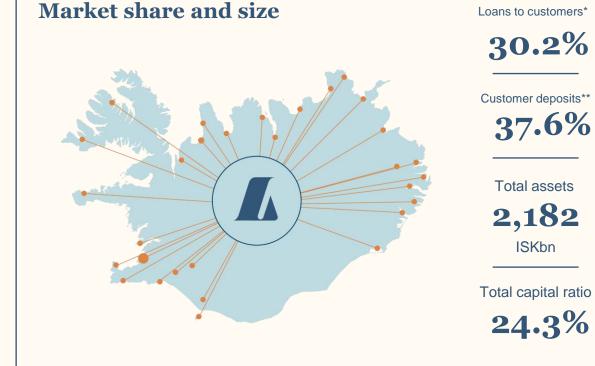


2024 results

Lilja Björk Einarsdóttir	Hreiðar Bjarnason
CEO	CFO

Landsbankinn - largest commercial bank in Iceland





Credit rating S&P Global **BBB+/A-2** with positive outlook





Low risk

*Market share in lending to credit institutions **Market share in deposits with deposit institutions Source: Central Bank of Iceland, 30 November 2024

Well funded bank delivers robust results

Profit	Return on equity 12.1%	Cost-income ratio (C/T) 32.4%
37-5 ISKbn	Net interest income	Net fee & commission income +2.3%
Total lending 1,807 ISKbn	Total deposits 1,228 ISKbn	Equity 325 ISKbn

Return on equity (ROE) is 12.1% and all financial goals for 2024 were attained.

Net interest income remains stable between years and the net interest margin decreases from 3% to 2.7%.

Net fee & commission income is up by ISK 252 million between years.

Operating expenses rise in tandem with changing price levels and the Bank's **cost-income ratio** remains low.

Net impairment charges were ISK 2.8 billion, with ISK 2.7 billion attributable to the impact of natural disaster in Grindavík. Loans in arrears remain low.

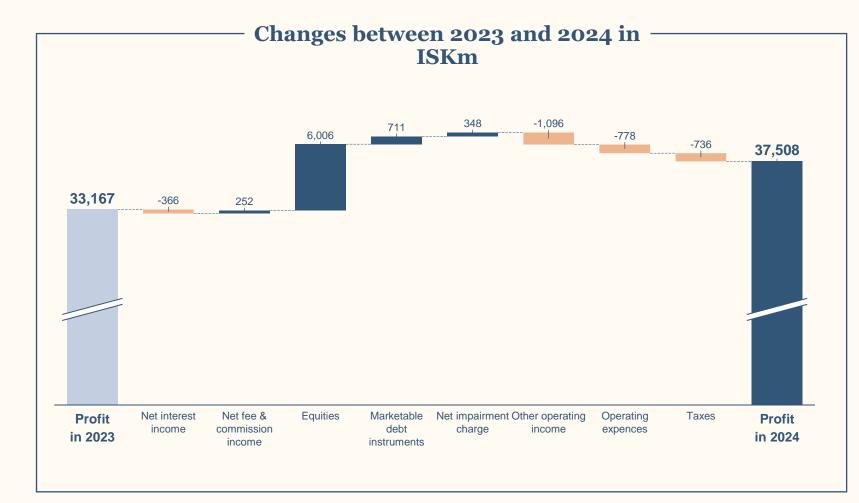
Total lending grew by ISK 177 billion, or 10.8%. The corporate loan book grew by ISK 109 billion, while loans to retail customers increased by ISK 68 billion.

Funding was successful in 2024, with increased diversification of borrowing. Total issuance grew by ISK 35 billion and customer deposits by ISK 180 billion during the year.

The Bank's **credit rating** was raised to BBB+ in the first part of the year and the outlook revised from stable to positive in the latter half.

The Bank's **capital position is strong** and its total capital ratio is 390 bps above the 20.4% regulatory requirement.

Sound credit portfolio and broad service base key to solid results



Net **interest income** decreases by 0.6% between years while net **fee and commission income** grows by 2.3%.

Positive returns on **equities** in 2024 following negative results in 2023 account for the largest yearover-year change in profit.

Returns on **marketable debt instruments** amounted to ISK 7.7 billion, a 10% increase between years.

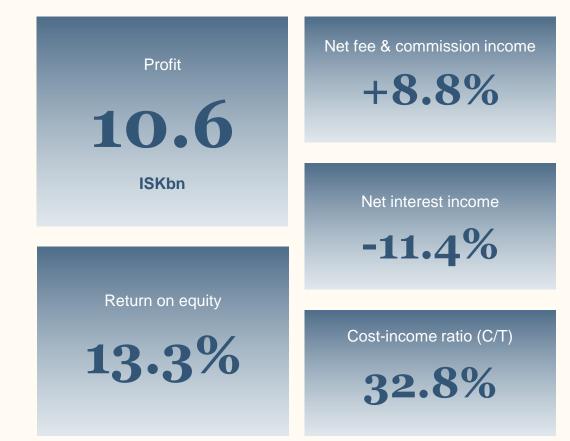
Net impairment charges were negative by ISK 2.8 billion. This is less impairment than in 2023, when the charge was negative by ISK 3.1 billion.

Increased **tax contributions** are the result of improved performance. Total taxes paid in 2024 amounted to ISK 17.2 billion, thereof ISK 3.4 billion as a special tax on financial undertakings.

Dividends paid to owners amount to ISK 16.5 billion during the year.

Strong fourth quarter

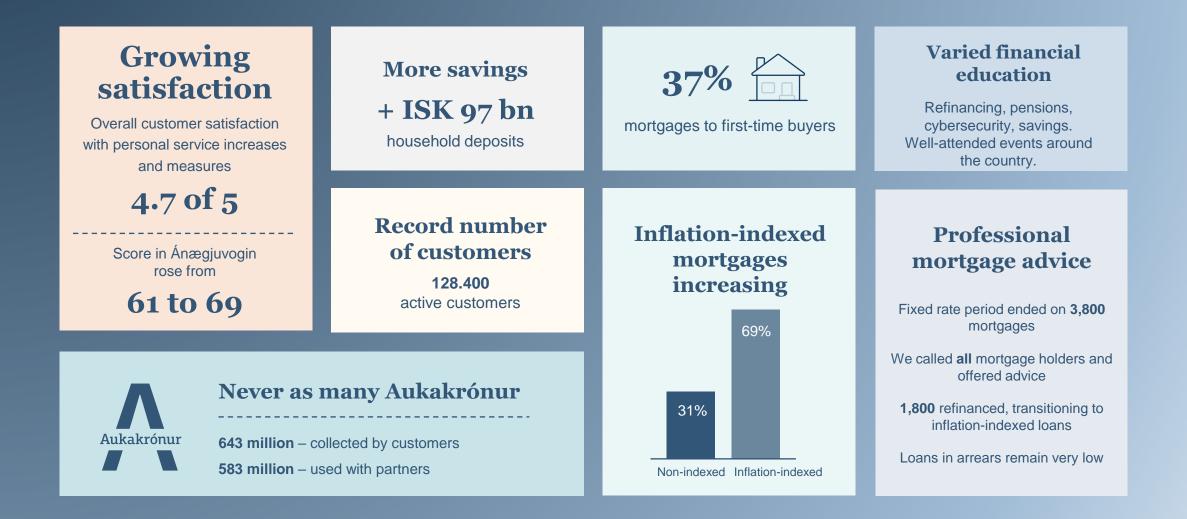
Increased fee and commission income in the quarter are the result of growing activity across all the Bank's divisions, with improved returns on securities assets also contributing.





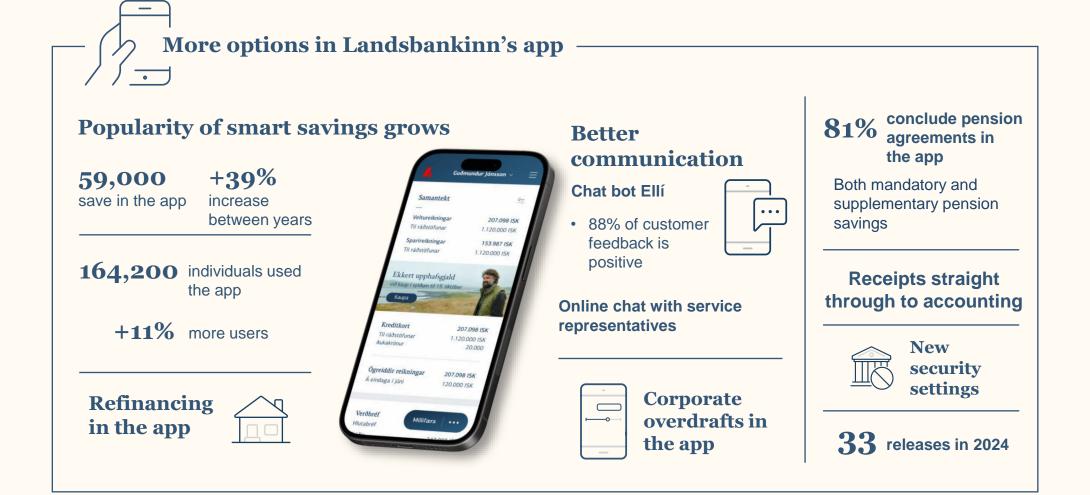


Simplify life with accessible and secure service





Growing use of ever-better app

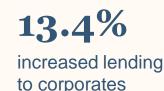




Businesses bank with us

Strong in the corporate market

ISK 109 bn increased lending to corporates



Leading in construction financing

37 large construction projects

70 smaller construction projects



financed residential appartments

Acquiring swipes the market





Around the country and around the clock





2024 a successful year in funding

Increased diversification and more favourable terms achieved during the year.

Strong deposit growth reflects customer trust in the Bank. Customer deposits now exceed 1.2228 +180 ISKbn





Increased economy of scale and operating efficiencies

Broader service base, growing balance sheet and fewer FTEs





Landsbankinn og TM – better together

TM tryggingar hf.



- TM tryggingar hf. (TM) is the third largest insurance company in Iceland with around ISK 19.6 billion in income from insurance contracts in 2023.
- TM offers extensive insurance coverage in both life and non-life insurance.
- In 2023, TM held a 21% market share in Iceland and had the highest market share among corporates.

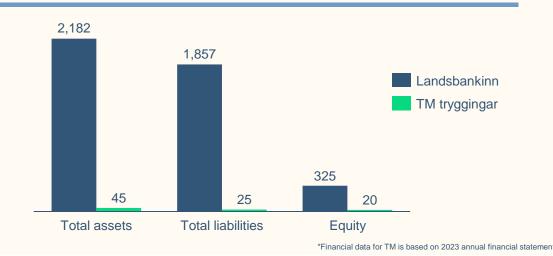
The acquisition

- An agreement providing for Landsbankinn's purchase of TM tryggingar hf. from Kvika Bank was signed 30 May 2024. The purchase price is ISK 28.6 billion, with the final consideration for the company subject to a closing adjustment on the date the Bank assumes operation of TM.
- The contractual purchase price is based on TM's balance sheet at year-end 2023 with the final consideration subject to a closing adjustment based on the tangible equity capital of TM as of 01.01.2024 to the delivery date.
- The purchase is subject to approval by the Icelandic Competition Authority. The Bank expects to assume operation of the company following such approval in the first half of 2025.

Opportunities



Key financials 31.12.2024 (ISKbn)*

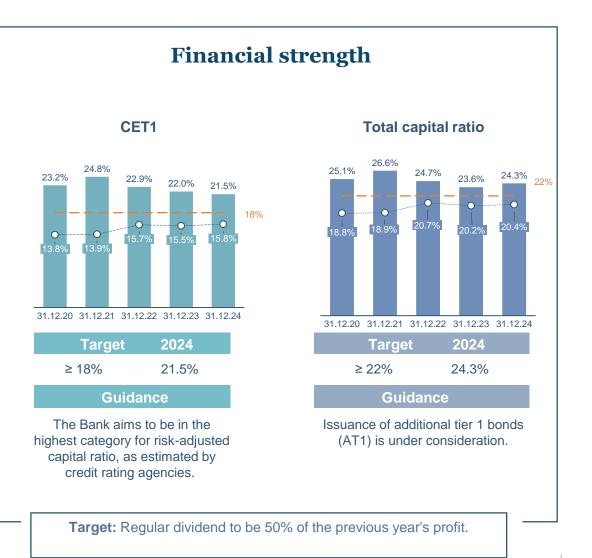


Financial targets and development of KPIs

Strong financial position and efficient operations







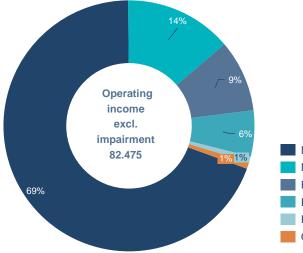
Income statement

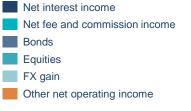
Income statement

	2024	2023	Chang	ge	Q4 2024	Q4 2023	Chan	ge
Net interest income	57,197	57,559	-362	-1%	13,107	14,783	-1,676	-11%
Net fee and commission income	11,405	11,153	252	2%	3,337	3,066	271	9%
Net impairment changes	-2,772	-3,120	348	-11%	-754	-1,281	527	-41%
Other net operating income	13,873	8,256	5,617	68%	5,411	5,267	144	3%
Total operating income	79,703	73,848	5,855	8%	21,100	21,835	-735	-3%
Salaries and related expenses	16,534	15,866	668	4%	4,529	4,332	197	5%
Other operating expenses	10,202	10,092	110	1%	2,633	2,979	-346	-12%
Tax on liabilities of financial institutions	2,597	2,290	307	13%	642	527	115	22%
Total operating expenses	29,333	28,248	1,085	4%	7,804	7,838	-34	0%
Profit before tax	50,370	45,600	4,770	10%	13,296	13,997	-701	-5%
Income tax	12,862	12,433	429	3%	2,696	3,213	-517	-16%
Profit for the period	37,508	33,167	4,341	13%	10,600	10,784	-184	-2%

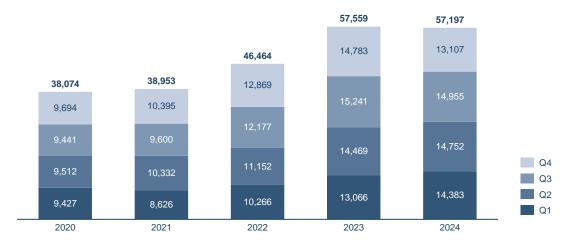
Net operating income

Negligible change in interest and commission income between years - increased returns from the Bank's securities assets

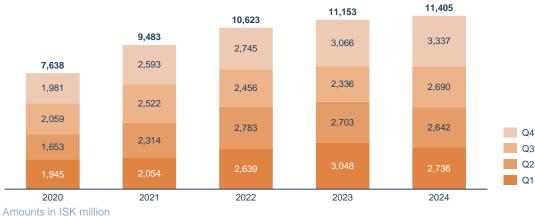




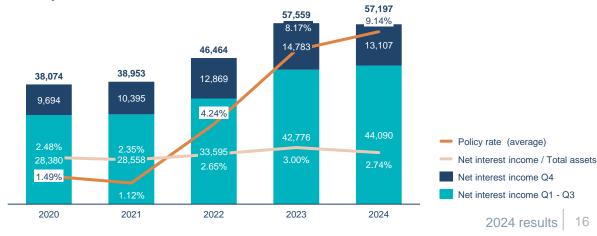
Net interest income



Net fee and commission income



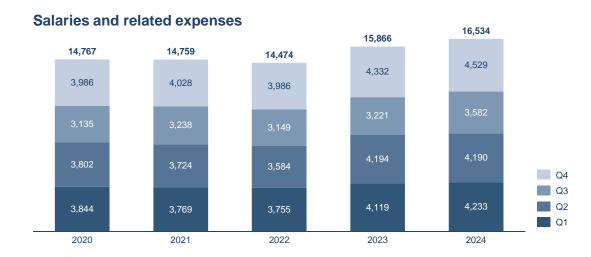
Policy rate and net interest income

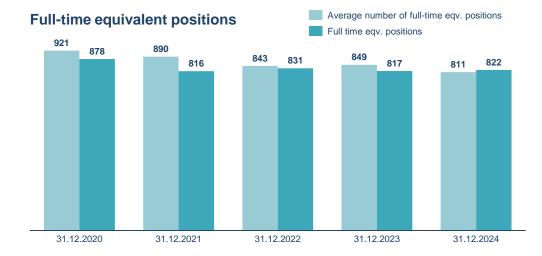


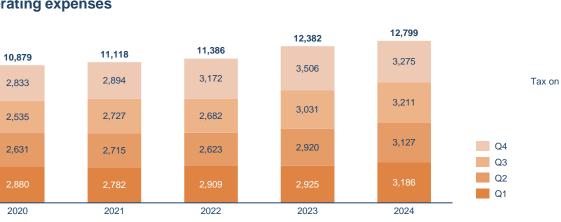
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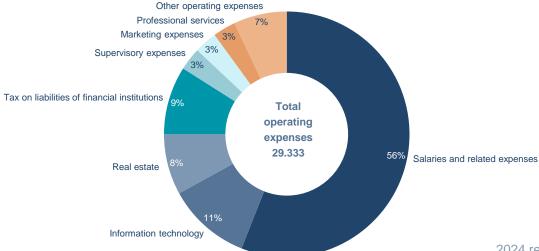
Operating expenses

Operational items increase by 4% between years yet decrease by 1% in real terms









Operating expenses

Taxes

Tax contributions rise in tandem with increased activity and temporary increase of the income tax

	2024	2023	Char	nge
Income tax ¹	10,106	9,692	414	4%
Special financial activities tax on profits ²	2,756	2,741	15	1%
Income tax	12,862	12,433	429	3%
Tax on liabilities of financial institutions ³	2,597	2,290	307	13%
Special financial activities tax on salaries ⁴	800	769	31	4%
Social security contributions ⁵	924	888	36	4%
Total taxes	17,183	16,380	803	5%

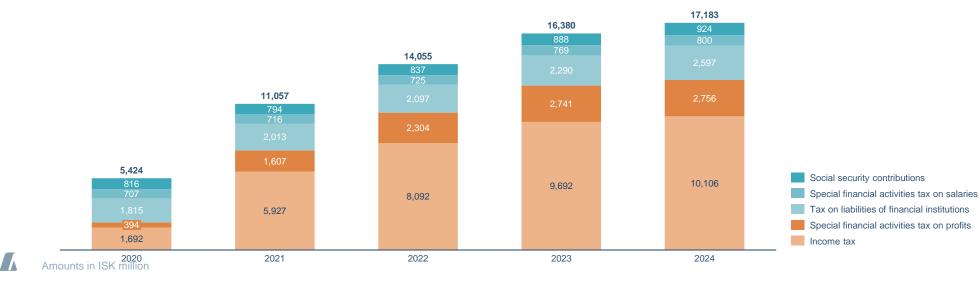
¹ General income tax on legal entities is 21% for the tax year 2024 (2023: 20%).

² 6% additional tax on a taxable income base in excess of ISK 1bn.

³ The special tax on financial undertakings is 0.145% based on the book value of liabilities at year-end, and is paid annually. The tax is levied on the book value of liabilities, including tax liabilities, in excess of ISK 50 billion. The special tax on financial undertakings comes under non-deductible income tax fees.

⁴ 5.5% tax on wages, entered as wages and related expenses in the annual financial statements.

⁵ 6.35% social security contributions, entered as wages and related expenses in the annual financial statements.

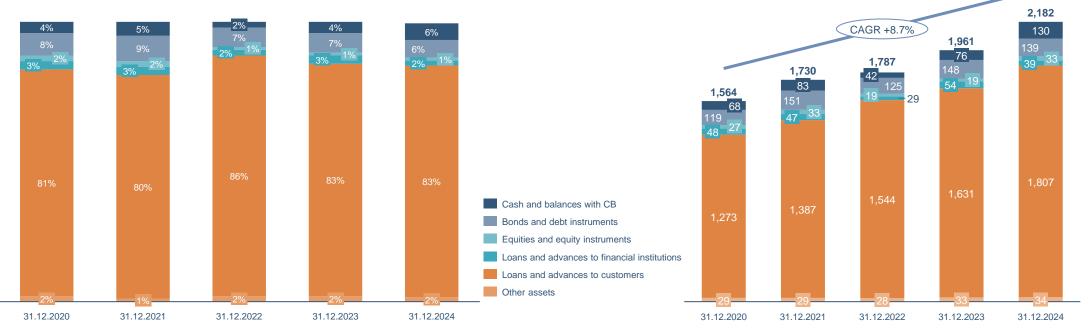


Balance sheet

Total assets Growth in lending to both households and corporates

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023	Cha	nge
Cash and balances with Central Bank	130	76	54	71%
Bonds and debt instruments	139	148	-9	-6%
Equities and equity instruments	33	19	14	74%
Loans and advances to financial institutions	39	54	-15	-28%
Loans and advances to customers	1,807	1,631	177	11%
Other assets	34	33	1	3%
Total	2,182	1,961	221	11%

- Lending to individuals increased by ISK 68 billion. Mortgage loans grew by 10%, or around ISK 73 billion.
- Lending to corporates increased by ISK 109 billion, having regard for negative exchange rate changes in the amount of ISK 8.0 billion.

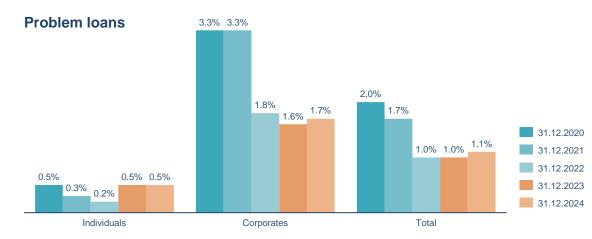


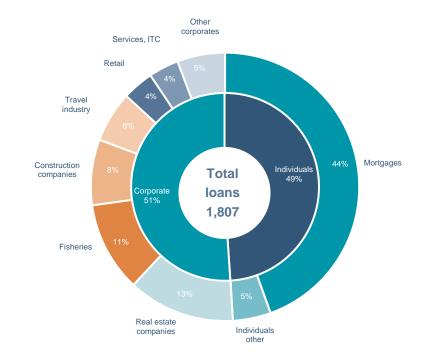
Loans

Major growth in inflation-indexed lending. Loans in arrears remain low for both individuals and corporates in historical terms, despite a slight increase on the corporate side

Total loan portfolio

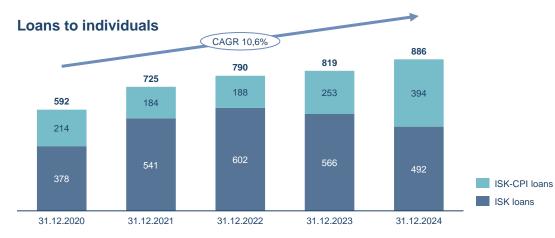


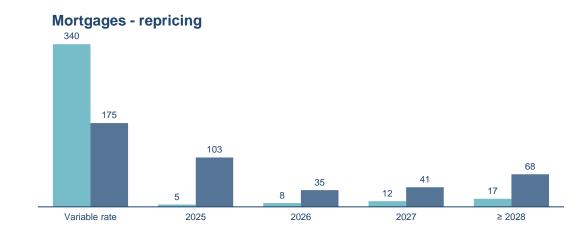




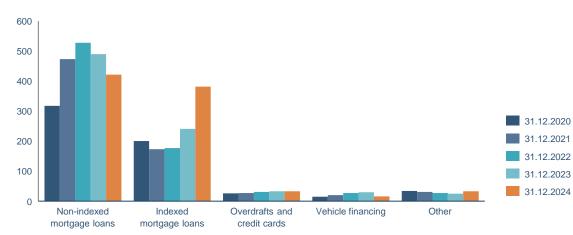
Loans to individuals

Significant increase in inflation-indexed mortgages alongside repayment and refinancing of non-indexed mortgages. Mortgage LTV ratios remain low

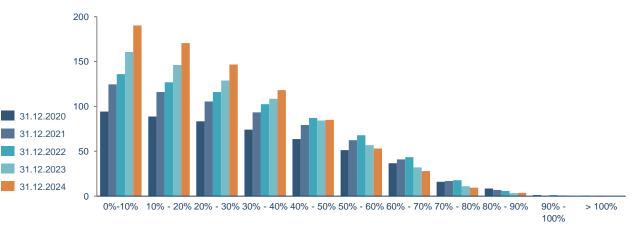




Loans to individuals by loan type



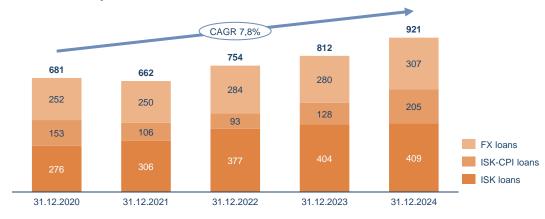
Continuous LTV distribution of mortgages



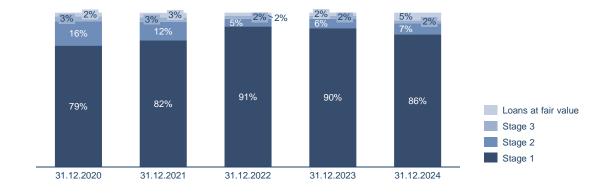
Loans to corporates

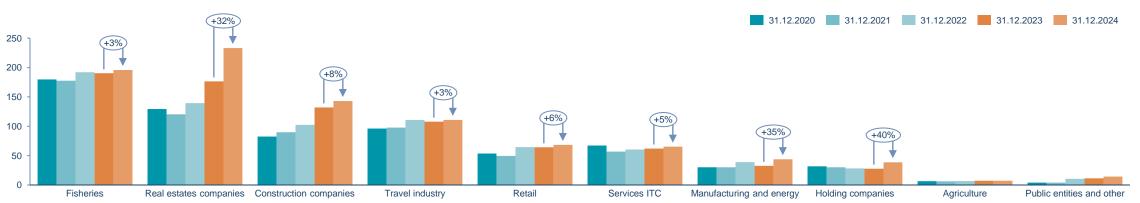
Growth in corporate lending across sectors. Lending to Fasteignafélagið Thórkatla accounts for part of the increase to real estate companies

Loans to corporates



Stage allocation of loans to corporates

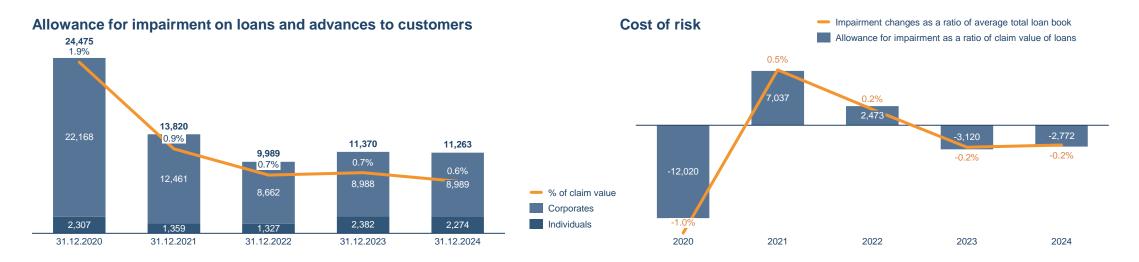


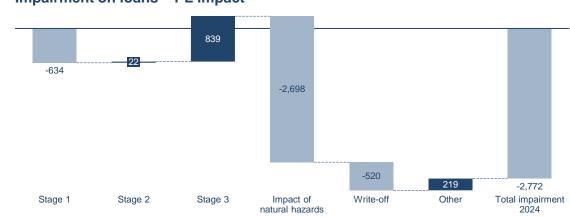


Loans to corporates by industry sector

Impairment on loans

Considerable impairment caused by natural hazard on the Reykjanes peninsula





Impairment on loans – PL impact

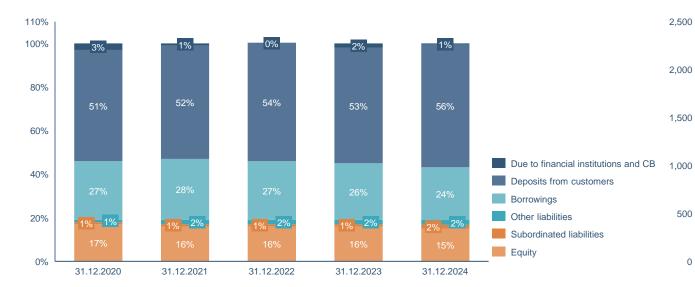
Loan staging

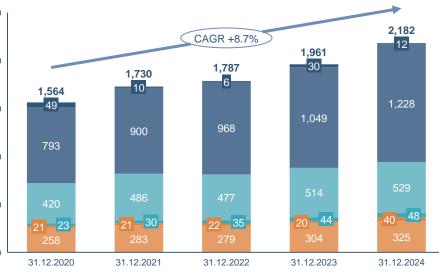
	Gross carryi	ng amount		wance for pairment	Carryi	ng amount
Stage 1	1,658	91.2%	2.1	0.1%	1,656	91.6%
Stage 2	92	5.1%	2.2	2.4%	90	5.0%
Stage 3	26	1.4%	6.4	24.1%	20	1.1%
Fair value	41	2.3%		0.0%	41	2.3%
Total	1,818	100%	10.7	0.6%	1,807	100%

Liabilities and equity Diversified funding and continued deposit growth

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023	С	hange
Due to financial institutions and CB	12	30	-18	-60%
Deposits from customers	1,228	1,049	180	17%
Borrowings	529	514	15	3%
Other liabilities	48	44	4	9%
Subordinated liabilities	40	20	20	100%
Equity	325	304	21	7%
Total	2,182	1,961	221	11%

- Customer deposits increased by ISK 180 billion from the beginning of the year.
- Net borrowings increased by ISK 15 billion, having regard for negative exchange rate changes in the amount of ISK 12.9 billion.





Deposits from customers

Continued deposit growth, mainly in non-indexed household deposits

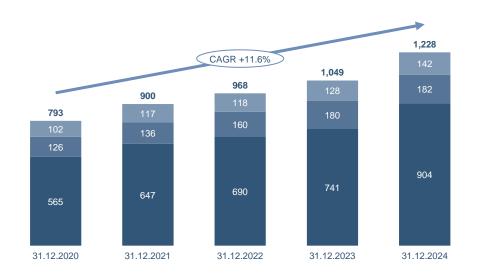
FX deposits

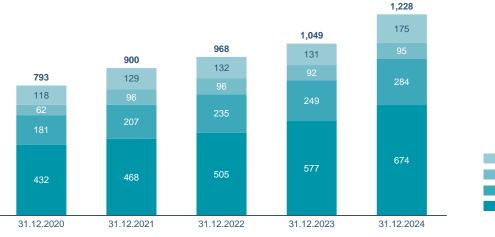
Other

Corporates Individuals

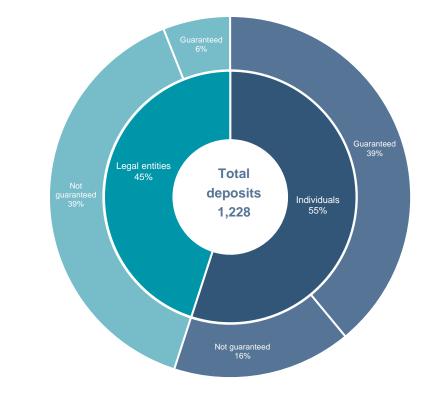
inancial institutions

ISK-CPI deposits



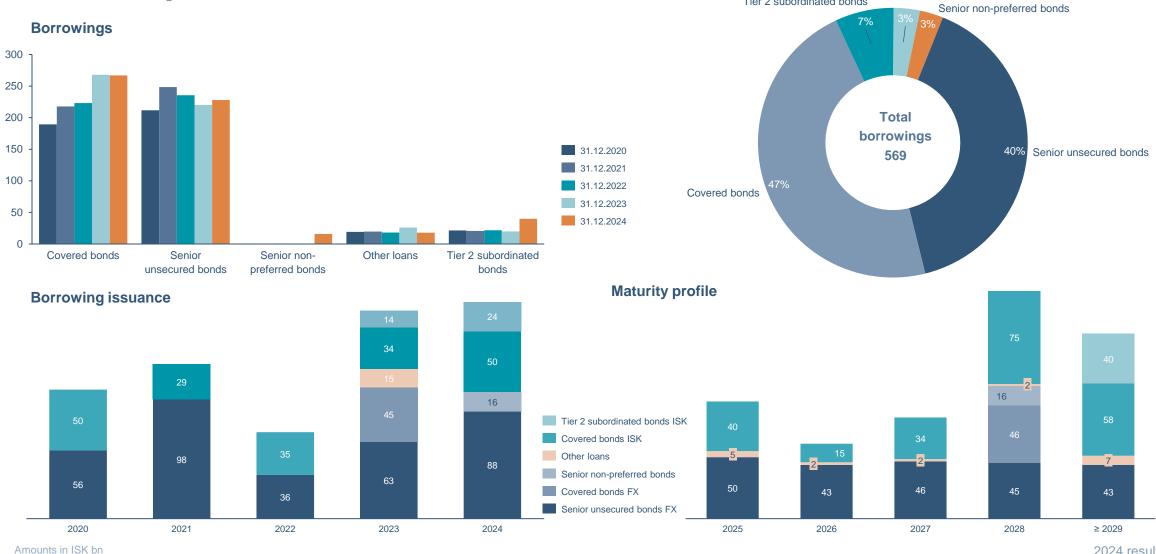


- Household deposits grew by ISK 97 billion from the end of the year, with total customer deposits increasing by ISK 180 billion during the period.
- Deposits have priority over senior unsecured claims in the winding-up of deposittaking institutions in Iceland. About 45% of total deposits are guaranteed under the Act on Deposit Guarantees and Investor-Compensation Scheme.



Borrowings

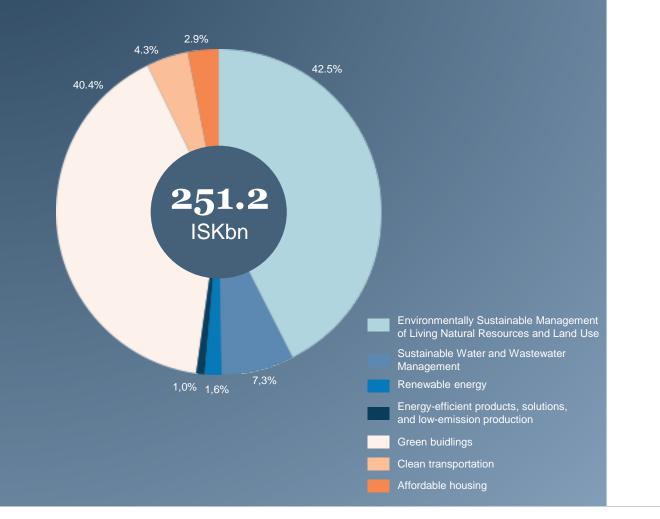
Successful first issuance by any Icelandic bank of senior non-preferred bonds in 2024, alongside new subordinated borrowing under Tier 2 capital





Eligible assets for sustainable projects

under the Sustainable Finance Framework



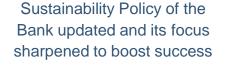
Main sustainability milestones



SCIENCE

TARGETS

BASED





International funding is



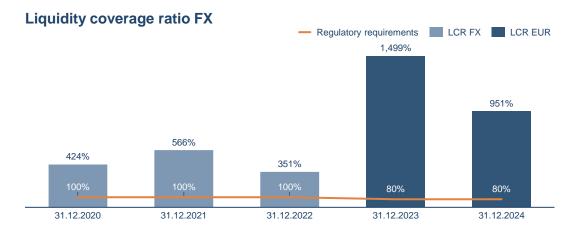
green

A3 rating 90 of 100



Liquidity ratio and net stable funding ratio Liquidity and funding ratios well above regulatory requirements









Net stable funding ratio

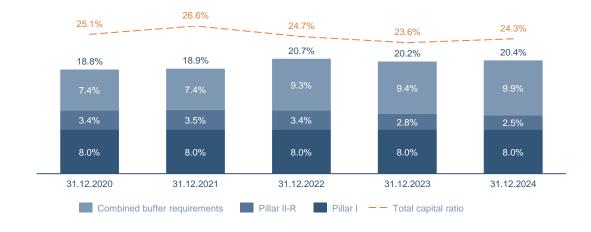
2024 results 29

Capital requirements Capital ratios well above regulatory requirements

	CET1	Tier 1	Total
Pillar I	4.5%	6.0%	8.0%
Pillar II-R	1.4%	1.9%	2.5%
Minimum requirement under Pillar I and Pillar II-R	5.9%	7.9%	10.5%
Systemic risk buffer	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%
Capital buffer for systematically important institutions	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Countercyclical capital buffer	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Capital conservation buffer	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Combined buffer requirements under Pillar II-G	9.9%	9.9%	9.9%
Total capital requirement	15.8%	17.8%	20.4%
Total capital ratio	21.5%	21.5%	24.3%

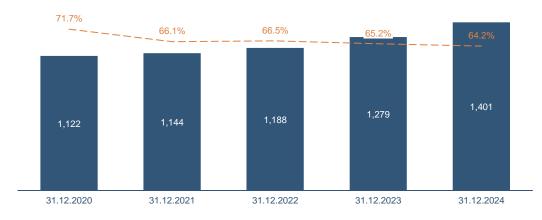
- The Group basis calculation of Pillar 1 capital requirements for lending and market risk on the standardised approach. The basic indicator approach is used to calculate operational risk. The Bank applies the dynamic approach in terms of the IFRS 9 transitional arrangements.
- On 16 March 2024, the countercyclical capital buffer increased from 2.0% to 2.5%.
- On 28 June 2024, the Financial Supervisory Authority of the Central Bank announced an additional capital requirement under Pillar II-R, a change from 2.8% to 2.5% of Landsbankinn's risk exposure amount (REA).
- On 3 Desember 2024 the Financial Stability Committy (FSC) decided to decrease the value of the systemic risk buffer (SRB) on domestic exposures from 3,0% to 2,0%. At the same time, the FSC decided to increase the value of the capital buffer for systematically important institutions (O-SII) from 2,0% to 3,0%.

Regulatory total capital requirement as a ratio of REA

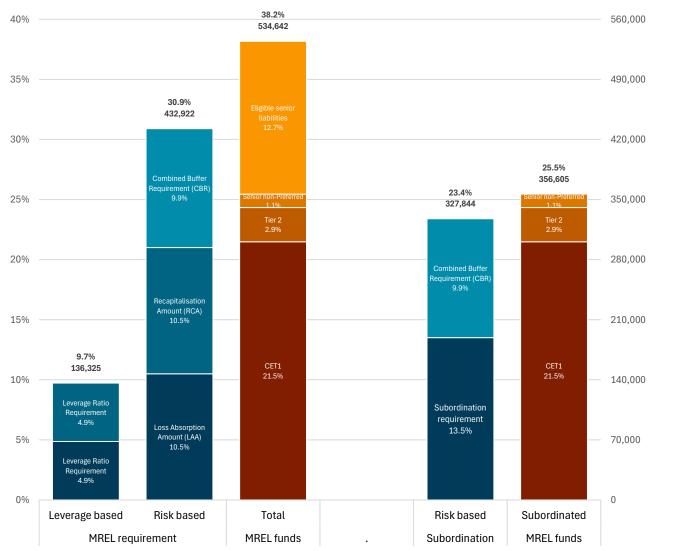


Risk exposure amount





Minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL) Landsbankinn's MREL funds are well above requirements



The most recent MREL decision of the Resolution Authority of the Central Bank of Iceland (RA of the CBI) is from October 2024 and, according to law, is the higher of either:

Risk-based:

2 x (Pillar I + Pillar II-R) + Combined buffer requirements (CBR)

Leverage-based:

2 x Minimum leverage ratio requirement (3.0% of total exposure amount)

The RA has introduced a special 13.5% MREL subordination requirement, in addition to the CBR, which must be fulfilled as of 4 October 2027.

At the end of 2024, Landsbankinn's MREL requirement is 30.9% of RWEA, or the equivalent of ISK 432.9 billion.

Landsbankinn's MREL funding totals ISK 534.6 billion at the end of 2024, or 38.2% of RWEA.

The MREL subordination requirement for Landsbankinn is 23.4% of RWEA, or the equivalent of ISK 327.8 billion at the end of 2024.

The Bank's MREL subordinated funding amounts to a total of ISK 356.6 billion at the end of 2024, or the equivalent of 25.5% of RWEA.

The EU's Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) was transposed into Icelandic law in 2020.

- The minimum requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL) is part of BRRD.
- The RA of the CBI determines the MREL requirement for Landsbankinn as a systematically important domestic institution (O-SII).

Dividends The Bank's dividend policy is to pay around 50% of last year's profit

Dividend proposal for 2025

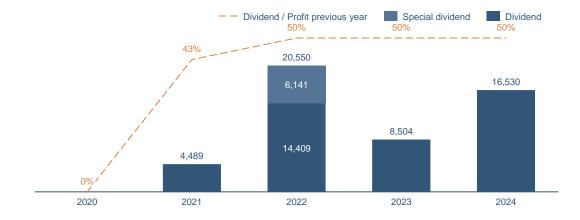
The Board of Directors intends to propose to the Annual General Meeting (AGM), that a dividend amounting to around 50% of the consolidated profit in 2024 will be paid to shareholders.

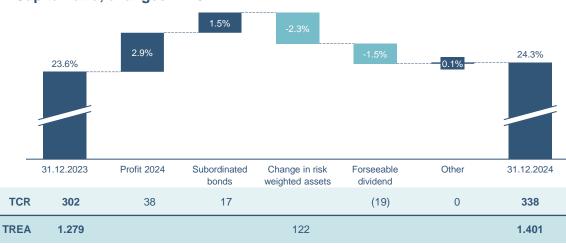
Dividend 2024

The 2024 AGM of Landsbankinn, held on 19 April, approved the motion of the Board of Directors to pay shareholders a dividend of ISK 0.70 per share for the fiscal year 2023 in two instalments. It was further approved that the dividend be paid in two equal instalments, each of ISK 0.35 per share. The first instalment was paid on 24 April 2024 and the latter was paid on 16 October 2024. The total dividend amounts to ISK 16,530 million.

Landsbankinn's dividend policy

- Landsbankinn aims to pay regular dividends to shareholders amounting in general to around 50% of the previous year's profit. To achieve Landsbankinn's target capital ratio, the aim is also to make special dividend payments to optimise the Bank's capital structure.
- In determining the amount of dividend payments, the Bank's continued strong financial position shall be ensured. Regard shall be had for risk in the Bank's internal and external environment, growth prospects and the maintenance of a long-term, robust equity and liquidity position, as well as compliance with regulatory requirements of financial standing at any given time.





Capital ratio, changes in 2024

Positive impact

on Icelandic society

Satisfied customers

Simplify life Find a way

Continuous development

Smarter activity Sound operation

Passion for success

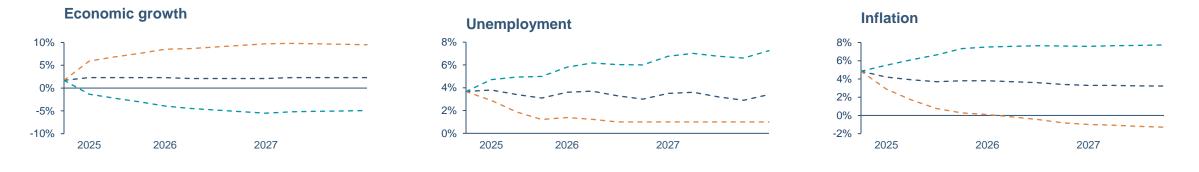
Enthusiasm for results Workplace of tomorrow



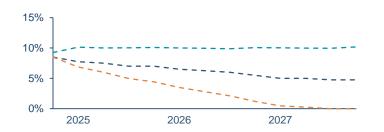


Economic scenarios for expected credit loss

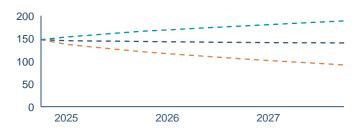
- Landsbankinn Economic Research prepares scenarios to support forecasts for important economic variables.
- These scenarios show key economic variables used to calculate expected credit loss (ECL) for stages 1 and 2.
- The forecasts show averages for the 12-month outlook and to the medium-term forecast horizon.
- In calculating ECL, the optimistic scenario is given 15% weight, the baseline 70% weight and the pessimistic scenario 15% weight (2023: 10%-70%-20%).



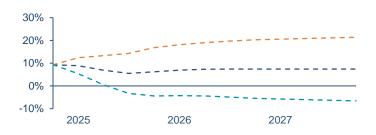
CBI's key rate (seven-day term deposits)











Key financial ratios

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023
Profit after taxes	37,508	33,167	16,997	28,919	10,521	10,600	10,787	8,965	7,156	10,784
Return on equity after taxes	12.1%	11.6%	6.3%	10.8%	4.3%	13.3%	14.0%	11.7%	9.3%	14.5%
Return on assets	1.8%	1.7%	1.0%	1.7%	0.7%	1.9%	2.0%	1.7%	1.4%	2.2%
Total assets	2,181,759	1,960,776	1,787,024	1,729,798	1,564,177	2,181,759	2,185,796	2,075,463	2,032,436	1,960,776
Net interest income	57,197	57,559	46,464	38,953	38,074	13,107	14,955	14,752	14,383	14,784
Interest spread as a ratio of average total assets	2.7%	3.0%	2.7%	2.3%	2.5%	2.4%	2.8%	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%
Loans / deposits ratio	147.1%	155.5%	159.6%	154.1%	160.5%	147.1%	146.5%	151.4%	151.1%	155.5%
Cost-income ratio	32.4%	33.7%	46.8%	43.2%	47.4%	32.8%	30.7%	32.5%	33.6%	31.6%
Operating expenses as a ratio of average total assets	1.3%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.6%	1.3%	1.1%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%
Total equity	324,649	303,754	279,091	282,645	258,255	324,649	314,049	303,262	310,828	303,754
Total capital ratio	24.3%	23.6%	24.7%	26.6%	25.1%	24.3%	24.1%	24.4%	24.9%	23.6%
Sum of MREL funds	38.2%	37.9%	40.4%			38.2%		36.4%	39.6%	37.9%
Liquidity coverage ratio total LCR	164%	181%	134%	179%	154%	164%	263%	177%	272%	181%
Liquidity LCR EUR (LCR FX until 31.12.2022)	951%	1499%	351%	556%	424%	951%	666%	447%	950%	1499%
Liquidity LCR ISK	133%	129%	99%	120%	105%	133%	134%	159%	156%	129%
Net stable funding ratio NSFR total	124%	123%	117%	121%	116%	124%	121%	122%	123%	123%
Net stable funding ratio FX (NSFR)	143%	145%	132%	142%	132%	143%	136%	138%	150%	145%
Full-time eqv.positions	822	817	813	816	878	822	813	824	826	817

Operations

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023
Net interest income	57,197	57,559	46,464	38,953	38,074	13,107	14,955	14,752	14,383	14,783
Net fee & commission income	11,405	11,153	10,623	9,483	7,638	3,337	2,690	2,642	2,736	3,066
Net impairment changes	-2,772	-3,120	2,473	7,037	-12,020	-754	1,442	-746	-2,714	-1,281
Other net operating income	13,873	8,256	-6,307	6,857	4,561	5,411	2,129	3,178	3,156	5,267
Total operating income	79,703	73,848	53,253	62,330	38,253	21,100	21,216	19,826	17,561	21,835
Salaries and related expenses	16,534	15,866	14,474	14,759	14,767	4,529	3,582	4,190	4,233	4,332
Other operating expenses	10,202	10,092	9,289	9,105	9,064	2,633	2,493	2,491	2,585	2,979
Tax on liabilities to fin. institutions	2,597	2,290	2,097	2,013	1,815	642	719	636	600	527
Total operating expenses	29,333	28,248	25,860	25,877	25,646	7,804	6,793	7,317	7,419	7,838
Profit before tax	50,370	45,600	27,393	36,453	12,607	13,296	14,423	12,509	10,142	13,997
Income tax	12,862	12,433	10,396	7,534	2,086	2,696	3,636	3,544	2,986	3,213
Profit for the period	37,508	33,167	16,997	28,919	10,521	10,600	10,787	8,965	7,156	10,784

Balance sheet

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023	Ch	ange
Cash and balances with CB	129,981	75,350	54,631	73%
Bonds and debt instruments	139,104	148,182	-9,078	-6%
Equities and equity instruments	32,644	19,012	13,632	72%
Loans and advances to financial institutions	39,346	54,101	-14,755	-27%
Loans and advances to customers	1,807,437	1,630,894	176,543	11%
Other assets	33,247	33,237	10	0%
Total assets	2,181,759	1,960,776	220,983	11%
Due to financial institutions and CB	11,989	29,968	-17,979	-60%
Deposits from customers	1,228,444	1,048,537	179,907	17%
Borrowing	529,150	513,687	15,463	3%
Other liabilities	47,538	44,654	2,884	6%
Subordinated liabilities	39,989	20,176	19,813	98%
Equity	324,649	303,754	20,895	7%
Total liabilities and equity	2,181,759	1,960,776	220,983	11%

31.12.2022	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
42,216	82,425	67,604
125,265	150,435	119,330
19,106	33,347	26,808
28,621	47,231	48,073
1,544,360	1,387,463	1,273,426
27,456	28,897	28,936
1,787,024	1,729,798	1,564,177
6,634	10,425	48,725
967,863	900,098	793,427
967,863 476,864	900,098 486,042	793,427 420,178
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
476,864	486,042	420,178
476,864 34,819	486,042 29,803	420,178 22,227

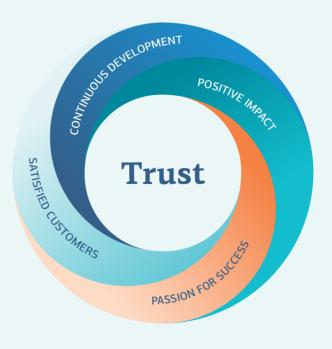
Operating segments

2024	Personal Banking	Corporate Banking	Asset Management & Capital Markets	Treasury and Market Making	Other divisions	Reconciliation	Total
Net interest income	21,757	28,067	489	6,513	531	-160	57,197
Net fee and commission income	3,922	2,701	5,331	-448	66	-167	11,405
Net impairment changes	-1,998	-772	-	-1	-1	-	-2,772
Net other operating income (expense)	-1,354	186	682	13,996	366	-3	13,873
Total operating income (expense)	22,327	30,182	6,502	20,060	962	-330	79,703
Operating expenses	-7,451	-3,473	-2,454	-883	-12,642	167	-26,736
Tax on liabilities of financial institutions	-1,085	-572	-12	-920	-8	-	-2,597
Allocated expenses	-4,936	-3,338	-1,325	-1,205	10,804	-	0
Profit (loss) before tax	8,855	22,799	2,711	17,052	-884	-163	50,370
Income tax	-2,621	-6,276	-539	-3,598	172	-	-12,862
Profit (loss) for the period	6,234	16,523	2,172	13,454	-712	-163	37,508
Total assets	944,747	852,485	15,814	763,313	20,728	-415,328	2,181,759
Total liabilities	877,742	710,189	10,801	656,857	16,849	-415,328	1,857,110
Allocated capital	67,005	142,296	5,013	106,456	3,879	0	324,649

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