



INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Highlights and subsequent events

- **Golar LNG Limited (“Golar” or “the Company”) reports Q2 2023 Net income of \$7 million, and Adjusted EBITDA¹ of \$83 million, inclusive of \$72 million of non-cash items.**
- **Total Golar Cash¹ of \$884 million, inclusive of \$113 million of restricted cash.**
- **Executed amendments to existing *Hilli* debt facility that reduce debt service cost.**
- **Exercised option to acquire 2004 built LNG carrier *Fuji* LNG targeted for conversion to a 3.5mtpa MKII FLNG.**
- **Agreed to sell 1977 built LNG carrier *Gandria* for net consideration of \$15 million.**
- **Signed heads of terms with Nigeria National Petroleum Corporation (“NNPC”) for joint development of gas fields using FLNG, expanding on the Memorandum of Understanding (“MOU”) signed in April 2023.**
- **FLNG *Gimi* conversion works 97% complete. Yard departure scheduled for September 2023.**
- **Repurchased 1.4 million shares at an average cost of \$21.06 per share. 106.0 million shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2023.**
- **Declared dividend of \$0.25 per share for the quarter.**

FLNG *Hilli*: Maintained strong operational performance throughout the quarter. Q2 2023 Distributable Adjusted EBITDA¹ from FLNG *Hilli* was \$83 million, of which Golar’s share was \$79 million, an \$11 million decrease compared to Q1 2023, due to lower Brent oil and Dutch Title Transfer Facility (“TTF”) prices. For the remainder of 2023 and 2024, the locked in TTF Distributable Adjusted EBITDA¹ as a result of the effective unwinding of prior TTF hedges, which will be additional to Golar’s share of tolling fees and market linked Brent oil and TTF fee exposures, will be allocated as follows:

- July-December 2023: 100% of TTF linked production unwound securing approximately \$46 million of Distributable Adjusted EBITDA¹ equivalent to approximately \$23 million for each of quarters 3 and 4; and
- Full year 2024: 50% of TTF linked production unwound securing approximately \$49 million of Distributable Adjusted EBITDA¹ equivalent to approximately \$12 million per quarter in 2024.

As the TTF hedges have been effectively unwound and secured, Golar remains fully exposed to TTF prices, with additional Distributable Adjusted EBITDA¹ of \$18 million expected for the remainder of 2023 based on a forward price of \$14.7/MMBtu, increasing or decreasing by \$1.4 million for every +/- \$1.0 change in TTF. Similarly for 2024, based on a forward price of \$17.2/MMBtu, Golar expects additional Distributable Adjusted EBITDA¹ of \$46 million, increasing or decreasing by \$3.2 million per annum for every dollar change in TTF.

1. Refer to section “Non-GAAP measures” for definition and reconciliation to the most comparable US GAAP measure, where applicable.

Amendments to improve the existing sale and leaseback financing for FLNG *Hilli* through reducing the margin and extending the amortization profile and term were executed during the quarter. Effective June 2023, FLNG *Hilli's* annual debt service cost will reduce from around \$126 million, to around \$93 million, of which Golar's 94.6% share is \$88 million. The amended terms extend the facility maturity from 2028 to 2033.

FLNG *Gimi*: Is scheduled to leave the yard in September 2023. Final checks, storing up and sea trials will then take place in Singapore ahead of her voyage to Mauritania and Senegal, expected to commence around the end of September/early October.

A contract interpretation dispute between Golar and BP regarding parts of the pre-commissioning contractual cash flows remains and arbitration proceedings have been initiated. This does not impact the wider execution of the 20-year project that is expected to unlock around \$3 billion of Adjusted EBITDA Backlog¹ to Golar, equivalent to Annual Adjusted EBITDA¹ of around \$151 million.

FLNG business development: Strong progress with the potential deployment of Golar's FLNG vessels to various gas fields in Nigeria has been made since signing the MOU with NNPC in April. Under a further heads of terms signed with NNPC on August 1, 2023, Golar and NNPC have agreed an integrated contractual framework for the joint development of specific gas fields towards potential FLNG projects. The relevant fields could fully utilize FLNG *Hilli* following the end of her current contract in mid-2026, or utilize a MKII FLNG.

Development of commercial opportunities also continues outside Nigeria for FLNG *Hilli* and our prospective MKII FLNG, including commercial term negotiations with gas resource owners and government interaction in potential countries of operation. The complexity of offshore gas developments drives the timeline for potential announcements of binding terms for incremental FLNG work. We continue to develop our potential MKII FLNG project with an annual capacity of 3.5MTPA. The cost of a converted FLNG *Fuji* is expected to be around \$2.0 billion, equivalent to approximately \$570 per ton. Financing proposals for between \$1.2 to \$1.5 billion, that are not contingent on an employment contract are being discussed.

FSRU: Costs associated with the Development Agreement to assist Snam S.p.A ("Snam") with FSRU *Tundra's* drydocking, site commissioning and hook-up amounted to \$9 million in Q2 2023, included in project development expenses. This project together with its service revenue ended on May 30, 2023. Golar entered into a six month Operation and Services Agreement for FSRU *Tundra* commencing May 31, 2023 for which Golar will receive a daily service fee.

Snam's deadline for issuing a Notice to Proceed with the FSRU conversion of the Golar *Arctic* expired during the quarter. Capitalized engineering and professional services for the conversion have therefore been charged to project development expenses, with a corresponding recognition of compensation received from Snam under other operating income. Golar is considering alternatives for the vessel including other conversion projects, chartering or sale.

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Buyback and dividends: During the quarter 1.4 million shares were repurchased and cancelled at an average cost of \$21.06 per share, leaving 106.0 million shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2023. Of the \$150.0 million approved share buyback scheme, \$120.5 million remains available for further repurchases which will continue to be opportunistically pursued.

Golar’s Board of Directors approved a total Q2 2023 dividend of \$0.25 per share to be paid on or around August 29, 2023. The record date will be August 21, 2023.

Financial Summary

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	Q2 2023	Q2 2022	% Change	YTD 2023	YTD 2022	% Change
Net income/(loss)	6,910	286,538	(98)%	(85,659)	696,552	(112)%
Net (loss)/income attributable to Golar LNG Ltd	(4,545)	230,032	(102)%	(106,408)	575,214	(118)%
Total operating revenues	77,530	67,227	15%	151,498	140,165	8%
Adjusted EBITDA ¹	82,815	100,917	(18)%	166,963	190,575	(12)%
Golar’s share of Contractual Debt ¹	1,176,630	1,002,228	17%	1,176,630	1,002,228	17%

Financial Review

Business Performance:

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	2023		2022
	Apr-Jun	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun
	Total	Total	Total
Net income/(loss)	6,910	(92,569)	286,538
Income taxes	1,445	252	(212)
Net income/(loss) before income taxes	8,355	(92,317)	286,326
Depreciation and amortization	12,450	12,577	13,122
Impairment of long-lived assets	5,021	—	76,155
Unrealized loss/(gain) on oil and gas derivative instruments	76,646	115,011	(181,548)
Realized and unrealized mark-to-market losses on investment in listed equity securities	—	62,308	49,001
Other non-operating expense/(income), net	1,305	(11,128)	(3,887)
Interest income	(11,836)	(11,482)	(921)
Interest expense	610	362	5,279
(Gains)/losses on derivative instruments, net	(11,673)	9,376	(16,341)
Other financial items, net	464	911	4,198
Net losses/(income) from equity method investments	1,577	(1,281)	(4,065)
Net income from discontinued operations	(104)	(189)	(126,402)
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	82,815	84,148	100,917

1. Refer to section “Non-GAAP measures” for definition and reconciliation to the most comparable US GAAP measure, where applicable.

	2023							
	Apr-Jun				Jan-Mar			
	FLNG	Corporate and other	Shipping	Total	FLNG	Corporate and other	Shipping	Total
<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>								
Total operating revenues	60,373	11,697	5,460	77,530	56,221	12,347	5,400	73,968
Vessel operating expenses	(15,869)	(7,006)	(1,834)	(24,709)	(15,643)	(2,664)	(266)	(18,573)
Voyage, charterhire & commission expenses	(150)	—	(74)	(224)	(150)	(19)	(67)	(236)
Administrative (expenses)/income	(42)	(7,962)	10	(7,994)	(50)	(10,017)	(1)	(10,068)
Project development expenses	(1,965)	(16,590)	—	(18,555)	(272)	(18,123)	—	(18,395)
Realized gain on oil and gas derivative instruments ⁽²⁾	46,451	—	—	46,451	57,452	—	—	57,452
Other operating income ^{(3) (4)}	2,499	7,817	—	10,316	—	—	—	—
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	91,297	(12,044)	3,562	82,815	97,558	(18,476)	5,066	84,148

(2) The line item “Realized and unrealized (loss)/gain on oil and gas derivative instruments” in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations relates to income from the *Hilli* Liquefaction Tolling Agreement (“LTA”) and the natural gas derivative which is split into: “Realized gain on oil and gas derivative instruments” and “Unrealized (loss)/gain on oil and gas derivative instruments”.

(3) The line item “Other operating income” in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations includes FLNG Hilli’s overproduction of \$2.5 million, which together with \$4.1 million included in “Liquefaction services revenue” amounts to \$6.6 million.

(4) The line item “Other operating income” in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations includes the first advance payment of \$7.8 million received in 2022, pursuant to the Arctic SPA. As of June 30, 2023, the option to exercise the notice to proceed lapsed, consequently, we retained and recognized the non-refundable first advance payment as income.

	2022			
	Apr-Jun			
	FLNG	Corporate and other	Shipping	Total
<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>				
Total operating revenues	60,527	6,700	—	67,227
Vessel operating expenses	(14,972)	(1,439)	(1,685)	(18,096)
Voyage, charterhire & commission expenses	(150)	(25)	(569)	(744)
Administrative income/(expenses)	13	(10,038)	71	(9,954)
Project development (expenses)/income	(3,462)	761	—	(2,701)
Realized gain on oil and gas derivative instruments	55,019	—	—	55,019
Other operating income	10,166	—	—	10,166
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	107,141	(4,041)	(2,183)	100,917

Golar reports today Q2 2023 net income of \$7 million, before non-controlling interests, inclusive of \$72 million non-cash items, comprised of:

- TTF and Brent oil unrealized mark-to-market losses of \$77 million;
- impairment of Gandria of \$5 million; and
- mark-to-market gain on interest rate swaps of \$10 million.

The Brent oil linked component of FLNG *Hilli*’s fees generates additional annual cash of approximately \$3.1 million (Golar share equivalent to \$2.7 million) for every dollar increase in Brent Crude prices between \$60 per barrel and the contractual ceiling. Billing of this component is based on a three-month look-back at average Brent Crude prices. A \$16 million realized gain on the oil derivative instrument was recorded in Q2 2023. Golar has an effective 89.1% interest in this. A Q2 2023 realized gain of \$7 million was also recognized in respect of fees for the TTF linked production. Golar has an effective 1. Refer to section “Non-GAAP measures” for definition and reconciliation to the most comparable US GAAP measure, where applicable.

89.4% interest in this. A \$23 million realized gain (100% of which is attributable to Golar) on the hedged component of the quarter's TTF linked fees was also recognized during the quarter. Collectively a \$46 million Q2 2023 realized gain on oil and gas derivative instruments was recognized as a result.

The non-cash mark-to-market accounting fair value of the FLNG *Hilli* Brent oil linked derivative asset decreased by \$34 million during the quarter, with a corresponding unrealized loss of the same amount recognized in the unaudited consolidated statement of operations. Similarly, the non-cash mark-to-market accounting fair value of the FLNG *Hilli* TTF natural gas derivative asset decreased by \$21 million during the quarter with a corresponding unrealized loss of the same amount recognized in the unaudited consolidated statement of operations. A \$22 million unrealized loss in respect of the economically hedged portion of the Q2 2023 TTF linked FLNG *Hilli* production was also recognized during the quarter. Collectively this resulted in a \$77 million Q2 2023 unrealized loss on oil and gas derivative instruments.

Balance Sheet and Liquidity:

As of June 30, 2023, Total Golar Cash¹ was \$884 million, comprised of \$771 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$113 million of restricted cash. Of the \$132 million of restricted cash, \$19 million is attributable to the FLNG *Hilli* consolidated lessor-owned VIE.

Within the \$322 million current portion of long-term debt and short-term debt as at June 30, 2023 is \$315 million in respect of the FLNG *Hilli* lessor-owned VIE subsidiary that Golar is required to consolidate. Golar's share of Contractual Debt¹ amounts to \$1,177 million as of June 30, 2023. Deducting Total Golar Cash¹ of \$884 million from Golar's share of Contractual Debt¹ of \$1,177 million leaves debt of \$293 million.

During Q2 2023, \$16 million of the Unsecured Bonds were repurchased, reducing the outstanding balance to \$139 million as of June 30, 2023. On May 25, 2023, bondholders agreed to amend certain bond terms in order to allow for earlier payment of dividends and for additional share buybacks in exchange for a 3.75% consent fee.

Inclusive of \$18 million of capitalized interest, \$107 million was invested in FLNG *Gimi* during the quarter, with the total FLNG *Gimi* asset under development balance as at June 30, 2023 amounting to \$1.3 billion. Of this, \$620 million was drawn against the \$700 million debt facility secured by FLNG *Gimi*. Subsequent to the quarter end, a final pre-acceptance tranche of \$10 million was drawn and the debt facility now stands at \$630 million. Both the investment and debt drawn to date are reported on a 100% basis. Golar's share of remaining capital expenditure to be funded out of equity, net of the Company's share of remaining undrawn debt amounts to \$167 million.

Expenditure on long-lead items, engineering services and deposits paid on conversion candidate *Fuji LNG* for the MKII FLNG amounted to \$113 million as of June 30, 2023, and is included in other non-current assets.

1. Refer to section "Non-GAAP measures" for definition and reconciliation to the most comparable US GAAP measure, where applicable.

Sale of the *Gandria* was agreed for net consideration of \$15 million and is expected to complete in early Q4 2023. As a result, *Gandria* was classified as a vessel held for sale and written down to fair value less cost to sell resulting in the recognition of a non-cash \$5 million impairment charge in Q2 2023.

Non-GAAP measures

In addition to disclosing financial results in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP), this earnings release and the associated investor presentation contains references to the non-GAAP financial measures which are included in the table below. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures provide investors with useful supplemental information about the financial performance of our business, enable comparison of financial results between periods where certain items may vary independent of business performance, and allow for greater transparency with respect to key metrics used by management in operating our business and measuring our performance.

This report also contains certain forward-looking non-GAAP measures for which we are unable to provide a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP financial measures because certain information needed to reconcile those non-GAAP measures to the most comparable GAAP financial measures is dependent on future events some of which are outside of our control, such as oil and gas prices and exchange rates, as such items may be significant. Non-GAAP measures in respect of future events which cannot be reconciled to the most comparable GAAP financial measure are calculated in a manner which is consistent with the accounting policies applied to Golar's unaudited consolidated financial statements.

These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures and financial results calculated in accordance with GAAP. Non-GAAP measures are not uniformly defined by all companies, and may not be comparable with similarly titled measures and disclosures used by other companies. The reconciliations as at June 30, 2023 and for the six month period ended June 30, 2023, from these results should be carefully evaluated.

Non-GAAP measure	Closest equivalent US GAAP measure	Adjustments to reconcile to primary financial statements prepared under US GAAP	Rationale for adjustments
Performance measures			
<i>Adjusted EBITDA</i>	Net income/(loss)	+/- Income taxes + Depreciation and amortization +/- Impairment of long-lived assets +/- Unrealized (gain)/loss on oil and gas derivative instruments +/- Other non-operating (income)/losses +/- Net financial (income)/expense +/- Net (income)/losses from equity method investments +/- Net loss/(income) from discontinued operations	Increases the comparability of total business performance from period to period and against the performance of other companies by excluding the results of our equity investments, removing the impact of unrealized movements on embedded derivatives, depreciation, financing costs, tax items and discontinued operations.

Non-GAAP measure	Closest equivalent US GAAP measure	Adjustments to reconcile to primary financial statements prepared under US GAAP	Rationale for adjustments
Distributable Adjusted EBITDA	Net income/(loss)	+/- Income taxes + Depreciation and amortization +/- Impairment of long-lived assets +/- Unrealized (gain)/loss on oil and gas derivative instruments +/- Other non-operating (income)/losses +/- Net financial (income)/expense +/- Net (income)/losses from equity method investments +/- Net loss/(income) from discontinued operations - Amortization of deferred commissioning period revenue - Amortization of Day 1 gains - Accrued overproduction revenue + Overproduction revenue received - Accrued underutilization adjustment	Increases the comparability of our operational FLNG, Hilli from period to period and against the performance of other companies by removing the non-distributable income of Hilli, project development costs and the operating costs of the <i>Gandria</i> and <i>Gimi</i> .
Liquidity measures			
Contractual debt (1)	Total debt (current and non-current), net of deferred finance charges	+/- Debt within liabilities held for sale net of deferred finance charges +/- VIE consolidation adjustments +/- Deferred finance charges +/- Deferred finance charges within liabilities held for sale	During the year, we consolidate a lessor VIE for our <i>Hilli</i> sale and leaseback facility. This means that on consolidation, our contractual debt is eliminated and replaced with the lessor VIE debt. Contractual debt represents our debt obligations under our various financing arrangements before consolidating the lessor VIE. The measure enables investors and users of our financial statements to assess our liquidity and the split of our debt (current and non-current) based on our underlying contractual obligations. Furthermore, it aids comparability
Total Golar Cash	Golar cash based on GAAP measures: + Cash and cash equivalents + Restricted cash and short-term deposits (current and non-current)	-VIE restricted cash and short-term deposits	We consolidate a lessor VIE for our sale and leaseback facility. This means that on consolidation, we include restricted cash held by the lessor VIE. Total Golar Cash represents our cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and short-term deposits (current and non-current) before consolidating the lessor VIE. Management believe that this measure enables investors and users of our financial statements to assess our liquidity and aids comparability

(1) Please refer to reconciliation below for Golar's share of Contractual Debt

Adjusted EBITDA backlog: This is a non-U.S. GAAP financial measure and represents the share of contracted fee income for executed contracts less forecast operating expenses for these contracts. Adjusted EBITDA backlog should not be considered as an alternative to net income or any other measure of our financial performance calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Abbreviations used:

FLNG: Floating Liquefaction Natural Gas Vessel

FSRU: Floating Storage Regasification Unit

MKII FLNG: Mark II FLNG

MMBtu: Million British Thermal Units

mtpa: Million Tons Per Annum

Reconciliations - Liquidity Measures

Contractual Debt

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Total debt (current and non-current) net of deferred finance charges	1,189,278	1,189,324	1,382,277
VIE consolidation adjustments	177,440	152,133	132,790
Deferred finance charges	29,672	20,955	24,444
Total Contractual Debt	1,396,390	1,362,412	1,539,511
Less: Golar Partners' ⁽¹⁾ , Keppel's and B&V's share of the FLNG Hilli contractual debt	(33,760)	(358,484)	(376,783)
Less: Keppel's share of the Gimi debt	(186,000)	(160,500)	(160,500)
Golar's share of Contractual Debt	1,176,630	843,428	1,002,228

Please see Appendix A for a capital repayment profile for Golar's Contractual Debt.

(1) On March 15, 2023, we completed the reacquisition of Golar Partners' Common Units of Hilli LLC from New Fortress Energy Inc ("NFE"). As a result GLNG's share of FLNG Hilli's Contractual Debt increased from 44.6% to 94.6%.

Total Golar Cash

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	770,567	878,838
Restricted cash and short-term deposits (current and non-current)	132,219	134,043
Less: VIE restricted cash and short-term deposits	(18,804)	(21,691)
Total Golar Cash	883,982	991,190

Forward Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements (as defined in Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) which reflects management's current expectations, estimates and projections about its operations. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, that address activities and events that will, should, could or may occur in the future are forward-looking statements. Words such as "if," "subject to," "believe," "assuming," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "forecast," "project," "plan," "potential," "will," "may," "should," "expect," "could," "would," "predict," "propose," "continue," or the negative of these terms and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are based upon various assumptions, many of which are based, in turn, upon further assumptions, including without limitation, management's examination of historical operating trends, data contained in our records and other data available from third parties. Although we believe that these assumptions were reasonable when made, because these assumptions are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies which are difficult or impossible to predict and are beyond our control, we cannot assure you that we will achieve or accomplish these expectations, beliefs or projections. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this press release. Unless legally required, Golar undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include but are not limited to:

- our ability and that of our counterparty to meet our respective obligations under the 20-year lease and operate agreement (the "LOA") entered into in connection with the Greater Tortue/Ahmeyim Project (the "GTA Project"), including the timing of various project infrastructure deliveries to sites such as the floating production, storage and offloading unit and our FLNG, the FLNG *Gimi* (the "*Gimi*"). Delays to contracted deliveries to sites could result in incremental costs to both parties to the LOA, delay commissioning works and the unlocking of FLNG *Gimi* adjusted EBITDA backlog¹;
- that an attractive deployment opportunity, or any of the opportunities under discussion for the MKII, one of our FLNG designs, will be converted into a suitable contract. Failure to do this in a timely manner or at all could expose us to losses on our investments in long-lead items and engineering services to date. Assuming a satisfactory contract is secured, changes in project capital expenditures, foreign exchange and commodity price volatility could have a material impact on the expected magnitude and timing of our return on investment;
- our ability to close the sale of the liquefied natural gas ("LNG") carrier *Gandria* on a timely basis or complete the acquisition of LNG carrier *Fuji LNG* on a timely basis or at all;
- continuing uncertainty resulting from potential future claims from our counterparties of purported force majeure under contractual arrangements, including but not limited to our construction projects (including the GTA Project) and other contracts to which we are a party;
- failure of shipyards to comply with delivery schedules or performance specifications on a timely basis or at all;
- failure of our contract counterparties to comply with their agreements with us or other key project stakeholders;

1. Refer to section "Non-GAAP measures" for definition and reconciliation to the most comparable US GAAP measure, where applicable.

- our ability to meet our obligations under the liquefaction tolling agreement (the “LTA”) entered into in connection with the *Hilli Episeyo* (“FLNG Hilli”);
- our expectation that we will produce the 2023 contract year capacity pursuant to the LTA during 2023. Failure to produce this contracted capacity will require settlement of the resulting production shortfall at the 2023 average excess tolling fee as a reduction to our final LTA billing in 2026;
- continuing uncertainty resulting from our claim for certain pre-commissioning contractual prepayments that we believe we are entitled to receive from BP Mauritania Investments Limited (“BP”) pursuant to the LOA, including timing of eventual resolution, whether our claim will be upheld, any eventual recovery or amounts that we may be required to settle;
- our inability to expand our FLNG portfolio through our innovative FLNG growth strategy;
- our ability to recontract the FLNG *Hilli* once her current contract ends, and other competitive factors in the FLNG industry;
- our ability to close potential future transactions in relation to equity interests in our vessels, including the Golar *Arctic*, FLNG *Hilli* and *Gimi* or to monetize our remaining equity holdings in Avenir LNG Limited (“Avenir”) on a timely basis or at all;
- increases in costs as a result of inflation, including but not limited to salaries and wages, insurance, crew provisions, repairs and maintenance;
- continuing volatility in the global financial markets, including but not limited to commodity prices and interest rates;
- changes in our relationship with our equity method investments and the sustainability of any distributions they pay us;
- claims made or losses incurred in connection with our continuing obligations with regard to NFE, Floating Infrastructure Holdings Finance LLC (“Energos”), Cool Company Ltd (“CoolCo”) and Snam S.p.A (“Snam”);
- the ability of Energos, CoolCo and Snam to meet their respective obligations to us, including indemnification obligations;
- changes in our ability to retrofit vessels as FLNGs or FSRUs and our ability to secure financing for such conversions on acceptable terms or at all;
- changes to rules and regulations applicable to LNG carriers, FLNGs or other parts of the LNG supply chain;
- changes in the supply of or demand for LNG or LNG carried by sea and for LNG carriers or FLNGs;
- a material decline or prolonged weakness in charter rates for LNG carriers or tolling rates for FLNGs;
- global economic trends, competition and geopolitical risks, including impacts from the length and severity of future pandemic outbreaks, rising inflation and the ongoing Ukraine and Russia conflict and the related sanctions and other measures, including the related impacts on the supply chain for our conversions or commissioning works, the operations of our charterers and customers, our global operations and our business in general;
- changes in general domestic and international political conditions, particularly where we operate, or where we seek to operate;
- changes in the availability of vessels to purchase and in the time it takes to build new vessels and our ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms or at all;

- actions taken by regulatory authorities that may prohibit the access of LNG carriers and FLNGs to various ports; and
- other factors listed from time to time in registration statements, reports or other materials that we have filed with or furnished to the Commission, including our annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the Commission on March 31, 2023 (the “2022 Annual Report”).

As a result, you are cautioned not to rely on any forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise unless required by law.

Responsibility Statement

We confirm that, to the best of our knowledge, the interim unaudited consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (US GAAP) give a true and fair view of the Company’s unaudited consolidated assets, liabilities, financial position and results of operations. To the best of our knowledge, the interim report for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, includes a fair review of important events that have occurred during the period and their impact on the interim unaudited consolidated financial statements, the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining period of 2023 and major related party transactions.

August 10, 2023
The Board of Directors
Golar LNG Limited
Hamilton, Bermuda

Investor Questions: +44 207 063 7900

Karl Fredrik Staubo - CEO
Eduardo Maranhão - CFO
Stuart Buchanan - Head of Investor Relations

Tor Olav Trøim (Chairman of the Board)
Dan Rabun (Director)
Thorleif Egeli (Director)
Carl Steen (Director)
Niels Stolt-Nielsen (Director)
Lori Wheeler Naess (Director)
Georgina Sousa (Director)

Golar LNG Limited
UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	2023 Apr-Jun	2023 Jan-Mar	2023 Jan-Jun	2022 Jan-Jun
Liquefaction services revenue	60,373	56,221	116,594	123,421
Vessel management fees and other revenues	11,697	12,347	24,044	13,509
Time and voyage charter revenues	5,460	5,400	10,860	3,235
Total operating revenues	77,530	73,968	151,498	140,165
Vessel operating expenses	(24,709)	(18,573)	(43,282)	(36,200)
Voyage, charterhire and commission expenses	(224)	(236)	(460)	(1,459)
Administrative expenses	(7,994)	(10,068)	(18,062)	(20,135)
Project development expenses	(18,555)	(18,395)	(36,950)	(3,552)
Depreciation and amortization	(12,450)	(12,577)	(25,027)	(26,847)
Impairment of long-lived assets	(5,021)	—	(5,021)	(76,155)
Total operating expenses	(68,953)	(59,849)	(128,802)	(164,348)
Realized and unrealized (loss)/gain on oil and gas derivative instruments	(30,195)	(57,559)	(87,754)	447,257
Other operating income	10,316	—	10,316	14,106
Total other operating (losses)/income	(19,879)	(57,559)	(77,438)	461,363
Operating (losses)/income	(11,302)	(43,440)	(54,742)	437,180
Realized and unrealized mark-to-market (losses)/gain on investment in listed equity securities	—	(62,308)	(62,308)	295,048
Other non-operating (losses)/income, net	(1,305)	11,128	9,823	10,023
Total other non-operating (losses)/income	(1,305)	(51,180)	(52,485)	305,071
Interest income	11,836	11,482	23,318	954
Interest expense	(610)	(362)	(972)	(11,435)
Gains/(losses) on derivative instruments, net	11,673	(9,376)	2,297	47,877
Other financial items, net	(464)	(911)	(1,375)	(3,584)
Net financial income	22,435	833	23,268	33,812
Income/(loss) before taxes and net (losses)/income from equity method investments	9,828	(93,787)	(83,959)	776,063
Income taxes	(1,445)	(252)	(1,697)	(148)
Net (losses)/income from equity method investments	(1,577)	1,281	(296)	3,009
Net income/(loss) from continuing operations	6,806	(92,758)	(85,952)	778,924
Net income/(loss) from discontinued operations	104	189	293	(82,372)
Net income/(loss)	6,910	(92,569)	(85,659)	696,552
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests - continuing operations	(11,455)	(9,294)	(20,749)	(113,132)
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests - discontinued operations	—	—	—	(8,206)
Total net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(11,455)	(9,294)	(20,749)	(121,338)
Net (loss)/income attributable to stockholders of Golar LNG Limited	(4,545)	(101,863)	(106,408)	575,214

Supplemental note to the unaudited consolidated statements of operations

The realized and unrealized (loss)/gain on oil and gas derivative instruments consists of the following.

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	2023	2023	2023	2022
	Apr-Jun	Jan-Mar	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun
Realized mark-to-market (“MTM”) adjustment on commodity swap derivatives	22,745	19,321	42,066	(8,134)
Realized gain on FLNG <i>Hilli’s</i> oil derivative instrument	16,377	19,779	36,156	50,102
Realized gain on FLNG <i>Hilli’s</i> gas derivative instrument	7,329	18,352	25,681	55,682
Realized gain on oil and gas derivative instruments, net	46,451	57,452	103,903	97,650
Unrealized (loss)/gain on FLNG <i>Hilli’s</i> gas derivative instrument	(20,830)	(73,812)	(94,642)	194,632
Unrealized (loss)/gain on FLNG <i>Hilli’s</i> oil derivative instrument	(34,231)	(40,609)	(74,840)	169,293
Unrealized MTM adjustment on commodity swap derivatives	(21,585)	(590)	(22,175)	(14,318)
Unrealized (loss)/gain on oil and gas derivative instruments	(76,646)	(115,011)	(191,657)	349,607
Realized and unrealized (loss)/gain on oil and gas derivative instruments	(30,195)	(57,559)	(87,754)	447,257

Golar LNG Limited

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	2023	2023	2023	2022
	Apr-Jun	Jan-Mar	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun
Net income/(loss)	6,910	(92,569)	(85,659)	696,552
Other comprehensive income/(loss):				
Gains associated with pensions, net of tax	1,394	62	1,456	88
Share of equity method investment's comprehensive income/(losses)	357	(173)	184	—
Net other comprehensive income/(loss)	1,751	(111)	1,640	88
Comprehensive income/(loss)	8,661	(92,680)	(84,019)	696,640

Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to:				
Stockholders of Golar LNG Limited	(2,794)	(101,974)	(104,768)	575,302
Non-controlling interests - continuing operations	11,455	9,294	20,749	113,132
Non-controlling interests - discontinued operations	—	—	—	8,206
Comprehensive income/(loss)	8,661	(92,680)	(84,019)	696,640

Golar LNG Limited
UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	2023 June 30, <i>Unaudited</i>	2022 December 31, <i>Audited</i>
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	770,567	878,838
Restricted cash and short-term deposits	58,495	21,693
Trade accounts receivable	37,605	41,545
Amounts due from related parties	—	475
Assets held for sale	14,979	721
Other current assets	72,662	315,234
Total current assets	954,308	1,258,506
Non-current assets		
Restricted cash	73,724	112,350
Equity method investments	46,244	104,108
Asset under development	1,300,748	1,152,032
Vessels and equipment, net	1,092,980	1,137,053
Non-current amounts due from related parties	7,093	3,472
Other non-current assets	455,686	512,039
Total assets	3,930,783	4,279,560
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt and short-term debt	(321,928)	(344,778)
Trade accounts payable	(16,300)	(8,983)
Accrued expenses	(43,534)	(32,833)
Liabilities held for sale	—	(373)
Other current liabilities	(59,526)	(27,445)
Total current liabilities	(441,288)	(414,412)
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term debt	(867,350)	(844,546)
Other non-current liabilities	(70,897)	(120,428)
Total liabilities	(1,379,535)	(1,379,386)
EQUITY		
Stockholders' equity	(2,091,629)	(2,500,224)
Non-controlling interests	(459,619)	(399,950)
Total liabilities and equity	(3,930,783)	(4,279,560)

Golar LNG Limited

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASHFLOWS

	2023	2023	2023	2022
<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	Apr-Jun	Jan-Mar	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income/(loss)	6,910	(92,569)	(85,659)	696,552
Add: Net (income)/loss from discontinued operations	(104)	(189)	(293)	82,372
Net income/(loss) from continuing operations	6,806	(92,758)	(85,952)	778,924
<i>Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities:</i>				
Depreciation and amortization	12,450	12,577	25,027	26,847
Amortization of deferred charges and debt guarantees, net	452	60	512	1,658
Impairment of long-lived assets	5,021	—	5,021	76,155
Net loss/(income) from equity method investments	1,577	(1,281)	296	(3,009)
Compensation cost related to employee stock awards	1,497	2,361	3,858	1,466
Net foreign exchange losses	234	1,192	1,426	102
Change in fair value of investment in listed equity securities	—	62,308	62,308	(295,048)
Change in fair value of derivative instruments (interest rate swaps)	(9,668)	11,121	1,453	(49,582)
Change in fair value of derivative instruments (oil and gas derivatives), commodity swaps and amortization of day 1 gains	73,520	111,918	185,438	(365,893)
<i>Changes in assets and liabilities:</i>				
Trade accounts receivable	(1,063)	5,377	4,314	(24,476)
Other current and non-current assets	(38,268)	(75,267)	(113,535)	1,706
Amounts due from related parties	(68)	452	384	(2,385)
Trade accounts payable	(15,082)	17,654	2,572	3,542
Accrued expenses	2,087	3,320	5,407	(8,797)
Other current and non-current liabilities	(13,102)	571	(12,531)	(83,132)
Net cash provided by continuing operations	26,393	59,605	85,998	58,078
Net income/(loss) from discontinued operations	104	189	293	(82,372)
Deconsolidation of lessor VIEs	—	—	—	(59,085)
Depreciation and amortization	35	(15)	20	8,733
Amortization of deferred charges and debt guarantees, net	—	—	—	3,932
(Gain)/loss on disposal and impairment of long-lived assets	(27)	—	(27)	105,201
Compensation cost related to employee stock awards	—	3	3	239
Net foreign exchange (gains)/losses	19	(2)	17	560
<i>Change in assets and liabilities:</i>				
Trade accounts receivable	5	(5)	—	836
Other current and non-current assets	161	139	300	(5,378)
Amounts due from related parties	—	—	—	(804)
Trade accounts payable	(4)	2	(2)	(7,261)
Accrued expenses	(79)	(86)	(165)	(4,926)
Other current and non-current liabilities	(173)	10	(163)	(24,941)
Net cash provided by/(used in) discontinued operations	41	235	276	(65,266)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of equity method investment	—	56,097	56,097	—
Proceeds from sale of listed equity securities	—	45,552	45,552	252,960
Proceeds from subscription of equity interest in Gimi MS	19,764	1,354	21,118	11,270
Dividends received from listed equity securities	—	11,128	11,128	3,665
Consideration received for long-lived assets held for sale	2,325	—	2,325	—
Additions to other investments	—	—	—	(2,447)

	2023	2023	2023	2022
<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	Apr-Jun	Jan-Mar	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun
Additions to vessels and equipment	(619)	—	(619)	—
Loan advanced to related parties	(3,500)	—	(3,500)	—
Deposit paid for vessel	(15,500)	—	(15,500)	—
Additions to asset under development	(111,897)	(26,205)	(138,102)	(175,230)
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities	(109,427)	87,926	(21,501)	90,218
Net proceeds from disposals of long-lived assets	—	—	—	566,803
Net cash provided by discontinued investing activities	—	—	—	566,803
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Reacquisition of common units in Hilli LLC	—	(100,047)	(100,047)	—
Repayments of short-term and long-term debt	(38,522)	(37,875)	(76,397)	(502,549)
Cash dividends paid	(33,016)	(11,521)	(44,537)	(25,305)
Purchase of treasury shares	(29,447)	—	(29,447)	(11,063)
Financing costs paid	(9,139)	(670)	(9,809)	(7,127)
Proceeds from short-term and long-term debt	75,000	10,000	85,000	256,000
Net cash used in financing activities	(35,124)	(140,113)	(175,237)	(290,044)
Repayments of short-term and long-term debt	—	—	—	(158,000)
Financing costs paid	—	—	—	(280)
Net cash used in discontinued financing activities	—	—	—	(158,280)
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term deposits within assets held for sale at the beginning of period	174	369	369	80,869
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term deposits within assets held for sale at the end of period	—	(174)	—	(222)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term deposits within assets held for sale	174	195	369	80,647
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, short-term deposits and cash within assets held for sale	(117,943)	7,848	(110,095)	282,156
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term deposits at the beginning of the period	1,020,729	1,012,881	1,012,881	337,922
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term deposits at the end of the period	902,786	1,020,729	902,786	620,078

Golar LNG Limited

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	Share Capital	Additional Paid-in Capital	Contributed Surplus ⁽¹⁾	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ⁽²⁾	Accumulated Retained Losses	Total before Non-Controlling Interests	Non-Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	108,223	1,972,859	200,000	(10,834)	(539,598)	1,730,650	447,267	2,177,917
Opening adjustment ⁽²⁾	—	(39,861)	—	—	38,175	(1,686)	—	(1,686)
Adjusted balance at January 1, 2022 (Audited)	108,223	1,932,998	200,000	(10,834)	(501,423)	1,728,964	447,267	2,176,231
Net income	—	—	—	—	575,214	575,214	121,338	696,552
Dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	(25,305)	(25,305)
Employee stock compensation	—	1,816	—	—	—	1,816	—	1,816
Forfeiture of employee stock compensation	—	(111)	—	—	—	(111)	—	(111)
Restricted stock units	187	(187)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Repurchase and cancellation of treasury shares	(569)	—	—	—	(10,493)	(11,062)	—	(11,062)
Proceeds from subscription of equity interest in Gimi MS Corporation	—	—	—	—	—	—	11,270	11,270
Deconsolidation of lessor VIEs	—	—	—	—	—	—	(182,706)	(182,706)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	88	—	88	—	88
Balance at June 30, 2022	107,841	1,934,516	200,000	(10,746)	63,298	2,294,909	371,864	2,666,773

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	Share Capital	Additional Paid-in Capital	Contributed Surplus ⁽¹⁾	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Accumulated Retained (Losses)/Earnings	Total before Non-Controlling Interests	Non-Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022 (Audited)	107,226	1,936,746	200,000	(5,811)	262,063	2,500,224	399,950	2,900,174
Net (loss)/income	—	—	—	—	(106,408)	(106,408)	20,749	(85,659)
Dividends	—	—	—	—	(26,695)	(26,695)	(17,842)	(44,537)
Employee stock compensation	—	3,638	—	—	—	3,638	—	3,638
Forfeiture of employee stock compensation	—	(73)	—	—	—	(73)	—	(73)
Restricted stock units	198	(198)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Proceeds from subscription of equity interest in Gimi MS Corporation	—	—	—	—	—	—	21,118	21,118
Repurchase and cancellation of treasury shares	(1,397)	—	—	—	(28,051)	(29,448)	—	(29,448)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	1,640	—	1,640	—	1,640
Reacquisition of common units of Hilli LLC ⁽³⁾	—	(251,249)	—	—	—	(251,249)	35,644	(215,605)
Balance at June 30, 2023	106,027	1,688,864	200,000	(4,171)	100,909	2,091,629	459,619	2,551,248

(1) Contributed Surplus is 'capital' that can be returned to shareholders without the need to reduce share capital, thereby giving us greater flexibility when it comes to declaring dividends.

(2) Opening adjustment relates to the adoption of ASU 2020-06 *Debt – Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Topic 470) and Derivatives and Hedging – Contracts in Entity’s Own Equity (Topic 815)*, relating to amendment to simplify an issuer’s accounting for convertible instruments.

(3) On March 15, 2023, we repurchased the 1,230 Hilli Common Units, held by Golar Partners from NFE in exchange for payment of \$100.0 million cash, our 4.1 million NFE Shares with a fair value of \$116.9 million and our assumption of distribution rights to these 1,230 Hilli Common Units for the period from January 1 to March 15, 2023 (which NFE waived) with a fair value of \$3.9 million (the “Hilli Buyback”).

Golar LNG Limited

APPENDIX A

The table below represents our actual Contractual Debt, including the net finance lease obligation between us and the lessor VIE as at June 30, 2023:

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	Total Contractual Debt	Golar's share of Contractual Debt		Total scheduled capital repayments over the next 12 months	GLNG's share of scheduled capital repayments over the next 12 months	
<i>Non-VIE debt</i>						
Unsecured Bonds	138,706		138,706	—		—
Golar Arctic	18,236		18,236	(7,294)		(7,294)
Gimi	620,000	70%	434,000	—	70%	—
<i>Net finance lease obligations between Golar and the lessor VIE⁽¹⁾</i>						
FLNG Hilli	619,448	94.6%	585,688	(42,210)	94.6%	(39,910)
Total Contractual Debt	1,396,390		1,176,630	(49,504)		(47,204)

(1) Under US GAAP, we consolidate the lessor VIE. Accordingly, the net finance lease obligation between Golar and the lessor VIE is eliminated.

The table below represents our anticipated contractual capital repayments until 2027, including the net finance lease obligation between us and the lessor VIE which is eliminated on consolidation:

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	2023⁽¹⁾	2024	2025	2026	2027
<i>Non-VIE debt</i>					
Unsecured Bonds	—	—	(138,874)	—	—
Golar Arctic	(3,647)	(14,589)	—	—	—
Gimi	—	(29,167)	(58,333)	(58,333)	(58,333)
<i>Net finance lease obligations between Golar and the lessor VIE⁽¹⁾</i>					
FLNG Hilli	(21,105)	(42,210)	(42,210)	(42,210)	(42,210)
Total Contractual Capital Repayments	(24,752)	(85,966)	(239,417)	(100,543)	(100,543)

(1) For the six months ending December 31, 2023.

Included within the restricted cash and short-term deposits and debt balances are amounts relating to the lessor VIE entity that we are required to consolidate under US GAAP into our financial statements. The table represents the impact of consolidating our remaining lessor VIE into our balance sheet, with respect to the following line items:

<i>(in thousands of \$)</i>	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Restricted cash and short-term deposits	18,804	21,693
Current portion of long-term debt and short-term debt	(314,683)	(337,547)
Long-term debt	(121,021)	(156,563)
Total debt, net of deferred finance charges	(435,704)	(494,110)

The consolidated results and net assets of the consolidated lessor VIE entity are based on management's best estimates. As discussed above, we are required to consolidate amounts relating to lessor VIE entity into our financial statements. As such, the table above represents the lessor VIE entity balances and not our actual costs and balances.