CORPORATE CENTRE

In EURm	Q3 22	Q3 21	9M 22	9M 21
Net banking income	114	228	171	281
Operating expenses	(276)	(196)	(865)	(502)
Underlying operating expenses ⁽¹⁾	(129)	(110)	(390)	(259)
Gross operating income	(162)	32	(694)	(221)
Underlying gross operating income ⁽¹⁾	(15)	118	(219)	22
Net cost of risk	(30)	1	(55)	1
Net profits or losses from other assets	(1)	173	(3,304)	174
Income tax	152	(166)	485	(6)
Reported Group net income	(98)	3	(3,728)	(177)
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	16	(69)	(299)	(132)

(1) Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

The Corporate Centre includes:

- the property management of the Group's head office,
- the Group's equity portfolio,
- the Treasury function for the Group,
- certain costs related to cross-functional projects as well as certain costs incurred by the Group not re-invoiced to the businesses.

The Corporate Centre's net banking income totalled EUR 114 million in Q3 22 vs. EUR +228 million in Q3 21, and EUR +171 million in 9M 22 vs. EUR +281 million in 9M 21.

Operating expenses totalled EUR 276 million in Q3 22 vs. EUR 196 million in Q3 21. They include the Group's transformation costs for a total amount of EUR 160 million relating to the activities of French Retail Banking (EUR 100 million), Global Banking & Investor Solutions (EUR 24 million) and the Corporate Centre (EUR 36 million). Underlying costs came to EUR 129 million in Q3 22 compared to EUR 110 million in Q3 21.

In 9M 22, operating expenses totalled EUR 865 million vs. EUR 502 million in 9M 21. Transformation costs totalled EUR 462 million (EUR 301 million for the activities of French Retail Banking, EUR 63 million for Global Banking & Investor Solutions and EUR 98 million for the Corporate Centre). Underlying costs came to EUR 390 million in 9M 22 compared to EUR 259 million in 9M 21.

Gross operating income totalled EUR -162 million in Q3 22 vs. EUR 32 million in Q3 21. Underlying gross operating income came to EUR -15 million in Q3 22 vs. EUR 118 million in Q3 21. In 9M 22, gross operating income was EUR -694 million on a reported basis (vs. EUR -221 million in 9M 21) and EUR -219 million on an underlying basis (vs. EUR 22 million in 9M 21).

The Corporate Centre's contribution to Group net income was EUR -98 million in Q3 22 vs. EUR 3 million in Q3 21. The Corporate Centre's contribution to Group net income on an underlying basis was EUR 16 million. In 9M 22, the contribution to Group net income was EUR -3,728 million on a reported basis and EUR -299 million on an underlying basis.

7. 2022 AND 2023 FINANCIAL CALENDAR

2022 and 2023 Financial communication calendar

February 8 th , 2023	Fourth quarter and FY 2022 results
May 12 th ,2023	First quarter 2023 results
May 23 rd , 2023	2023 General Meeting
August 3 rd , 2023	Second quarter 2023 results

The Alternative Performance Measures, notably the notions of net banking income for the pillars, operating expenses, IFRIC 21 adjustment, cost of risk in basis points, ROE, ROTE, RONE, net assets, tangible net assets, and the amounts serving as a basis for the different restatements carried out (in particular the transition from published data to underlying data) are presented in the methodology notes, as are the principles for the presentation of prudential ratios.

This document contains forward-looking statements relating to the targets and strategies of the Societe Generale Group.

These forward-looking statements are based on a series of assumptions, both general and specific, in particular the application of accounting principles and methods in accordance with IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) as adopted in the European Union, as well as the application of existing prudential regulations.

These forward-looking statements have also been developed from scenarios based on a number of economic assumptions in the context of a given competitive and regulatory environment. The Group may be unable to:

- anticipate all the risks, uncertainties or other factors likely to affect its business and to appraise their potential consequences;

- evaluate the extent to which the occurrence of a risk or a combination of risks could cause actual results to differ materially from those provided in this document and the related presentation.

Therefore, although Societe Generale believes that these statements are based on reasonable assumptions, these forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including matters not yet known to it or its management or not currently considered material, and there can be no assurance that anticipated events will occur or that the objectives set out will actually be achieved. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results anticipated in the forward-looking statements include, among others, overall trends in general economic activity and in Societe Generale's markets in particular, regulatory and prudential changes, and the success of Societe Generale's strategic, operating and financial initiatives.

More detailed information on the potential risks that could affect Societe Generale's financial results can be found in the section "Risk Factors" in our Universal Registration Document filed with the French Autorité des Marchés Financiers (which is available on https://investors.societegenerale.com/en).

Investors are advised to take into account factors of uncertainty and risk likely to impact the operations of the Group when considering the information contained in such forward-looking statements. Other than as required by applicable law, Societe Generale does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information or statements. Unless otherwise specified, the sources for the business rankings and market positions are internal.

8. APPENDIX 1: FINANCIAL DATA

GROUP NET INCOME BY CORE BUSINESS

In EURm	Q3 22	Q3 21	Variation	9M 22	9M 21	Variation
French Retail Banking	343	470	-27.0%	1,195	1,136	+5.2%
International Retail Banking and Financial Services	624	584	+6.8%	1,718	1,498	+14.7%
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	629	544	+15.6%	1,673	1,397	+19.8%
Core Businesses	1,596	1,598	-0.1%	4,586	4,031	+13.8%
Corporate Centre	(98)	3	n/s	(3,728)	(177)	n/s
Group	1,498	1,601	-6.4%	858	3,854	-77.7%

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

In EUR m	30.09.2022	31.12.2021
Cash, due from central banks	200,834	179,969
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	396,846	342,714
Hedging derivatives	30,998	13,239
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	41,337	43,450
Securities at amortised cost	20,281	19,371
Due from banks at amortised cost	77,736	55,972
Customer loans at amortised cost	513,138	497,164
Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	(1,514)	131
Investments of insurance companies	158,923	178,898
Tax assets	4,500	4,812
Other assets	112,517	92,898
Non-current assets held for sale	6	27
Deferred profit-sharing	982	-
Investments accounted for using the equity method	115	95
Tangible and intangible fixed assets	33,048	31,968
Goodwill	3,794	3,741
Total	1,593,541	1,464,449

In EUR m	30.09.2022	31.12.2021
Due to central banks	9,392	5,152
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	367,483	307,563
Hedging derivatives	44,641	10,425
Debt securities issued	125,189	135,324
Due to banks	149,785	139,177
Customer deposits	534,732	509,133
Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	(8,984)	2,832
Tax liabilities	1,735	1,577
Other liabilities	134,535	106,305
Non-current liabilities held for sale	-	1
Insurance contracts related liabilities	140,452	155,288
Provisions	4,907	4,850
Subordinated debts	17,601	15,959
Total liabilities	1,521,468	1,393,586
Shareholder's equity	-	-
Shareholders' equity, Group share	-	-
Issued common stocks and capital reserves	21,497	21,913
Other equity instruments	7,676	7,534
Retained earnings	34,622	30,631
Net income	858	5,641
Sub-total	64,653	65,719
Unrealised or deferred capital gains and losses	1,658	(652)
Sub-total equity, Group share	66,311	65,067
Non-controlling interests	5,762	5,796
Total equity	72,073	70,863
Total	1,593,541	1,464,449

9. APPENDIX 2: METHODOLOGY

1 -The financial information presented for the third quarter and the first nine months of 2022 was examined by the Board of Directors on November 3rd, 2022 and has been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted in the European Union and applicable at that date. This information has not been audited.

2 - Net banking income

The pillars' net banking income is defined on page 41 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document. The terms "Revenues" or "Net Banking Income" are used interchangeably. They provide a normalised measure of each pillar's net banking income taking into account the normative capital mobilised for its activity.

3 - Operating expenses

Operating expenses correspond to the "Operating Expenses" as presented in note 8.1 to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31st, 2021 (pages 482 et seq. of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document). The term "costs" is also used to refer to Operating Expenses. The Cost/Income Ratio is defined on page 41 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document.

4 - IFRIC 21 adjustment

The IFRIC 21 adjustment corrects the result of the charges recognised in the accounts in their entirety when they are due (generating event) so as to recognise only the portion relating to the current quarter, i.e. a quarter of the total. It consists in smoothing the charge recognised accordingly over the financial year in order to provide a more economic idea of the costs actually attributable to the activity over the period analysed.

The contributions to **Single Resolution Fund (« SRF »)** are part of IFRIC21 adjusted charges, they include contributions to national resolution funds within the EU.

5 - Exceptional items - Transition from accounting data to underlying data

It may be necessary for the Group to present underlying indicators in order to facilitate the understanding of its actual performance. The transition from published data to underlying data is obtained by restating published data for exceptional items and the IFRIC 21 adjustment.

Moreover, the Group restates the revenues and earnings of the French Retail Banking pillar for PEL/CEL provision allocations or write-backs. This adjustment makes it easier to identify the revenues and earnings relating to the pillar's activity, by excluding the volatile component related to commitments specific to regulated savings.

The reconciliation enabling the transition from published accounting data to underlying data is set out in the table below:

in EUR m	Q3 22	Q3 21	9M 22	9M 21
Exceptional operating expenses (-)	(125)	(102)	747	431
IFRIC linearisation	(285)	(199)	285	199
Transformation costs ⁽¹⁾	160	97	462	232
Of which related to French Retail Banking	100	46	301	106
Of which related to Global Banking & Investor Solutions	24	23	63	66
Of which related to Corporate Centre	36	28	98	60
Exceptional Net profit or losses from other assets (+/-)	0	(185)	3,303	(185)
Net losses from the disposal of Russian activities $^{\scriptscriptstyle (1)}$	0		3,300	
Lyxor disposal ⁽¹⁾	0		3	
Total exceptional items (pre-tax)	(125)	(287)	4,050	246
Reported Net income - Group Share	1,498	1,601	858	3,854
Total exceptional items - Group share (post-tax)	(88)	(211)	3,631	184
Underlying Net income - Group Share	1,410	1,391	4,489	4,038
(1) Allocated to Corporate Centre				-

17

6 - Cost of risk in basis points, coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings

The cost of risk is defined on pages 43 and 663 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document. This indicator makes it possible to assess the level of risk of each of the pillars as a percentage of balance sheet loan commitments, including operating leases.

In EURm		Q3 22	Q3 21	9M 22	9M 21
	Net Cost Of Risk	196	8	264	145
French Retail Banking	Gross loan Outstandings	246,467	234,980	244,941	234,525
	Cost of Risk in bp	32	1	14	8
International Retail Banking and Financial Services	Net Cost Of Risk	150	145	572	408
	Gross loan Outstandings	127,594	134,725	136,405	132,088
	Cost of Risk in bp	47	43	56	41
	Net Cost Of Risk	80	44	343	62
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	Gross loan Outstandings	190,678	149,761	179,454	144,456
	Cost of Risk in bp	17	12	26	7
	Net Cost Of Risk	30	(1)	55	(1)
Corporate Centre	Gross loan Outstandings	15,924	14,244	15,093	13,589
	Cost of Risk in bp	75	(1)	49	(1)
	Net Cost Of Risk	456	196	1,234	614
Societe Generale Group	Gross loan Outstandings	580,663	533,711	575,893	524,659
	Cost of Risk in bp	31	15	29	16

The **gross coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings** is calculated as the ratio of provisions recognised in respect of the credit risk to gross outstandings identified as in default within the meaning of the regulations, without taking account of any guarantees provided. This coverage ratio measures the maximum residual risk associated with outstandings in default ("doubtful").

7 - ROE, ROTE, RONE

The notions of ROE (Return on Equity) and ROTE (Return on Tangible Equity), as well as their calculation methodology, are specified on page 43 and 44 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document. This measure makes it possible to assess Societe Generale's return on equity and return on tangible equity.

RONE (Return on Normative Equity) determines the return on average normative equity allocated to the Group's businesses, according to the principles presented on page 44 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document.

Group net income used for the ratio numerator is book Group net income adjusted for "interest net of tax payable on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, interest paid to holders of deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations" and "unrealised gains/losses booked under shareholders' equity, excluding conversion reserves". For ROTE, income is also restated for goodwill impairment.

Details of the corrections made to book equity in order to calculate ROE and ROTE for the period are given in the table below:

ROTE calculation: calculation methodology

Ajusted Group net Income

Average ROTE equity⁽³⁾

ROTE

ROTE Calculation. Calculation methodology				
End of period (in EURm)	Q3 22	Q3 21	9M 22	9M 21
Shareholders' equity Group share	66,311	63,638	66,311	63,638
Deeply subordinated notes	(9,350)	(7,820)	(9,350)	(7,820)
Undated subordinated notes	-		-	-
Interest of deeeply & undated subodinated notes, issue premium amortisations $^{\scriptscriptstyle (1)}$	(80)	(34)	(80)	(34)
OCI excluding conversion reserves	1,259	(613)	1,259	(613)
Distribution provision ⁽²⁾	(1,916)	(1,726)	(1,916)	(1,726)
Distribution N-1 to be paid	(334)	-	(334)	-
ROE equity end-of-period	55,891	53,445	55,891	53,445
Average ROE equity ⁽³⁾	55,264	52,947	54,922	52,219
Average Goodwill	(3,667)	(3,927)	(3,646)	(3,927)
Average Intangible Assets	(2,730)	(2,599)	(2,735)	(2,549)
Average ROTE equity ⁽³⁾	48,867	46,421	48,541	45,743
Group net Income	1,498	1,601	858	3,854
Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes	(126)	(130)	(404)	(439)
Cancellation of goodwill impairment	1	-	3	-

1,373

48,867

11.2%

457

48,541

1.3%

3,415

45,743

10.0%

(439)

-

10.4%

1,471

46,421

12.7%

1,410 4,489 4,038 Underlying Group net income 1,391 Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes (126)(130)(404)1 3 Cancellation of goodwill impairment -1,285 1,261 4,088 3,599 Ajusted Underlying Group net Income 48,779 46,210 52,172 45,927 Average ROTE equity (underlying)(3)

10.5% 10.9% 10.4% **Underlying ROTE** (1) Interest payable to holders of deeply subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations

(2) The distribution to be paid is calculated based on a pay-out ratio of 50% of the underlying Group net income, after deduction of deeply subordinated notes and on undated subordinated notes

(3) Amounts restated compared with the financial statements published in 2021 (See Note 1.7 of the financial statements)

RONE calculation: Average capital allocated to Core Businesses (in EURm)

In EURm	Q3 22	Q3 21	Change	9M 22	9M 21	Change
French Retail Banking	12,876	11,867	+8.5%	12,331	12,065	+2.2%
International Retail Banking and Financial Services	10,505	10,340	+1.6%	10,681	10,154	+5.2%
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	15,072	14,486	+4.0%	14,619	13,824	+5.8%
Core Businesses	38,453	36,693	+4.8%	37,631	36,042	+4.4%
Corporate Center	16,811	16,254	+3.4%	17,291	16,177	+6.9%
Group	55,264	52,947	+4.4%	54,922	52,219	+5.2%

NB: Amounts restated in Q1 22 to take into account the transfer of Private Banking activities (French and international) to the French Retail Banking. Includes activities transferred after the disposal of Lyxor

8 - Net assets and tangible net assets

Net assets and tangible net assets are defined in the methodology, page 46 of the Group's 2022 Universal Registration Document. The items used to calculate them are presented below:

		_	
End of period (in EURm)	9M 22	H1 22	2021
Shareholders' equity Group share	66,311	64,583	65,067
Deeply subordinated notes	(9,350)	(8,683)	(8,003)
Undated subordinated notes			
Interest of deeeply & undated subodinated notes, issue premium amortisations $^{\scriptscriptstyle(1)}$	(80)	(8)	20
Bookvalue of own shares in trading portfolio	(125)	(222)	37
Net Asset Value	56,756	55,669	57,121
Goodwill	(3,667)	(3,667)	(3,624)
Intangible Assets	(2,788)	(2,672)	(2,733)
Net Tangible Asset Value	50,301	49,330	50,764
Number of shares used to calculate NAPS ⁽²⁾	817,789	831,045	831,162
Net Asset Value per Share	69.4	67.0	68.7
Net Tangible Asset Value per Share	61.5	59.4	61.1

Net Tangible Asset Value per Share

(1) Interest payable to holders of deeply subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations

(2) The number of shares considered is the number of ordinary shares outstanding as at end of period, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group.

In accordance with IAS 33, historical data per share prior to the date of detachment of a preferential subscription right are restated by the adjustment coefficient for the transaction.

9 - Calculation of Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The EPS published by Societe Generale is calculated according to the rules defined by the IAS 33 standard (see page 45 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document). The corrections made to Group net income in order to calculate EPS correspond to the restatements carried out for the calculation of ROE and ROTE. As specified on page 45 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document, the Group also publishes EPS adjusted for the impact of non-economic and exceptional items presented in methodology note No. 5.

The calculation of Earnings Per Share is described in the following table:

Average number of shares (thousands)	9M 22	H1 22	2021
Existing shares	844,376	842,540	853,371
Deductions			
Shares allocated to cover stock option plans and free shares awarded to staff	6,050	6,041	3,861
Other own shares and treasury shares	10,566	5,416	3,249
Number of shares used to calculate EPS ⁽¹⁾	827,760	831,084	846,261
Group net Income	858	(640)	5,641
Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes	(404)	(278)	(590)
Adjusted Group net income (in EURm)	454	(918)	5,051
EPS (in EUR)	0.55	(1.10)	5.97
Underlying EPS ⁽²⁾ (in EUR)	4.68	2.87	5.52

(1) The number of shares considered is the average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group.

(2) Calculated on the basis of underlying Group net income (excluding linearisation of IFRIC 21).

10 - **The Societe Generale Group's Common Equity Tier 1 capital** is calculated in accordance with applicable CRR2/CRD5 rules. The fully loaded solvency ratios are presented pro forma for current earnings, net of dividends, for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. When there is reference to phased-in ratios, these do not include the earnings for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. The leverage ratio is also calculated according to applicable CRR2/CRD5 rules including the phased-in following the same rationale as solvency ratios.

NB (1) The sum of values contained in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the total reported due to rounding rules.

(2) All the information on the results for the period (notably: press release, downloadable data, presentation slides and supplement) is available on Societe Generale's website www.societegenerale.com in the "Investor" section.

Societe Generale

Societe Generale is one of the leading European financial services groups. Based on a diversified and integrated banking model, the Group combines financial strength and proven expertise in innovation with a strategy of sustainable growth. Committed to the positive transformations of the world's societies and economies, Societe Generale and its teams seek to build, day after day, together with its clients, a better and sustainable future through responsible and innovative financial solutions.

Active in the real economy for over 150 years, with a solid position in Europe and connected to the rest of the world, Societe Generale has over 117,000 members of staff in 66 countries and supports on a daily basis 25 million individual clients, businesses and institutional investors around the world by offering a wide range of advisory services and tailored financial solutions. The Group is built on three complementary core businesses:

- French Retail Banking which encompasses the Societe Generale, Credit du Nord and Boursorama brands. Each offers a full range of financial services with omnichannel products at the cutting edge of digital innovation;
- International Retail Banking, Insurance and Financial Services, with networks in Africa, Central and Eastern Europe and specialised businesses that are leaders in their markets;
- Global Banking and Investor Solutions, which offers recognised expertise, key international locations and integrated solutions.

Societe Generale is included in the principal socially responsible investment indices: DJSI (Europe), FTSE4Good (Global and Europe), Bloomberg Gender-Equality Index, Refinitiv Diversity and Inclusion Index, Euronext Vigeo (Europe and Eurozone), STOXX Global ESG Leaders indexes, and the MSCI Low Carbon Leaders Index (World and Europe).

In case of doubt regarding the authenticity of this press release, please go to the end of <u>Societe Generale's newsroom page</u> where official Press Releases sent by Societe Generale can be certified using blockchain technology. A link will allow you to check the document's legitimacy directly on the web page.

Key figures as of 30 June 2022.

For more information, you can follow us on Twitter *@societegenerale* or visit our website <u>www.societegenerale.com</u>.