

Knowledge grows

Yara International ASA 2024 third-quarter results

25 October 2024



Cautionary note

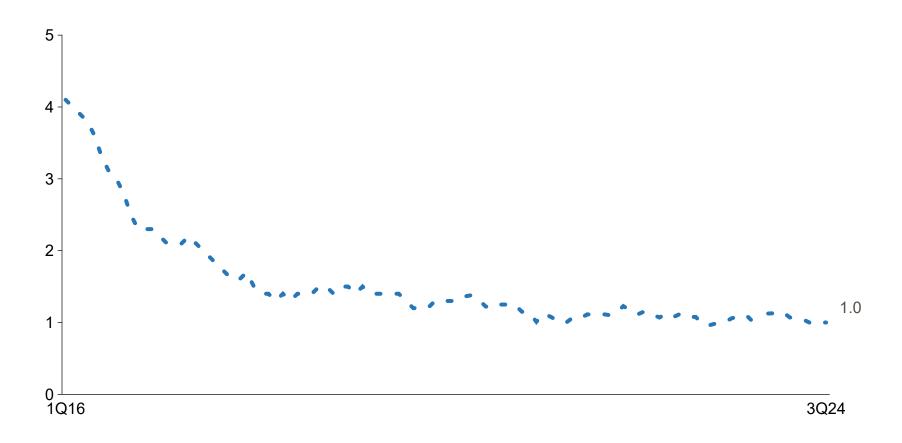
This presentation contains forward-looking information and statements relating to the business, financial performance and results of Yara and/or industry and markets in which it operates. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts and may be identified by words such as "aims", "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "expects", "foresees", "intends", "plans", "predicts", "projects", "targets", and similar expressions. Such forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections, reflect current views with respect to future events, and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and risks, uncertainties and other important factors could cause the actual business, financial performance, results or the industry and markets in which Yara operates to differ materially from the statements expressed or implied in this presentation by such forward-looking statements. No representation is made that any of these forward-looking statements or forecasts will come to pass or that any forecasted results will be achieved, and you are cautioned not to place any undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.





Our ambition is zero injuries

TRI¹ (12-month rolling)





Improved earnings in 3Q

3Q 2024

EBITDA excl. special items¹ of 585 MUSD

Strong premium¹ generation

All-time high production performance²

Returns improving but still below target, cost and portfolio optimization continues

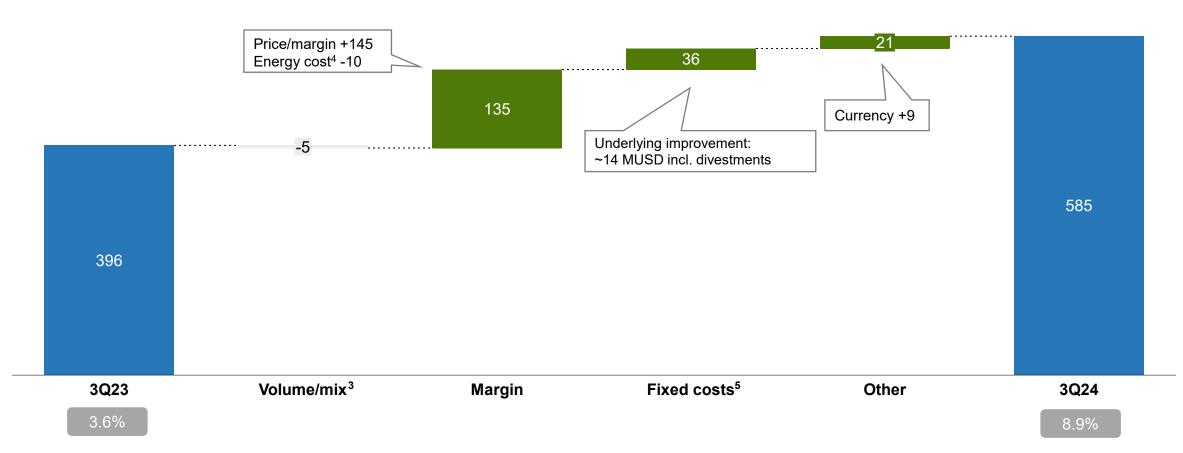
2) In YIP production terms, excluding Montoir volumes

¹⁾ For definition, explanation and reconciliation see APM section in the 3Q report, pages 24-32

Improved EBITDA with higher margins and lower fixed cost

EBITDA excl. special items (MUSD)¹

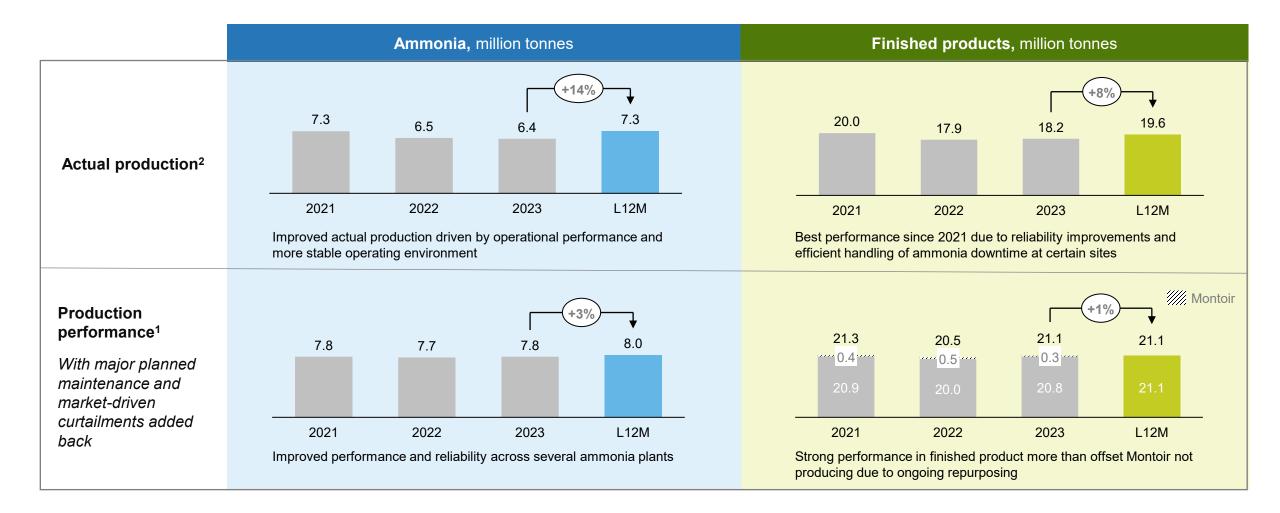
ROIC²





- Quarterly ROIC, annualized. For definition and reconciliation of ROIC, see APM section in the 3Q report, page 26-27
- Volume effect calculated as change in volume vs 3Q 23 per product multiplied by margin per product in 3Q 24. Margin calculated as residual
- Energy cost variance calculated by multiplying gas price differential with last year's gas consumption
- Excluding currency translation effects

All-time high underlying production performance¹



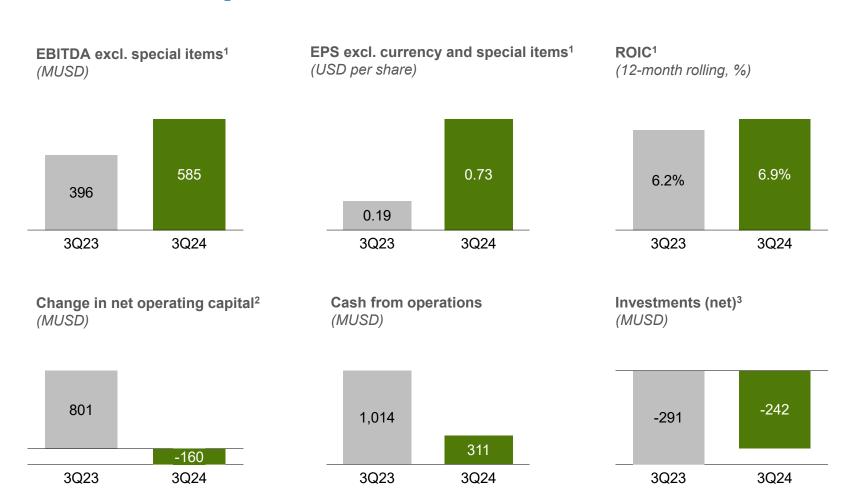


YIP production performance excluding Montoir

2) Actual production excluding Montoir as it is currently not producing due to the ongoing process of repurposing the site



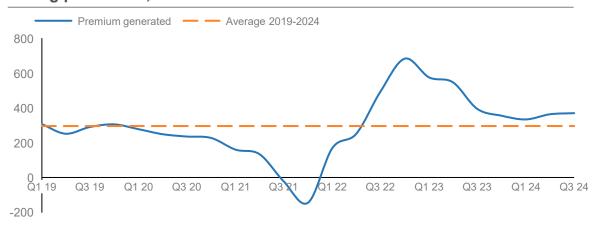
Financial performance



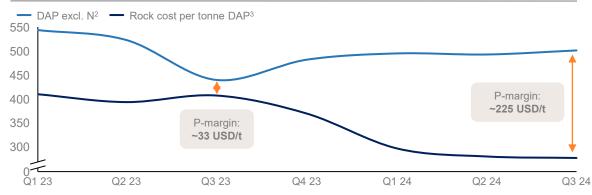
- 1) For definition and reconciliation, see the APM section in the 3Q report on pages 24-32
 - Change in net operating capital as presented in the cash flow statement, page 12 of 3Q report
 - Net cash used in investing activities as presented in the cash flow statement, page 12 of 3Q report

Strong premium generation

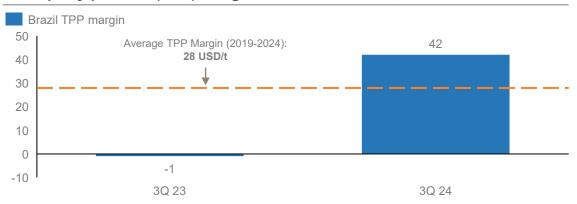
Strong premiums¹, MUSD



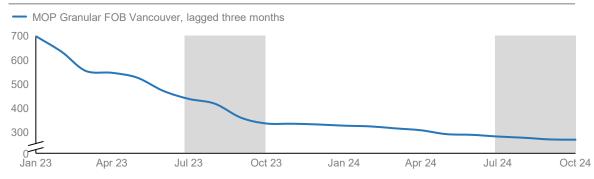
P-upgrade margin: strong year-over-year improvement, USD/t



Third party product (TPP) margin increase in Brazil, USD/t



Declining MOP prices impacted NPK margins last year, USD/t

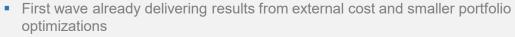




- For definition, explanation and reconciliation see APM section in the 3Q report, pages 24-32
- 2) DAP excl. N (excluding nitrogen) is calculated based on 1-month lagged DAP FOB Morocco and Ammonia FOB Arab Gulf.
- P-rock reference price is Phosphate Rock FOB Morocco, lagged 3 months. Rock cost is calculated as reference price adjusted for phosphate content of DAP.

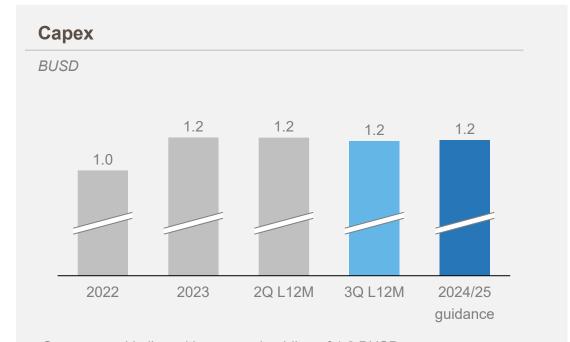
Fixed cost and capex reductions progressing

Fixed cost¹ MUSD, including currency translation effect² 2,513 2,533 2,488 2,400 2022 2023 2021 2023 2021 2022 2023 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 run-rate



14 MUSD sustainable savings incl. divestments ~10 MUSD

 Second wave: targeted cost reduction measures under development, with execution starting 1Q25



- Capex spend in line with year-end guiding of 1.2 BUSD
- Plant prioritization framework with stronger allocation towards high-return plants



Lower deliveries, mainly of commodity products

1,237 1,167

Africa & Asia

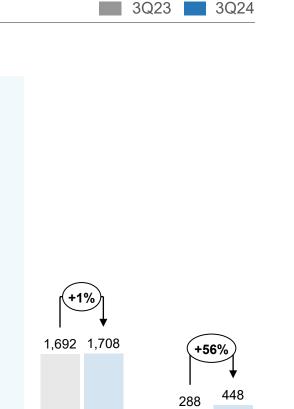
External deliveries 3Q 2023 vs 3Q 2024, in kt

6,451

5,991

Total crop

nutrition



Industrial

Solutions

Clean

Ammonia

Comments

- Limited commodity product prebuying in southern Europe
- Lower third-party product deliveries in Brazil, due to margin over volume focus
- Increased Clean Ammonia deliveries reflecting strong production performance



Commodity

Premium¹

3,012 2,801

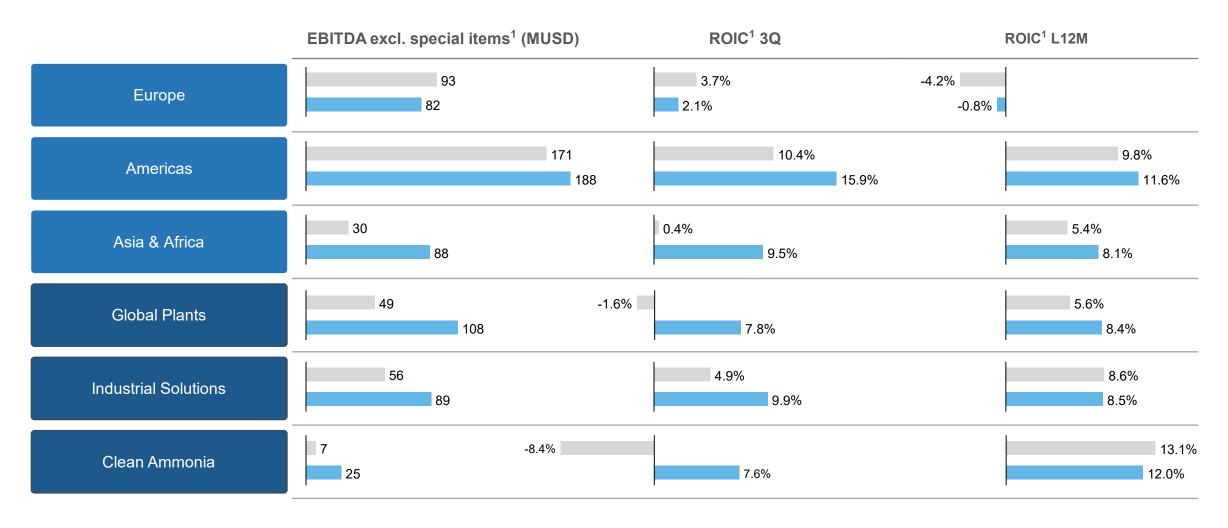
Americas

2,202 2,023

Europe

Results by segment

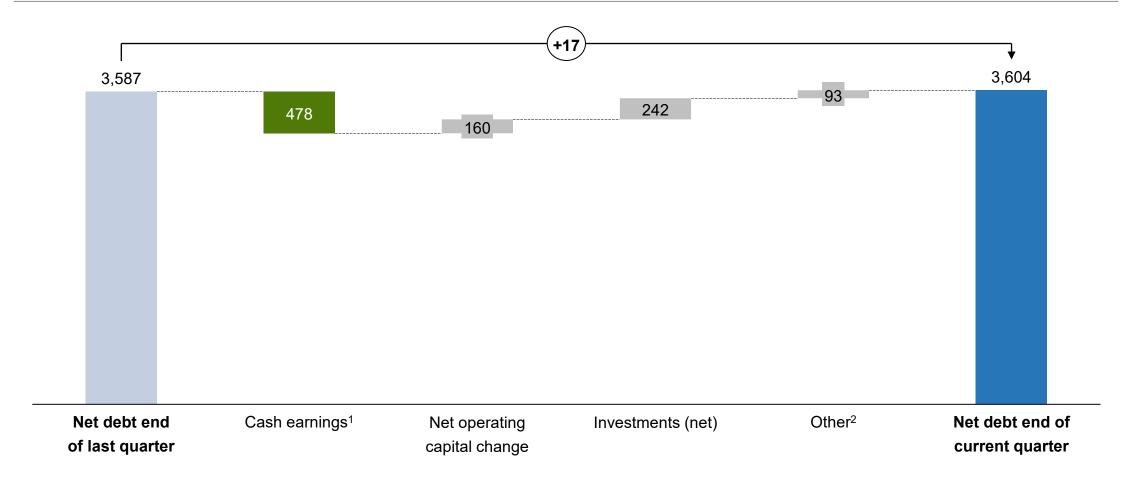






Stable net debt development

Net interest-bearing debt: 3Q development (MUSD)





Operating income plus depreciation and amortization, write downs, minus tax paid, net gain/(loss) on disposals, net interest expense, and bank charges Other mainly related to currency effect and leasing

Driving sustainable performance with an integrated scorecard



People

Yara KPI	2021	2023	L12M	2025 target
Strive towards zero accidents, TRI	1.0	1.1	1.0	<1.0
Engagement Index ¹	79%	77%	77%	Top quartile
Diversity and inclusion index ¹	77%	75%	75%	Top quartile
Female senior managers ²	29%	32%	33%	40%

- 1) Measured annually
- 2) Status per end of the quarter



Planet

Yara KPI	2021	2023	L12M	2025 target
GHG emissions, intensity, t CO2e/t N	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.7
GHG emissions, scope 1+2 ¹ , CO2e	-4%	-16%	-11%	-30%
Digitized hectares ² , mHa	N/A	23	23	150
MSCI rating	Α	AA	А	А

- 1) GHG absolute emissions scope 1+2 target is for 2030 with a 2019 baseline
- Cropland with digital farming user activity within defined frequency parameters



Profit

Yara KPI	2021	2023	L12M	2025 target
Ammonia Production ¹ , mt	7.8	7.8	8.0	8.6
Finished Fertilliser Production ¹ , mt	21.3	21.1	21.1	22.5
Premium generated ² , MUSD	125	1,877	1,426	N/A
Operating capital days ³	83	105	106	92
Capital return (ROIC ³)	7.9%	2.9 %	6.9%	>10%
Fixed costs ³ , MUSD	2,303	2,513	2,488	~2,400

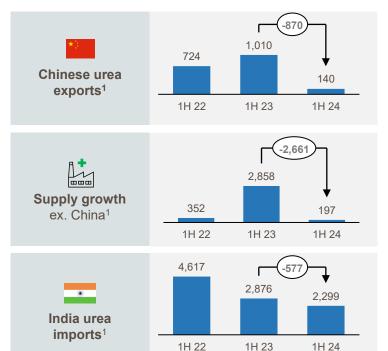
- 1) YIP performance
- For reconciliation and definition of premium generated, see the APM section of the 3Q report on page 28
- Alternative performance measures are defined, explained, and reconciled to the financial statements in the APM section of the 3Q report on pages 24-32



Tighter urea market balance with limited Chinese exports

Key supply and demand drivers

Supportive market development with limited supply growth ex China and limited Chinese exports

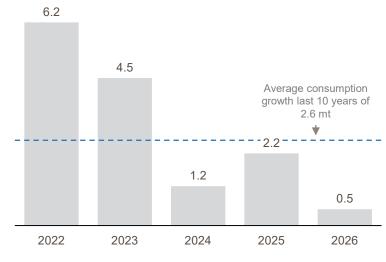


Urea price development, USD/t

Demand-driven urea market with pricing above historical averages

Capacity additions, million tonnes Limited urea capacity additions²





Active portfolio management and capex discipline - driven by shareholder returns only

Fixed costs for completed divestments: 43 MUSD annualized 1Q24 4Q23 3Q24 **Divestment**: Cameroon Divestment: Divestments: Yara Marine West Sacramento terminal Announced intention to transform **Technologies Ivory Coast** Montoir Liquid NPK business in Brazil Announcement of intention to transform Tertre - Strict focus on strategic fit, future competitiveness and shareholder returns - Shelving of low-value projects, e.g. Porsgrunn full-scale green hydrogen, Sluiskil green hydrogen - Ongoing asset portfolio review covering production and markets

Progress projects with highest returns and clear strategic fit

Divestment /

optimization of

low-return assets

Project portfolio

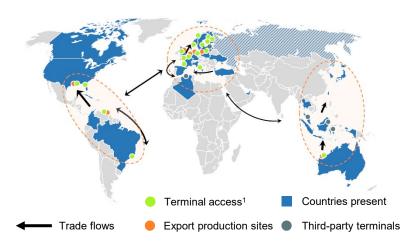
prioritization

- Strong fit with Yara's competitive edge and business model
- "Fit for future" assets and markets only
- Requirement for growth projects: **strong double-digit returns + funding plan**
- Concrete margin potential driven by firm regulatory changes, such as ETS and CBAM Examples: CCS Sluiskil, US low-carbon ammonia



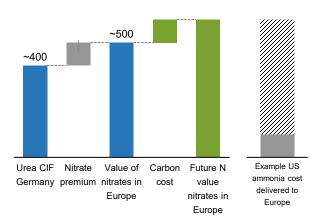
Yara's ammonia and Europe set-up offers strong value creation potential from upstream US projects

Unrivalled ammonia system



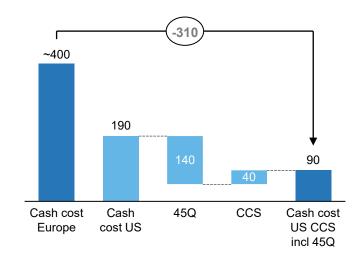
- World's largest ammonia system, scalable
- Optimize offtake based on value-creation

Increased nitrate and NPK margins with Yara's ammonia and Europe set-up²



 CBAM and ETS likely to lift urea prices in Europe, triggering increased nitrate & NPK margins if upgraded from low-carbon ammonia

Equity investment in US ammonia can create significant shareholder value²



- Competitive natural gas
- Well-advanced CCS
- Off-take security: 1-3mt internal demand
- Higher scale, low capex per tonne
- Yara an attractive project partner
- FID planned 2H2025



Progress to future-proof core operations and increase shareholder returns

Value-Current **Portfolio Premium** Market Reduce cost accretive baseline optimization conditions and capex ammonia growth growth Asset portfolio review Low-cost & low-emission Tightening nitrogen Focus on core operations Premium over volumes and high-return assets ammonia portfolio (ownsupply Divestment of non-core Low-carbon product produced and sourced) CO₂-tax yields European Scale down other premiums assets margin opportunities activities Improving urea pricing, Improvement from first Evaluation and re-Strong premium Continued earnings Upstream projects strong nitrogen wave of cost program, generation focusing of portfolio maturing towards FID in recovery and improved fundamentals and further structural actions through divestments and 2H 2025 production tightening expected in maturing towards plant transformations performance medium to long term execution starting 1Q25

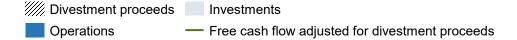


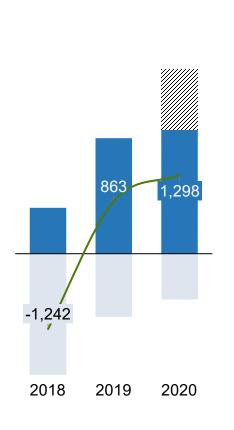
3Q update

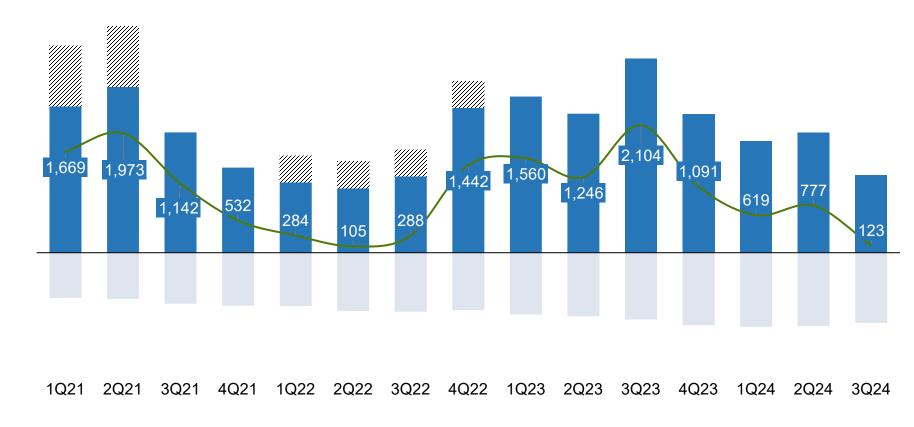


Free cash flow

Free cash flow before financing activities^{1,2}







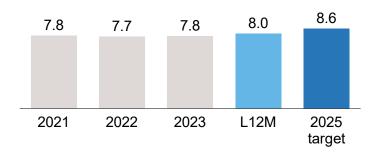


Net cash provided by operating activities minus net cash used in investment activities as presented in the cash flow statement, page 12 in the 3Q report L12M. MUSD

Yara Improvement Program

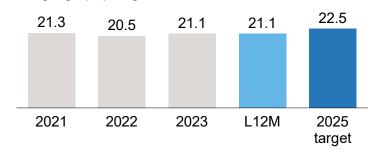
Ammonia production¹ (mt)

Improved performance and reliability across several plants



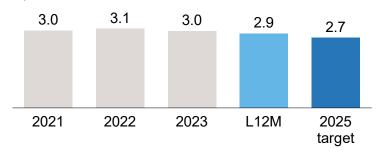
Finished product production¹ (mt)

Strong performance more than offsetting Montoir not producing due to ongoing repurposing



GHG emission intensity (t CO2e/tN)

Reduced GHG emission intensity following successful project implementation



Fixed cost² and capex³ quidance (MUSD)

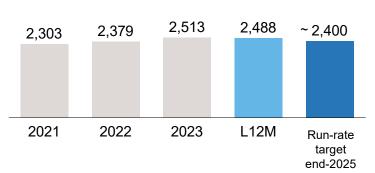
Strict resource prioritization towards high-return assets and value-accretive growth opportunities

Operating capital⁴ (Days)

Operating capital days following higher inventory levels

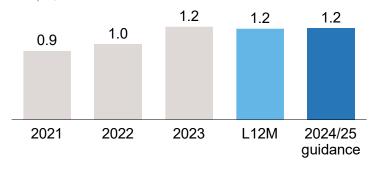
2025 target to reduce costs

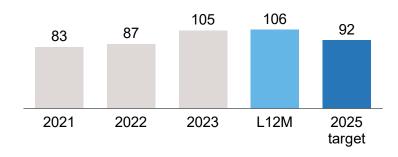
Fixed costs. MUSD



2024 and 2025 guidance reduced

Capex, BUSD







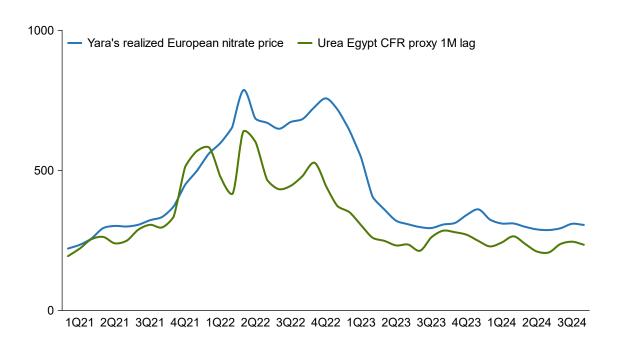
For definition and reconciliation of Fixed cost, see APM section in the 3Q report, page 29

Capex is defined as a cash outflow from investing activities as presented in the cash flow statement, page 12 of the 3Q report

Nitrate and NPK premiums

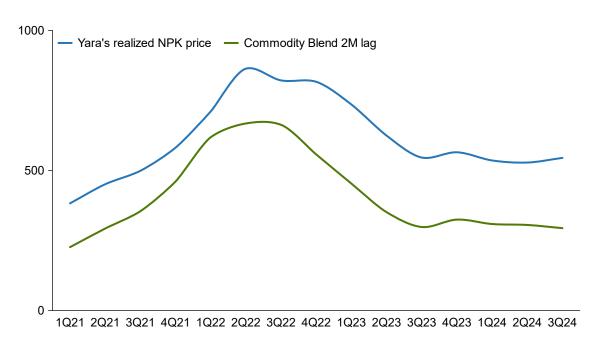
Nitrate premium above urea¹

USD/t (CAN27 equivalents)



NPK premium above commodity blend²

USD/t (NPK average grade equivalents)



- Premiums and P&L margins correlate over a longer time horizon but can differ substantially shorter-term
- Position (exposure) effects due to the time lag from sourcing of raw materials to production and delivery will impact the actual margin

Source: Fertilizer Market publications



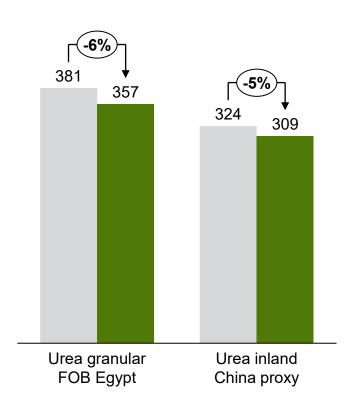
Key product price development

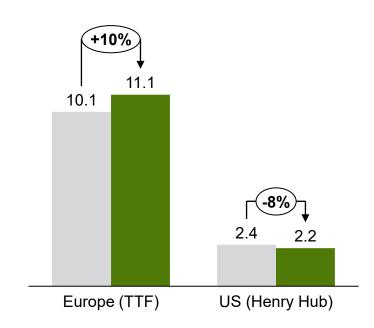
3Q23 3Q24

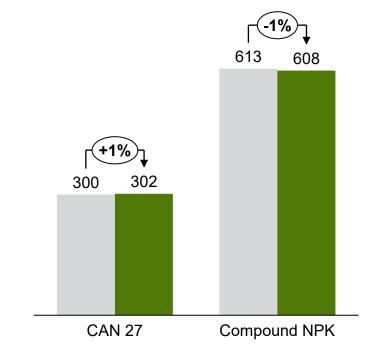
Urea price development¹ (USD/t)

Spot gas prices¹ (USD/MMBtu)

Yara realized CAN² and NPK price³ (USD/t)









¹⁾ Source: BOABC, CFMW, Fertilizer publications, Argus. 1-month lag applied, as a proxy for realized prices (delivery assumed 1 month after order)

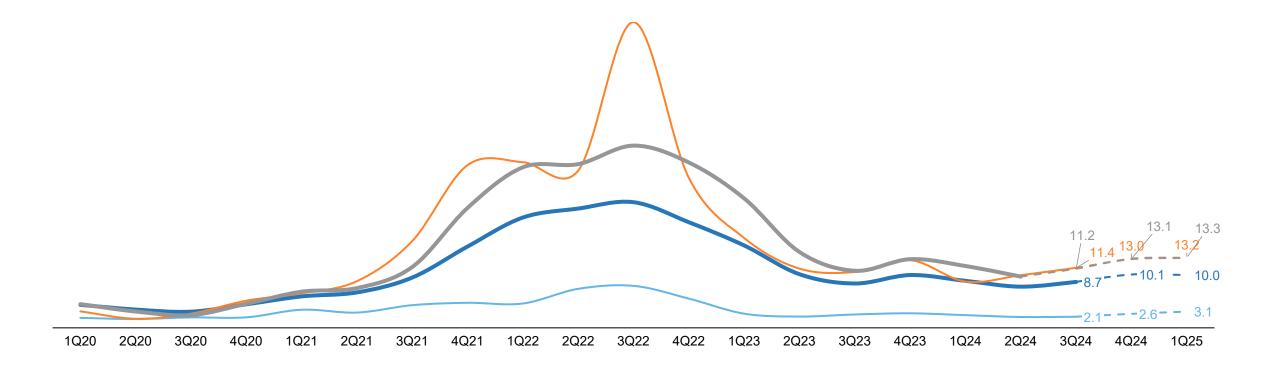
²⁾ Yara's realized European nitrate price, CAN 27 CIF Germany equivalent ex. Sulfur costs (Middle East reference)

³⁾ Yara's realized global compound NPK price (average grade)

Energy cost

Quarterly averages for 2020 – 3Q 2024 with forward prices¹ for 4Q 2024 and 1Q 2025

── US gas price (Henry Hub) ── TTF day ahead





¹⁾ Dotted lines denote forward prices as of 15 October 2024, market prices (HH and TTF) are not lagged

²⁾ Yara Global restated from 2Q 2018 to include Cubatão gas cost, Babrala excluded, and updated Yara gas cost methodology from 1Q20

Details of energy cost actuals and estimate 4Q 2024 and 1Q 2025

Europ	е	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24 estimations based on forward prices	1Q25 estimations based on forward prices
Average gas cost	USD/MMbtu	13.0	11.7	9.7	11.2	13.1	13.3
Gas consumption ¹	Million MMBtu	37.5	29.3	34.2	35.3	37.5	29.3
European gas cost	USD millon	487	343	331	394	493	389

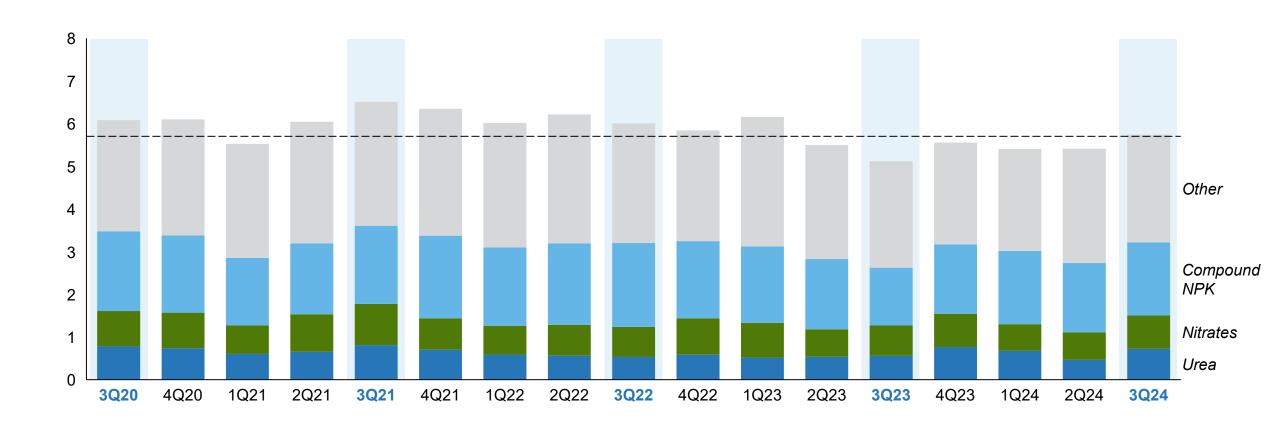
Yara Global ²		4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24 estimations based on forward prices	1Q25 estimations based on forward prices
Average gas cost	USD/MMbtu	10.0	8.9	7.8	8.7	10.1	10.0
Gas consumption ¹	Million MMBtu	61.9	54.4	58.9	59.8	61.9	54.4
Global gas cost	USD millon	620	486	459	522	625	542



Gas consumption in 4Q 2024 & 1Q 2025 estimate based on actual consumption and production volumes in 4Q 2023 & 1Q 2024. Actual consumption could deviate from this due to curtailments or other factors

Yara inventories

Fertilizer - finished products inventory development in mt

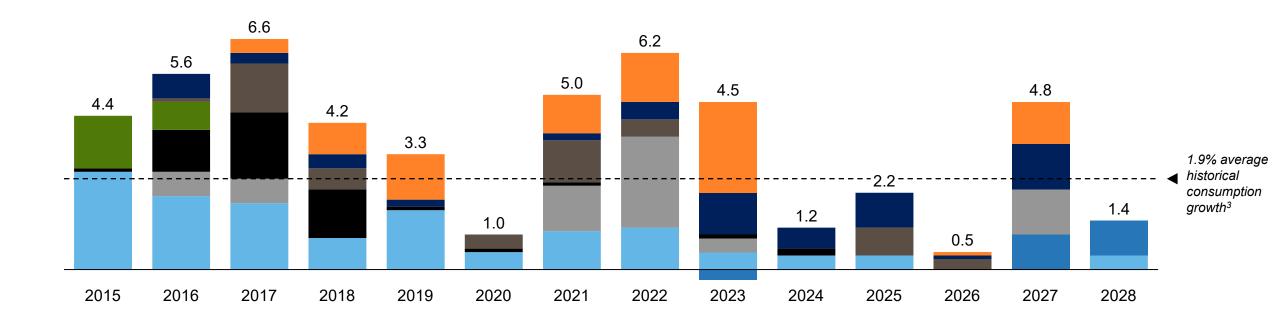




Peak of urea capacity additions is behind us

Global urea capacity additions ex. China ^{1,2} (mt)





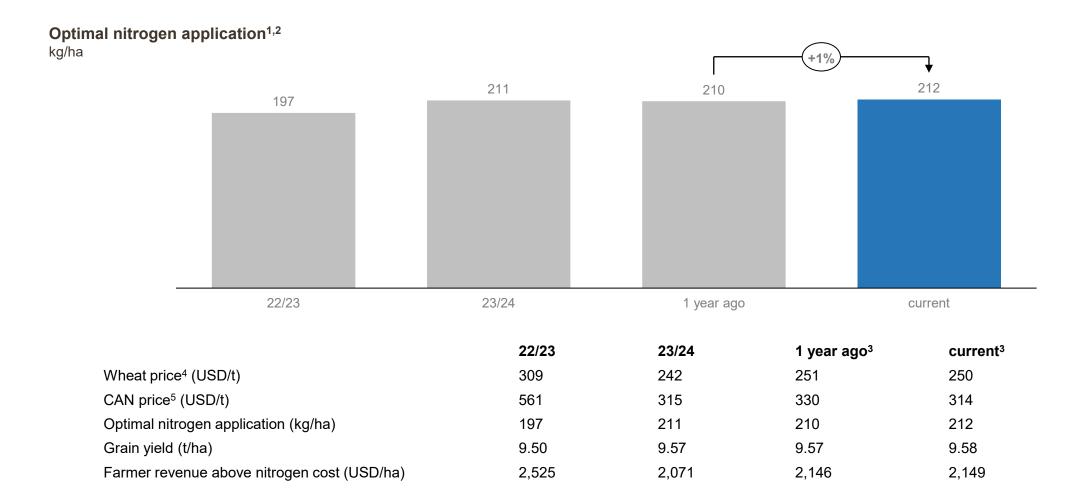


¹⁾ Source: CRU September 2024

P) Future Urea projects assessed as "probable" or "firm" by CRU. Majority of these projects have yet to begin construction. Several projects under development scheduled for completion after 2026, including in Australia and Russia. with unclear timing

³⁾ Growth calculated based on last 10 years up to 2023, equal to ~2.6 mt/year, from 2023 baseline (IFA) of 136.6 mt (global production + China trade). Trend growth rate held back by supply restrictions in 2021 and 2022

Farmer incentives: wheat example



Fertilizer handbook page 68, https://www.yara.com/siteassets/investors/057-reports-and-presentations/other/2022/fertilizer-industry-handbook-2022.pdf/

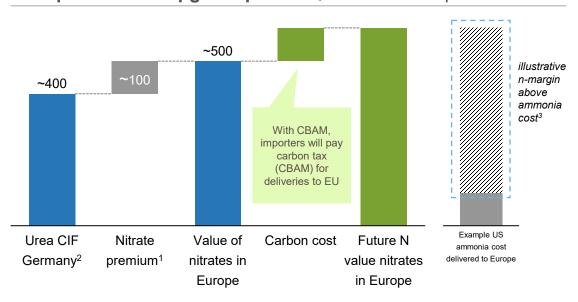
Company research based on field trials with winter wheat

As of week 42, 2024

Source: CAN CFR Inland Germany. Average of publication prices

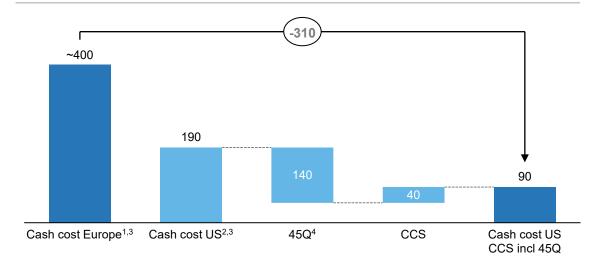
EU nitrate margin and ammonia cash cost calculations

European nitrate upgrade position, USD/t Urea equivalents



- Scenario assumptions: average historical nitrate premium above historical urea price, carbon cost of 100 USD/t CO2 (approx. 1 tonne CO2 per tonne urea), cost of ammonia from US based on 4 USD/MMBtu * 35 + 50 USD/t other cash cost, 140 in 45Q tax credits plus 50 USD/t NH3 freight to Europe
- 1. Historical values for period season 2012/13-2021/22, based on market publications
- 2. Urea Granular FOB Egypt + 50 USD/t in transport
- 3. N-margin above ammonia cost before upgrading cost and freight cost to market

Illustrative ammonia cash cost, USD/t



- European ammonia production cash costs: gas price*37+70. 2 MtCO2/t NH3, EU ETS 100 USD/tCO2e, assuming full implementation of CBAM
- 2. US production cash costs: gas price*35+50, 1.7 tCO2/t NH3, 45Q tax credit 85 USD/t CO2, 95% capture rate
- Gas price HH: 4 USD/MMBtu and TTF: 8 USD/MMBtu as illustrated in 2023 Capital Markets Day.
- 4. 45Q tax credit of 85 USD/ t Co2 x 1.7 t CO2/t NH3



Alternative performance measures

Alternative performance measures are defined, explained and reconciled to the Financial statements in the APM section of the 3Q report on pages 24-32



