

AURIANT MINING AB (publ.)

Q3 2023 Interim Report (January – September)

The consolidated financial statements of the Auriant Mining Group ("Auriant Mining", "the Company"), of which Auriant Mining AB (publ.) with corporate identity number 556659-4833 is the parent company ("the Parent Company"), are hereby presented for the nine-months period ended on 30 September 2023.

Highlights 9 months 2023, Auriant Group

Amounts in parentheses refer to the same period in the previous year.

- Gold production in line with the mine plan 518.1 kg / 16,658 oz (610.5 kg / 19,630 oz)
- **Gold sales** 438.5 kg /14,097 oz (689.5 kg /22,168 oz)
- Consolidated revenue US\$ 26.9 mln (US\$ 40.4 mln)
- Net loss after tax US\$ -10.2 mln (profit US\$ 9.3 mln)
- **EBITDA** US\$ 4.7 mln (US\$ 14.8 mln)
- Net cash flow generated from operating activities US\$ 3.6 mln (US\$ 10.3 mln)
- Average selling price for gold US\$ 1,911 per oz (US\$ 1,820 per oz)
- **As of 1 January 2023 the Group changed its functional currency** from the US Dollar to Russian Rouble. For all Russian entities the functional currency is the Russian Rouble (RUB). The functional currency of the parent company is Swedish Krona (SEK). The presentation currency is USD (unchanged).
- In October at the Extraordinary General Meeting of Auriant Mining AB (publ) was resolved to elect the authorised public accountant Johan Kaijser as the company's new auditor until the end of the next annual general meeting.

Operations

The Company has currently four assets, including two operating mines (Tardan and Staroverinskaya¹), one early stage exploration asset and one development asset. The gold production during 9 months 2023, compared to the corresponding periods in 2022 and full year 2022, is presented in the following table:

Production unit	9m	2023	9m	2022	Yo	οY	FY	2022
	kg	oz	kg	oz	kg	oz	kg	oz
Hard rock								_
Tardan (CIL)	503.3	16,182	604.2	19,427	-100.9	-3,245	771.5	24,805
Alluvial								
Staroverinskaya	15	476	6	203	-21.1	497	8.6	278
Total gold produced	518.1	16,658	610.5	19,629	-92.4	-2,971	780.1	25,083

Tardan

Tardan includes Tardan's open pit mine and Tardan's CIL plant. Tardan's CIL plant has a projected throughput of >50t per working hour. The CIL plant's flowsheet is as follows: crushing, milling and thickening followed by direct leaching in tanks, then separation to tailings and leach solution via pressfilters followed by sorption, desorption of the leach solution and then electrolysis. The output product from the site is gold alloys (Doré bars) containing some 83-89% of gold content. These are further refined to bankable gold bullions by an external refinery.

In 9m 2023, ore mined amounted to 176 thousand tonnes (9m 2022: 299 thousand tonnes) a decrease of 123 thousand tonnes or 41%. The average grade in 9m 2023 was 2.45 g/t, compared to 2.02 g/t in 9m 2022 – an increase by 21% compared to PY period.

Stripping volume amounted to 1,6502 thousand m3 (9m 2022: 1,655 thousand tonnes).

In 9m 2023, the volume of ore processed through the CIL plant amounted to 310 thousand tonnes with an average grade of 1.78 g/t (total gold in processed ore -552 kg). The volume of ore processed in 9m 2022 was 298 thousand tonnes with an average grade of 2.17 g/t (total gold in processed ore -647 kg).

9m 2023 hard rock gold production amounted to 503.3 kg (16,182 oz), compared to 604.2 kg (19,427 oz) in 9m 2022, a decrease of 17%, or 100.9 kg (3,245 oz).

Staroverinskaya license area

Alluvial gold production amounted to 14.8 kg (476 oz) compared to 6.3 kg (203 oz) an increase of 135%, or 8.5 kg (273 oz).

 $^{^{1}}$ The Company operates at Staroverinskaya license area that includes not only Solcocon, but also other areas.

Financial overview

Comments on financial performance

Revenue

	9m :	2023	9m 2022		YoY		FY	2022
	kg	OZ	kg	oz	kg	oz	kg	OZ
Gold sales	438	14,097	690	22,168	(252)	(8,071)	882	28,365
Hard rock gold	425	13,662	684	21,995	(259)	(8,333)	874	28,109
Alluvial gold	14	436	5	174	8	262	8	255
Average realized gold price, \$/oz		1,911		1,820	-	90		1,800
Total revenue, \$US mln		26.9		40.4	-	(13.4)		51.1

Revenue from the sale of gold amounted to US\$ 26.9 mln, a 33% decrease compared to 9m 2022 (US\$ 40.4 mln), due to a lower volume of gold produced. 9m 2023 gold sales volumes amounted to 438 kg (14,097 oz), which is 36%, or 252 kg (8,071 oz) less than in 9m 2022.

The average realized gold price per ounce increased from US\$ 1,820 in 9m 2022 to US\$ 1,911 in 9m 2023, or by 5%.

Expenses

In 9m 2023, the Group's cost of sales decreased by 18% compared to 9m 2022, down to US\$ 21.7 mln, while cash operating expenses decreased by 24% down to US\$ 18.7 mln.

	9m 2023	9m 2022	Change	Change
	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	%
Cash operating expenses	(18,728)	(24,700)	5,972	-24%
Change in stripping asset (non-cash)	(1,665)	1,418	(3,083)	-217%
Change in work in progress (non-cash)	809	(89)	899	-1006%
Depreciation & amortization (non-cash)	(2,084)	(3,121)	1,037	-33%
Cost of sales	(21,667)	(26,492)	4,825	-18%

Lower volume of mining works as well as production of gold resulted in saving of cash operating expenses in RUB by 11%.

Due to the fact that the most of the Group's operating expenses are denominated in Russian Roubles (RUB), stronger RUB vs the USD can negatively impact the Group's margins by increasing the USD value of its RUB-denominated costs, while a weaker RUB positively affects its margins as it reduces the USD value of the Group's RUB-denominated costs. RUB depreciation against the USD during 9m 2023 had a positive effect on the Group's margin. In 9m 2023, the average USD/RUB exchange rate amounted to 83.3838 (9m 2022: 70.3730) – the RUB depreciated by 18% against the USD.

Depreciation of stripping assets capitalized in 2022 as well as lower volume of hard rock gold produced during 9m 2023 led to the growth of the cash cost per ounce. The average cash cost per ounce produced at LLC "Tardan Gold" increased by 3% from US\$ 1,156/oz in 9m 2022 to US\$ 1,189/oz in 9m 2023.

Stripping asset depreciation and change in work in progress in 9m 2023 were in line with mining and production activities.

The Company's financial expenses represented by interest on loans and borrowings and lease liabilities amounted to US\$ 4.1 mln in 9m 2023, a net increase of 51% compared to the previous period (US\$ 2.7 mln). The conversion of the currency of the bank loan from USD to RUB in February 2023 led to a new interest rate linked to a key rate of the Central bank. Due to the Central bank key rate increase, the loan

interest rate during 9m 2023 ranged from 10.75% to 16.25% at RUB currency (9m 2022: 4.7% at USD currency). The average interest rate on bond liability to Golden Impala increased from 7.7% in 9m 2022 to 13.1% in 9m 2023 as interest rate is linked to LIBOR and calculated as 6.44%+3m LIBOR.

In 9m 2023, income tax charge at LLC "Tardan Gold" amounted to US\$ 1.5 mln (9m 2022: 2.4 mln).

The accumulated deferred tax asset on non-monetary items in the amount of US\$ 6.6 mln was settled (non-cash expense) in Q1 2023 in connection with changing the Group's functional currency from the USD to the RUB. In accordance with the requirements in IAS 21 the effect of a change in functional currency is accounted for prospectively, i.e., an entity translates all items into the new functional currency using the exchange rate at the date of the change.

Financial results

In 9m 2023, the Group recognized net loss of US\$ -10.2 mln compared to net profit US\$ 9.3 mln in 9m 2022.

Loss per share for the period were US\$ -0.10 compared to earnings of US\$ 0.09 in 9m 2022.

EBITDA decreased by US\$ 10.1 mln and amounted to US\$ 4.7 mln in 9m 2023 (US\$ 14.8 mln in the comparative period) with an EBITDA margin of 18% compared to 37% in 9m 2022.

EBITDA margin, %	9m 2023	9m 2022	Change	Change
	US\$mln	US\$mln	US\$mln	%
Revenue	26.9	40.4	(13.4)	-33%
EBITDA	4.7	14.8	(10.1)	-68%
EBITDA margin, %	18%	37%	-19%	-52%

EBITDA reconciliation to Profit before tax	9m 2023	9m 2022	Change	Change
	US\$mln	US\$mln	US\$mln	%
Profit before income tax	(3.2)	10.5	(13.7)	-130%
Financial income	0.0	0.3	(0.3)	-96%
Financial costs	(4.1)	(2.7)	(1.4)	51%
Currency gain/(loss)	(1.7)	1.3	(3.0)	-234%
Depreciation & amortization	(2.1)	(3.1)	1.0	-33%
EBITDA	4.7	14.8	(10.1)	-68%

Comments on the financial position

As of 1 January 2023 the Group changed its functional currency from the USD to RUB. For all Russian entities the functional currency is the RUB. The functional currency of the parent company is Swedish Krona (SEK). The presentation currency is USD. In accordance with the requirements in IAS 21 the effect of a change in functional currency is accounted for prospectively. Assets and liabilities on 30 September 2023 were translated into presentation currency at the closing rate which led to the decrease of closing balances of monetary and non-monetary items.

In the reporting period, the Company decreased its stripping assets by US\$ 2.4 mln, or 71%, as result of depreciation of stripping costs, primarily at Ore zone #3 and Ore body 26 of Tardan deposit.

As of September 30th 2023 the Company had 101.7 kg of gold produced but not sold (43.4 kg as of 31 December 2022).

As of September 30th 2023, total bank loan debt amounted to MRUB 430.0 (US\$ 4.4 mln). During 9m 2023 the Group repaid the bank loan in amount of MRUB 244.7 (US\$ 3.2 mln).

Liability to Golden Impala increased by US\$ 3.5 mln or 9% due to the interests accrued during the reporting period.

Total net debt as as of September 30th 2023, amounted to US\$ 49.5 mln compared to US\$ 50.6 mln as at December 31, 2022.

Total Net Debt	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	TUSD	TUSD
Bank loans	4,415	9,295
Debt to shareholder	42,550	39,029
Other interest-bearing liabilities	2,385	2,602
Other notes	207	287
Leasing	132	481
Total Debt	49,689	51,695
Cash and Cash equivalents	170	1,125
Total Net Debt	49,519	50,570

Liquidity, investments and financing

Gold sales revenue decreased by US\$ 13.4 mln or 33% due to lower gold sales volume (438 kg in 9m 2023 vs 690 kg in 9m 2022).

Income tax paid by LLC "Tardan Gold" in 9m 2023 amounted to US\$ 0.7 mln (US\$ 3.0 mln in 9m 2022).

Net cash flow generated from operating activities decreased by US\$ 6.7 mln, or 65%, and amounted to US\$ 3.6 mln in the reporting period vs US\$ 10.3 mln in the comparative period.

During 9m 2023, operating activities were financed from the same sources as in the previous reporting period, i.e. by gold sales and the reimbursement of VAT.

Positive cash flows from operating activities were used for loan repayments and finance lease payments in both periods.

The consolidated cash balance as at 30 September 2023 was US\$ 0.17 mln compared to US\$ 1.1 mln as at 31 December 2022.

As of September 30^{th} 2023 the Company had 101.7 kg of gold produced but not sold with a market value of US\$ 6.1 mln, based on gold price per ounce at the end of September, that had been realized in October-November 2023 – this strongly supports the Company's liquidity position.

Other financial information

SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company accounts for segments in accordance with IFRS 8. At present, the Company has one segment, as the only core product (gold) is produced and all operations are performed in one economic environment, Russia.

EMPLOYEES

During 9m 2023, the Group had an average of 503 employees, of which 421 were men and 82 women (during 9m 2022: 569, of which 471 were men and 98 women).

As of 30th of September 2023, the number of employees in the Group was 471, of which 391 were men and 80 women (as at 31 December 2022: 513, of which 435 were men and 78 women).

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As of 30th of September 2023, the number of shares in issue was 98,768,270. The limits of the share capital are a minimum of MSEK 0.5 and a maximum of MSEK 2.0 and the quota value of each share is SEK 0.00506235453. Each share carries one vote.

THE PARENT COMPANY

The Parent company is a holding company without significant operations. It supports the subsidiaries with financing, investor relations, strategy formulation, etc. Thus, usually it has no income other than interest income on loans extended to the subsidiaries from time to time.

INCOME AND RESULTS OF THE PARENT COMPANY

The operating loss for 9m 2023 was MSEK 6.191 (US\$ 0.584 mln), compared to 9m 2022 MSEK 4.308 (US\$ 0.434 mln).

Net financial items for 9m 2023 amounted to MSEK -74.137 (US\$ -7.178 mln) and mainly represented by interest income from subsidiary companies of MSEK 11.016 (US\$ 1.040 mln) which were offset by interest expenses of MSEK -37.687 (US\$ -3.559 mln) and net forex loss of MSEK -47.466 (US\$ -4.659 mln).

Due to the low liquidity in the market and high volatility in the SEK/RUB rate, the Riksbank suspended the publication the Rouble rate since 28 March 2022. The SEK/RUB cross rate via USD was used to convert RUB-denominated loans into SEK as at 30 September 2023. The official RUB/USD rate published by the Russian Central Bank on 30 September 2023 was 97.4147, the official USD/SEK rate published by the Riksbank was 10.8413. SEK/RUR closing cross rate was 8.9855 on 30 September 2023 (6.7392 – on 31 December 2022). RUB depreciation against the SEK by 33% resulted in a forex loss on RUB-denominated loan receivables from subsidiary companies. SEK depreciation against the USD by 4% resulted in a forex loss on USD-denominated loan liabilities.

The investment in subsidiaries represent a significant portion of the assets in the Parent Company and impairment tests are regularly carried out by the board and management of Auriant Mining AB in order to assess that the recoverable value of these assets is not less than their reported values. The impairment test is carried out through the application of discounted cash flow model. The model is sensitive to a number of variables and assessments, with some of the more important being the price of gold and required yield. The recoverable value of investments in the subsidiary LLC "Tardan Gold" on 31 March 2023 based on the current market situation was reassessed. The key assumptions applied in the test were the average price of gold during the test period of 1,870 for year 2023 and 1,950 USD/oz from 2024 (2022: 1,870-1,950 USD/oz), and a discounting rate of 12.0% (2022: 12.0%), RUB/USD rate of 80.00 (2022: 71-75). Based on the impairment test performed as at March 31, 2023, the Company reported a reversal of previous years impairment of investments in LLC "Tardan Gold" in a total amount of MSEK 121.000 (US\$ 11.603 mln).

Net profit for the period was MSEK 40.672 (US\$ 3.841 mln) compared to net loss of MSEK 41.428 (US\$ 4.180 mln) in 9m 2022.

FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE PARENT COMPANY

As of 30th of September 2023, the Parent Company cash balance was MSEK 1.527 (US\$ 0.141 mln) compared to MSEK 0.355 (US\$ 0.034 mln) as at 31 December 2022.

As of 30th of September 2023, the long-term liabilities were represented by the debt to Golden Impala (the Shareholder's bond) of MSEK 461.297 (US\$ 42.550 mln) and long-term part of KFM liability in amount of MSEK 22.727 (US\$ 2.096 mln).

The current liability was mainly represented by short-term liability to KFM of MSEK 3.134 (US\$ 0.289 mln).

The Parent Company had two employees at the end of the period.

9 months 2023 operational update

Highlights:

- In 9m 2023, hard rock gold production amounted to 503.3 kg (16,182 oz), compared to 604.2 kg (19,427 oz) in 9m 2022, a decrease of 17%, or 100.9 kg (3,245 oz);
- Alluvial gold production amounted to 14.8 kg (476 oz) compared to 6.3 kg (203 oz) an increase of 135%, or 8.5 kg (273 oz);
- In 9m 2023, total gold sales were 438.5 kg (14,097 oz), compared to 689.5 kg (22,168 oz) in 9m 2022, a decrease of 251.0 kg (8,071 oz), or 36%;
- 310,073 tonnes of ore with average grade of 1.78 g/t were processed through the CIL plant;
- 175,902 tonnes of ore were mined in 9m 2023, compared to 298,660 tonnes in 9m 2022, a decrease of 122,758 tonnes or 41%. Stripping volume amounted to 1,649,600 m3 (-5,100 m3, almost the same as in 9m 2022);
- The average grade in the ore mined in 9m 2023 was 2.45 g/t, compared to 2.02 g/t in 9m 2022, a growth of 21%;

Overall, 9m 2023 production was in line with the Company's production plan.

Total Gold Production

Production unit	9m	2023	9m :	2022		Change	
	kg	oz	kg	oz	kg	OZ	%
Hard rock							
Tardan (CIL)	503.3	16,182	604.2	19,427	(100.9)	(3,245)	-17%
Alluvial							
Staroverinskaya	14.8	476	6.3	203	8.5	273	135%
Total gold produced	518.1	16,658	610.5	19,629	(92.4)	(2,971)	-15%

Hard Rock Gold Production

	Unit	9m 2023	9m 2022	Chang	Change	
Mining						
Waste stripping	000 m3	1,649.6	1,654.7	(5.1)	0%	
Ore mined	000 tonnes	175.9	298.7	(122.8)	-41%	
Gold in Ore	kg	430.3	604.5	(174.2)	-29%	
Average grade	g/t	2.45	2.02	0.43	21%	
CIL						
Ore processing	000 tonnes	310.1	297.9	12.2	4%	
Grade	g/t	1.78	2.17	(0.4)	-18%	
Gold in ore processing	kg	552.0	646.5	(94.5)	-15%	
Gold produced CIL	kg	503.3	604.2	(100.9)	-17%	
Recovery	%	91%	93%	-2%	-2%	
Warehouse on Sep 30						
Ore	000 tonnes	72.3	132.3	(60.0)	-45%	
Grade	g/t	1.79	1.85	(0.07)	-4%	

Financial reports

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

	Q3	Q3	9 months	9 months	12 months
Note	Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep	Jan-Sep	Jan-Sep	Jan-Dec
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022
	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
Revenue	9,319	14,058	26,938	40,355	51,054
Cost of sales	(6,112)	(12,843)	(21,667)	(26,492)	(37,482)
Gross profit	3,207	1,215	5,271	13,863	13,572
Consumal and advairaint wating any areas	(CE 4)	(C10)	(2.224)	(2.067)	(2.014)
General and administrative expenses	(654)	(618)	(2,331)	(2,067)	(2,814)
Other operating overages	(170)	33	(25.6)	92	1,004
Other operating expenses	(178)	(64)	(356)	(192)	(349)
Operating profit/(loss)	2,407	566	2,648	11,696	11,413
Financial income	4	15	11	267	269
Financial expenses 4	(1,466)	(1,064)	(4,127)	(2,726)	(3,955)
Foreign exchange gain/(loss), net	51	861	(1,693)	1,266	1,422
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	996	378	(3,161)	10,503	9,149
Income tax	(382)	(767)	(7,007)	(1,232)	(1,587)
Net profit/(loss) for the period	614	(389)	(10,168)	9,271	7,562
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Whereof attributable to:					
The owners of the Parent Company	614	(389)	(10,168)	9,271	7,562
Earnings per share before dilution (US\$)	0.01	0.00	-0.10	0.09	0.08
Earnings per share after dilution (US\$)	0.01	0.00	-0.10	0.09	0.08
Number of shares issued at period end	98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270
Average number of shares for the period	98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270
Average number of shares for the period after dilution	98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Q3	Q3	9 months	9 months	12 months
	Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep	Jan-Sep	Jan-Sep	Jan-Dec
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022
	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
Net profit/(loss) for the period	614	(389)	(10,168)	9,271	7,562
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period					
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit					
or loss					
Translation difference	(3,077)	(2)	(14,854)	96	98
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	(2,463)	(391)	(25,022)	9,367	7,660

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Note	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2022
ASSETS		US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
Non-current assets				
Intangible fixed assets		13,922	19,128	19,860
Tangible fixed assets		14,226	26,451	25,150
Stripping assets		989	3,787	3,372
Deferred tax assets		1,561	9,705	8,014
Total non-current assets		30,698	59,071	56,396
Current assets				
Materials		1,828	3,165	2,663
Work in progress		3,284	7,632	6,951
Finished products		3,547	2,591	2,254
Trade and other receivables		894	2,255	2,160
Advanced paid to suppliers and prepaid expenses		1,022	1,380	733
Cash and cash equivalents		170	1,102	1,125
Total current assets		10,745	18,125	15,886
TOTAL ASSETS		41,443	77,196	72,282
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Share capital		64	1,438	1,438
Additional paid-in capital		79,220	79,220	79,220
Translation difference reserve		(28,057)	(13,205)	(13,203)
Retained earnings		(74,830)	(64,327)	(66,036)
TOTAL EQUITY		(23,603)	3,126	1,419
LIABILITIES				
Non-current liabilities				
Bank loans and other notes		2,310	662	287
Debt to shareholder		42,550	38,045	39,029
Lease payable		48	143	65
Deferred tax liabilities		2,202	5,032	3,632
Other non-current liabilities	6	13,056	10,623	13,608
Total non-current liabilities		60,166	54,505	56,621
Current liabilities				
Bank loans payable		2,312	10,363	9,295
Other interest bearing liabilities	7	372	3,241	709
Trade accounts payable	_	569	1,160	779
Other current liabilities	8	1,627	4,801	3,459
Total current liabilities		4,880	19,565	14,242
Total liabilities		65,046	74,070	70,863
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		41,443	77,196	72,282

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Attributable to the shareholders of the parent company							
US\$000	Share capital	Additiona I paid in capital	Translation difference reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity			
Equity as at December 31, 2021	1,438	79,220	(13,301)	(73,598)	(6,241)			
Comprehensive income								
Net profit/(loss) for the period	_	-	-	9,271	9,271			
Other comprehensive income	_	_	96	-	96			
Total comprehensive income for								
the period	-	-	96	9,271	9,367			
Equity as at September 30, 2022	1,438	79,220	(13,205)	(64,327)	3,126			
Comprehensive income								
Net profit/loss for the period	-	_	-	(1,709)	(1,709			
Other comprehensive income	-	-	2	-	2			
Total comprehensive income for								
the period	-	-	2	(1,709)	(1,707			
Equity as at December 31, 2022	1,438	79,220	(13,203)	(66,036)	1,419			
Transactions with shareholders								
Reduction in share capital	(1,374)			1,374				
Total transactions with								
shareholders for the period	(1,374)			1,374				
Comprehensive income								
Net profit/(loss) for the period				(10,168)	(10,168			
Other comprehensive income	_	_	(14,854)	(10,100)	(14,854			
Total comprehensive income for			(1.,00.1)		(2.,)554			
the period	-	-	(14,854)	(10,168)	(25,022			
Equity as at September 30, 2023	64	79,220	(28,057)	(74,830)	(23,603			

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Q3 Jul-Sep 2023 US\$000	Q3 Jul-Sep 2022 US\$000	9 months Jan-Sep 2023 US\$000	9 months Jan-Sep 2022 US\$000	12 months Jan-Dec 2022 US\$000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	·	·		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Receipts from gold sales	9,319	14,058	26,938	40,355	51,053
VAT and other reimbursement	956	1,548	2,505	4,149	5,453
Payments to suppliers	(5,867)	(7,919)	(15,159)	(20,834)	(27,426)
Payments to employees and social taxes	(2,302)	(3,283)	(8,297)	(9,084)	(11,991)
Income tax paid	(305)	(1,012)	(721)	(3,013)	(3,013)
Other taxes paid	(717)	(477)	(1,648)	(1,262)	(1,764)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	1,084	2,915	3,618	10,311	12,312
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase and construction of property plant and					
equipment	(65)	(142)	(78)	(769)	(801)
Exploration and research works	(77)	(165)	(174)	(365)	(265)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(142)	(307)	(252)	(1,134)	(1,066)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from borrowings, net	155	60	155	60	67
Repayment of borrowings, net	(423)	(2,648)	(3,208)	(8,830)	(10,266)
Interest paid	(350)	(186)	(694)	(582)	(826)
Lease payments	(181)	(181)	(485)	(525)	(717)
Other finance income/expenses	-	(33)	-	(33)	(33)
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities	(799)	(2,988)	(4,232)	(9,910)	(11,775)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	143	(380)	(866)	(733)	(529)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and	3	(555)	(555)	()	(525)
cash equivalents	(18)	(437)	(88)	360	179
Opening balance cash and cash equivalents	45	1,919	1,125	1,474	1,474
Closing balance cash and cash equivalents	170	1,102	170	1,102	1,125

CONSOLIDATED KEY RATIOS

		9 months	9 months	12months
	Definitions	Jan-Sep	Jan-Sep	Jan-Dec
		2023	2022	2022
		US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
Total assets	Total assets at period end	41,443	77,196	72,282
Total equity	Total equity including non-controlling interest at period end	(23,603)	3,126	1,419
Interest bearing debt	Total interest-bearing debt at the period end	49,482	52,103	51,413
Employees at period end	-	471	536	513
EBITDA	Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation, Amortization, any Impairment and one-off items	4,744	14,831	15,395
Per share data				
Earnings per share (USD)	Net result after tax for the period divided by the average number of outstanding shares for the period before dilution	(0.10)	0.09	0.08
Equity per share (USD)	Equity excluding non-controlling interests at the period end divided by the number of outstanding shares at the period end	(0.24)	0.03	0.01

PARENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

	Q3 Jul-Sep 2023	Q3 Jul-Sep 2022	9 months Jan-Sep 2023	9 months Jan-Sep 2022	months Jan-Dec 2022	Q3 Jul-Sep 2023	Q3 Jul-Sep 2022	9 months Jan-Sep 2023	9 months Jan-Sep 2022	months Jan-Dec 2022
	TSEK	TSEK	TSEK	TSEK	TSEK	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
Income										
Operating income	-	250	-	750	500	-	24	-	76	49
Total income	-	250	-	750	500	-	24	-	76	49
Operating costs	(557)	(4.052)	(2.227)	(2.650)	(4.447)	(50)	(4.04)	(24.4)	(267)	(420)
External expenses	(557)	(1,053)	(3,327)	(2,650)	(4,447)	(50)	(101)	(314)	(267)	(439)
Employee benefit expenses	(791)	(810)	(2,864)	(2,408)	(3,445)	(72)	(76)	(270)	(243)	(340)
Total operating costs	(1,348)	(1,863)	(6,191)	(5,058)	(7,892)	(122)	(177)	(584)	(510)	(779)
Operating profit/loss	(1,348)	(1,613)	(6,191)	(4,308)	(7,392)	(122)	(153)	(584)	(434)	(730)
Reversal of Impairment of investments to TG	-	-	121,000	-		-	-	11,603	-	-
Net financial items	(20,702)	(44,985)	(74,137)	(37,120)	(50,535)	(2,026)	(4,566)	(7,178)	(3,746)	(4,991)
Profit/loss before income tax	(22,050)	(46,598)	40,672	(41,428)	(57,927)	(2,148)	(4,719)	3,841	(4,180)	(5,721)
Income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Net profit/loss for the period	(22,050)	(46,598)	40,672	(41,428)	(57,927)	(2,148)	(4,719)	3,841	(4,180)	(5,721)

PARENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Q3 Jul-Sep 2023	Q3 Jul-Sep 2022	9 months Jan-Sep 2023	9 months Jan-Sep 2022	months Jan-Dec 2022	Q3 Jul-Sep 2023	Q3 Jul-Sep 2022	9 months Jan-Sep 2023	9 months Jan-Sep 2022	12 months Jan-Dec 2022
	TSEK	TSEK	TSEK	TSEK	TSEK	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
Net profit/loss for the period	(22,050)	(46,598)	40,672	(41,428)	(57,927)	(2,148)	(4,719)	3,841	(4,180)	(5,721)
Translation differences						120	(45)	(122)	(932)	(820)
Total comprehensive income for the period	(22,050)	(46,598)	40,672	(41,428)	(57,927)	(2,028)	(4,764)	3,719	(5,112)	(6,541)

PARENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2022
	TSEK	TSEK	TSEK	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
ASSETS						_
FIXED ASSETS						
Investments in subsidiaries	535,007	477,642	443,740	49,349	42,943	42,516
Total fixed assets	535,007	477,642	443,740	49,349	42,943	42,516
CURRENT ASSETS						
Current receivables	1,003	1,829	1,703	93	164	163
Cash and bank	1,527	455	355	141	41	34
Total current assets	2,530	2,284	2,058	234	205	197
TOTAL ASSETS	537,537	479,926	445,798	49,583	43,148	42,713
						_
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
EQUITY	49,869	25,696	9,197	4,600	2,310	881
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	484,024	423,158	431,496	44,646	38,045	41,343
CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,644	31,072	5,105	337	2,793	489
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	537,537	479,926	445,798	49,583	43,148	42,713

Notes

NOTE 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Auriant Mining AB (publ.) ("AUR AB", "the Parent company" or "the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group" or "the Auriant Mining Group") are focused on gold exploration and production in Russia, primarily in the Republics of Khakassia and Tyva and in Zabaikalye.

The Parent Company is a registered public limited liability company with its head office in Sweden. The address of the head office is Box 55696, 102 15 Stockholm. AUR AB was listed on the Swedish NGM Nordic Growth Market stock exchange on March 29, 2005 and has been listed on the Swedish NASDAQ First North Premier Growth Market stock exchange since July 19, 2010. At present, the Company has 3,056 shareholders.

NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as described on page 59 in the annual report for financial year 2022. The evaluations and estimations made by the board of directors and management in preparing the interim report are described on page 70 in the annual report for 2022. The Parent company accounts are prepared in accordance with the Swedish Annual Accounts Act and the Swedish Financial Reporting Board's recommendation RFR 2 *Accounting for legal entities*. The accounting policies for the Parent are the same as for the group with the exceptions described in the annual report 2022.

The same accounting principles are applied in this interim report as in the annual report 2022.

As of 1 January 2023 the Group changed its functional currency from the US Dollar to Russian Rouble. The functional currency of individual companies is determined by the primary economic environment in which the entity operates or the one in which it primarily generates and expends cash. Economic sanctions and restrictions imposed on certain russian institutions since February 2022 resulted in change of factors influences on:

- the sales prices for gold and gold equivalents;
- the currency in which funds from financing activities were generated.

For all Russian entities the functional currency is the Russian Rouble (RUB). The functional currency of the Group's entities located and operating in Cyprus is EURO. The functional currency of the parent company is Swedish Krona (SEK). The presentation currency remained unchanged – US Dollar. In accordance with the requirements in IAS 21 the effect of a change in functional currency is accounted for prospectively, i.e., an entity translates all items into the new functional currency using the exchange rate at the date of the change.

No other material changes in accounting principles have taken place since the Annual Report for 2022.

Currency rates used in the report

Year 2023	RUB/USD	SEK/USD	SEK/RUB	Year 2022	RUB/USD	SEK/USD	SEK/RUB
Average Q1	72,9711	10,428	6,9976	Average Q1	87,3479	9,345	9,4568
Average Q2	81,24021	10,5194	7,7229	Average Q2	66,5114	9,8382	6,7608
Average Q3	94,2001	10,8098	7,7229	Average Q3	59,4783	10,547	5,6394
Average H1	77,2824	10,4737	8,7143	Average H1	76,5718	9,5916	7,9832
Average 9m	83,3838	10,5857	7,8770	Average 9m	70,3730	9,9101	7,1012
March 31	77,0863	10,3539	7,4451	March 31	84,0851	9,2641	10,4868
June 30	87,0341	10,8509	8,0209	June 30	51,1580	10,2194	5,0060
September 30	97,4147	10,8413	8,9855	September 30	57,4130	11,1227	5,1618
				December 31	70,3375	10,4371	6,7392

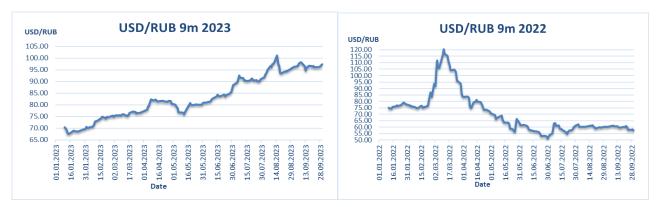
NOTE 3 RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS INTERIM REPORT

The group's risk exposure is presented on pages 40 and 89 of the 2022 annual report. Various risks may affect the results of the operating, financial and investing activities of the companies in mining and exploration industry, including Auriant Mining Group. The principal risks relating to the industry and Auriant Mining Group are described below:

- a. Operational risks production related risks:
 - Failure to achieve production plan. The production capacity of a mine and gold processing plant, or the quality of mineral reserves and the availability of qualified staff, might not be in line with the production plan due to different circumstances which might lead to the non-achievement of the plan.
 - Unexpected business interruptions. 1. Weather. Unexpected business interruption might lead to a significant delay in production and consequent decrease in profit. The Group's assets are located in Republic of Tyva, Republic of Khakassia and the Zabaikalsky region, a remote area that can be subject to severe climatic conditions. 2. External contractors. The Group's operations are materially dependent on outside contractors, including, but not limited to, providers of transportation and excavation services (in addition to transportation and excavation made using own fleet of equipment), drilling, blasting, equipment maintenance services, electricity and other utilities supply, transportation of materials to the mine, etc. Delay in the delivery or the failure of mining equipment could significantly delay production and impact the Group's profitability.
 - Obtaining necessary permit and approvals. Besides licenses for exploration and mining of natural resources, the Company must obtain additional permits and approvals to be able to actually carry out mining and production activities. For newly explored deposits, those permits and approvals include, without limitation, approval of resources with GKZ (State Resource Committee); approval of project documentation for open pit construction and operation; renting land to be used for mining activities and related activities; permits for potentially hazardous activities (such as blasting operations and operations with poisonous materials); environmental safety review, etc.
 - Kara Beldyr The commencement of gold production is contingent upon timely implementation of the Government's final decision to finance the power line and its construction.
- b. Financial risks: The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: a) market risk (including currency and gold price risk and interest rate risk), b) credit risk and c) liquidity risk.

Currency Fluctuations

The Group's income is subject to exchange rate fluctuations. The Group's revenue from gold sales is linked to USD, whereas most of the Group's operating expenses are denominated in RUB. Accordingly, an appreciation of the RUB against the USD negatively affects the Group's margins by increasing the USD value of its RUB-denominated costs. Conversely, an appreciation of the USD against the RUB positively affects the Group's margins by decreasing the USD value of its RUB-denominated costs. RUB depreciation against the USD by 18% during 9m 2023 compared to 9m 2022 had a positive effect on the Group's margin. In 9m 2023, the average USD/RUB exchange rate amounted to 83.3838 (9m 2022: 70.3730).



As at 30 September 2023, the RUB depreciated against the USD by 38% compared to 31 December 2022, which resulted in decreasing RUB-denominated assets and liabilities in the Consolidated statement of financial position.

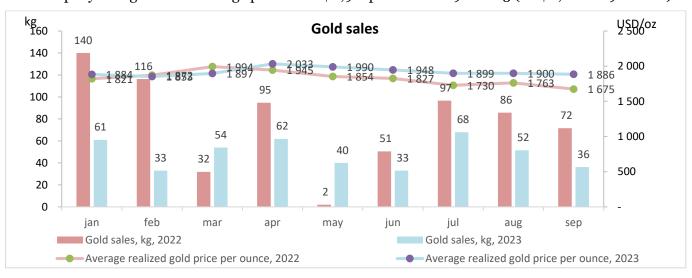
The sensitivity analysis of Operating profit to foreign exchange risk is shown in the table below:

Changes in Exchange rate of RUR, %	Effect on operating profit 9m Jan-Sep 2023, US\$000
10%	Decrease by 2,412
-10%	Increase by 2,412

Gold price review

The market gold price is a significant factor that influences the Group's profitability and operating cash flow generation. The average LBMA price of gold was US\$ 1,890 per ounce in Q1 2023 (US\$ 1,877 in Q1 2022), US\$ 1,976 per ounce in Q2 2023 (US\$ 1,871 in Q2 2022) and US\$ 1,928 in Q3 2023 (US\$ 1,729 in Q3 2022).

The Company sold gold at an average price of US\$ 1,911 per ounce in 9m 2023 (US\$ 1,820 in 9m 2022)



The table below summarizes the impact of changes in gold prices on profit before tax. The analysis is based on the assumption that gold prices move 10% with all other variables held constant.

Change in price of gold in USD by:	Effect on operating profit 9m Jan-Sep 2023, US\$000
+10%, other things being equal	Increase by 2,699
-10%, other things being equal	Decrease by 2,699

Interest rate sensitivity

The Group's profit or loss sensitivity to interest rates is prepared assuming a 100 basis point change. If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher/lower, the Group's profit for the 9m 2023 would have decreased/increased by TUSD 358.

- c. Geological risk: Gold exploration is associated with high risk. All estimates of recoverable mineral resources are mainly based on probabilities. Estimates of mineral resources and ore reserves are based on extensive test drilling, statistical analyses and model studies and remain theoretical in nature until verified by industrial mining. There is no methodology for determining with certainty the exact amount of gold available or the shape of a potential ore body and its distribution. The exact amount of gold is known only when the gold has been extracted from the gold deposit. Data relating to mineral resources and ore reserves as presented by the Company, and by others, should be viewed against this background and may therefore deviate from this.
- d. Health, Safety and Environmental risks. The Croup companies are subject to extensive environmental, health and safety controls and regulations, and any breach of these regulations could result in fines and material breach of these regulations could result in the suspension of operations, which could have a material adverse effect on its reputation, operating results and financial condition. The Croup companies are subject to extensive environmental controls and regulations in Russia. Mining and exploration operations involve the use of environmentally toxic and hazardous materials, such as cyanides and diesel fuel and lubricants, as well as processes that could lead to the discharge of materials and contaminants into the environment, disturbance of land, potential harm to flora and fauna and other environmental concerns. The licenses under which the Company operates include conditions regarding environmental compliance. The terms of the Company's subsoil licenses contain site clean-up, restoration and rehabilitation obligations due in future that are mandatory for the Company. The Company could be held liable for losses associated with environmental hazards caused by its misconduct and subsequent rehabilitation, which may have an adverse impact on Group's operations, financial results and financial position.

e. Legal risks:

- Maintenance of licenses risks. Federal Agency for Subsoil Use (Rosnedra) may suspend or revoke
 the Group companies' subsoil use licenses if it recognizes their violation, revealed by Federal
 Service for Supervision of Natural Resource Usage (Rosprirodnadzor) or other authorized
 governmental body, which can lead to a halt or cessation of operations at the relevant license area.
 Failure to comply with the terms of licenses and permits may result in financial sanctions and
 reputational damage.
- Community risks. The Group's projects can be delayed or stopped due to community and environmental activists' protests and, as a result, denial of regional authorities to conclude or prolong land lease agreements, which are essential for mining.
- f. The current conflict in Ukraine has led to severe sanctions imposed by a number of countries against the Russian economy, businesses and individuals. These sanctions resulted in restricted access to the global financial system, cross-border financial transactions and trade as well as depreciation of the Russian Rouble. As new sanctions and counter-sanctions continue to emerge, the full impact of the situation on future operations and the financial position of the Company is difficult to estimate now. The Company implements measures to secure sales and supply channels, and manage liquidity, and takes other steps to minimize the impact of economic sanctions. Despite geopolitical challenges, the

Company's operating and financial plans for 2023 remain unchanged. Further updates will be provided as the circumstances change.

NOTE 4 FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	Gro	oup
	9m 2023 US\$000	9m 2022 US\$000
Interest expenses on loans and borrowings	(4,048)	(2,645)
Interest expenses on leasing	(24)	(40)
Unwinding of discount of site restoration provision	(55)	(42)
Total interest expenses	(4,127)	(2,726)

NOTE 5 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

As of 30th of September 2023, the bond liability to Golden Impala Limited amounted to MSEK 461.3 (US\$ 42.5 mln).

Accrued interest expenses for transactions with related parties in 9m 2023 amounted to MSEK 37.3 (US\$ 3.5 mln), compared to MSEK 20.9 (US\$ 2.1 mln) in 9m 2022. Growth of interest expenses caused by the fact that interest rate is linked to LIBOR and calculated as 6.44%+3m LIBOR.

NOTE 6 OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

As of 30th of September 2023, other non-current liabilities were represented mainly by the US\$ 9.9 mln liability to Centerra in accordance with the royalty agreement. The value of contingent consideration to Centerra was measured based on the fair value from the cash flow model. Cash flow model included 3 scenarios: realistic, optimistic and pessimistic with probabilities of 90%, 5% and 5% respectively. The range of main assumptions for scenarios were the following: gold price: 1550-1750 \$/oz, WACC - 17.5%. All changes in fair value considerations are accounted for through the asset's cost.

Other non-current liabilities included US\$ 1.0 mln of site restoration obligations and US\$ 2.1 mln of liability to KFM.

NOTE 7 OTHER CURRENT INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES

As of 30th of September 2023, other current interest-bearing liabilities were represented by the following balances: US\$ 0.3 mln – short-term liability to KFM and US\$ 0.1 mln – current lease liability.

NOTE 8 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

As of 30^{th} of September 2023, other current liabilities were mainly represented by the following balances: US\$ 0.4 mln - tax liabilities, US\$ 1.15 mln payroll and social contributions liabilities, other current liabilities – US\$ 0.04 mln.

Auditor's report

Auriant Mining AB (publ) corp. reg. no. 556659-4833

Introduction

I have reviewed the condensed interim financial information (interim report) of Auriant Mining AB as of 30 September 2023 and the nine-month period then ended. The board of directors and the CEO are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34 and the Swedish Annual Accounts Act. My responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim report based on our review.

Scope of Review

I conducted my review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements ISRE 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity. A review consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review has a different focus and is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with ISA and other generally accepted auditing practices. The procedures performed in a review do not enable me to obtain a level of assurance that would make me aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Therefore, the conclusion expressed based on a review does not give the same level of assurance as a conclusion expressed based on an audit.

Conclusion

Based on my review, nothing has come to my attention that causes me to believe that the interim report is not, in all material respects, prepared for the Group in accordance with IAS 34 and the Annual Accounts Act, and for the Parent Company in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act

Lidingö, 2023-11-30

Johan Kaijser

Authorized Public Accountant

Additional information

NEXT REPORTS DUE

Interim report (Q4) January - December, 2023:

February 29, 2024

COMPANY INFORMATION

Auriant Mining AB (AUR) is a Swedish junior mining company focused on gold exploration and production in Russia, primarily in Zabaikalye and the Republics of Khakassia and Tyva. The company has currently four assets, including two operating mines (Tardan and Staroverinskaya¹), one early stage exploration asset and one development asset.

Since July 19, 2010, Auriant Mining's shares are traded on Nasdaq First North Premier Growth Market under the short name AUR. For more information, please visit www.auriant.com.

G&W Fondkommission is Certified Adviser to Auriant, for more information please visit www.gwkapital.se.

BOARD ASSURANCE

The Board of directors and the managing director confirm that the interim report provides an accurate overview of the company's and the group's operations, position, results and that it describes significant risks and uncertainties that the company and group companies are exposed to.

Stockholm, November 30, 2023 Auriant Mining AB (publ.)

Lord Daresbury Preston Haskell Jukka Pitkäjärvi Thor Åhlgren Chairman of the Board Member Board Member Board Member

Danilo Lange CEO

Cautionary Statement: Statements and assumptions made in this report with respect to Auriant Mining AB's ("AUR") current plans, estimates, strategies and beliefs, and other statements that are not historical facts, are forward-looking statements about the future performance of AUR. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those using words such as "may", "might", "seeks", "expects", "anticipates", "estimates", "believes", "projects", "plans", strategy", "forecast" and similar expressions. These statements reflect management's expectations and assumptions in light of currently available information. They are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, (i) changes in the economic, regulatory and political environments in the countries where AUR operates; (ii) changes relating to the geological information available in respect of the various projects undertaken; (iii) AUR's continued ability to secure enough financing to carry on its operations as a going concern; (iv) the success of its potential joint ventures and alliances, if any; (v) exchange rates, particularly between the Russian rouble and the U.S. dollar. In the light of the many risks and uncertainties surrounding any gold production and exploration company at an early stage of its development, the actual results could differ materially from those presented and forecast in this report. AUR assumes no unconditional obligation to immediately update any such statements and/or forecasts. This press release shall not, directly or indirectly, be released, published or distributed in or to the United States, Australia Japan, Canada, New Zealand, Hong Kong, South Africa or other country where such action as a whole or in part is subject to legal restrictions. Nothing in this press release should be considered as an offer to invest or otherwise trade in shares of Auriant Mining AB (publ). The proposed issue will not be directed at residents or those living in the United States, Australia, Japan, Canada, New Ze

¹ The Company operates at Staroverinskaya license area that includes not only Solcocon, but also other areas.

Glossary and definitions

ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES

The Company applies the European Securities and Markets Authority's (ESMA) guidelines on alternative performance measures. The alternative key financial performance indicators are defined as financial measures of historical or future earnings trends, financial position, financial performance, or cash flows that are not defined or specified in the applicable regulations for financial reporting, IFRS, and the Annual Accounts Act. These measures should not be regarded as a substitute for measures defined in accordance with IFRS. If an alternative performance measure cannot be identified directly from the financial statements, a reconciliation is required.

DEFINITIONS OF KEY RATIOS

EBITDA

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization is a non-IFRS metric and is defined by the Group as profit for the period before income taxes adjusted for depreciation, amortization and impairment, finance income, finance cost, (gain)/loss on revaluation of derivative financial instruments, foreign exchange (gain)/loss, (gain)/loss on disposal or revaluation of investments in subsidiaries and associates, (gain)/loss on (reversal of impairment)/impairment of property, plant and equipment, write-downs and reversals of inventory to net realizable value, bad debt allowance, share-based compensation expenses, charity expenses, and other one-off adjustments that may be required to provide a clearer view of the performance of the Group's operations. EBITDA is used to measure earnings from operating activities, independent of depreciation, amortization, and impairment losses.

Total Cash Costs (TCC)

Total cash costs (TCC) are defined as the cost of gold sales, less depreciation of property, plant and equipment, amortization, intangible assets, allowance for obsolescence of inventory and provision for mine closure, rehabilitation and decommissioning costs, less alluvial gold costs, less change in WIP, plus change in stripping assets. TCC per ounce produced is calculated as TCC divided by the total gold equivalent ounces of hard rock gold produced for the period.

Equity

Equity of the Group comprises issued capital, share premium, reserve for translation to presentation currency, retained earnings, and non-controlling interests.

Earnings per share

Earnings per share comprises consolidated earnings for the period (profit after tax from continuing and discontinued operations) attributable to the Parent Company shareholders, divided by the weighted average number of outstanding shares during the period and excluding treasury shares. Diluted Earnings per share is earnings per share adjusted to reflect the effects of potential dilutive ordinary shares, which constitute shares and options.

Equity per share

Equity at the end of the period divided by the number of shares outstanding at the end of the period.

Total number of shares outstanding

Number of shares outstanding at the end of the period.

Weighted average number of shares

The weighted number of shares outstanding during the year is calculated by taking into account any changes in the number of shares outstanding during the reporting period.

INDUSTRY SPECIFIC DEFINITIONS AND GLOSSARY (IN ACCORDANCE WITH JORC)

Alluvial gold

Mineralization in riverbeds at ground level.

Mineralization

Any single mineral or combination of minerals occurring in a mass, or deposit, of economic interest. The term is intended to cover all forms in which mineralization might occur, whether by class of deposit, mode of occurrence, genesis, or composition.

Mineral Resource

Is a concentration or occurrence of solid material of economic interest in or on the Earth's crust in such form, grade (or quality), and quantity that there are reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction. The location, quantity, grade (or quality), continuity, and other geological characteristics of a Mineral Resource are known, estimated, or interpreted from specific geological evidence and knowledge, including sampling. Mineral Resources are sub-divided, in order of increasing geological confidence, into Inferred, Indicated and Measured categories.

Ore (or Mineral) Reserve

Is the economically mineable part of a Measured and/or Indicated Mineral Resource. It includes diluting materials and allowances for losses, which may occur when the material is mined or extracted and is defined by studies at the Pre-Feasibility or Feasibility stage as appropriate, that include the application of Modifying Factors. Such studies demonstrate that, at the time of reporting, extraction could reasonably be justified.

Recovery

The percentage of material of initial interest that is extracted during mining and/or processing. A measure of mining or processing efficiency.

Troy ounce (oz)/koz/Moz

Weight measure for gold corresponding to 31.1035 grams /thousand oz/million oz.

FINANCE DEFINITIONS

SEK/TSEK/MSEK

Swedish krona/Thousand Swedish krona/Million Swedish krona

USD/TUSD/MUSD

US Dollar/Thousand US Dollar/Million US Dollar

RUB/TRUB/MRUB

Russian ruble/Thousand Russian rubles/Million Russian rubles