ÀLANDSBANKEN

Half-Year Financial Report

For the period January-June 2020 • July 17, 2020

January – June 2020 Compared to January – June 2019

- Net operating profit increased by 15 per cent to EUR 16.7 M (14.5).
- Profit for the period attributable to shareholders rose by 14 per cent to EUR 13.2 M (11.5).
- Net interest income increased by 10 per cent to EUR 29.3 M (26.5).
- Net commission income increased by 17 per cent to EUR 32.6 M (27.9).
- Total expenses increased by 7 per cent to EUR 53.0 M (49.4).
- Net impairment losses on financial assets (including recoveries) totalled EUR 4.6 M (0.6), equivalent to a loan loss level of 0.22 (0.03) per cent.
- Return on equity after taxes (ROE) increased to 10.1 (9.6) per cent.
- Earnings per share increased by 14 per cent to EUR 0.85 (0.74).
- The common equity Tier 1 ratio increased to 14.5 per cent (13.4 on December 31, 2019).
- Future outlook: Due to low visibility and high volatility in the market, until further notice the Bank of Åland has decided to refrain from issuing any outlook for 2020.

The second quarter of 2020

Compared to the second quarter of 2019

- Net operating profit increased by 12 per cent to EUR 9.8 M (8.7).
- Profit for the period attributable to shareholders rose by 12 per cent to EUR 7.8 M (6.9).
- Net interest income increased by 11 per cent to EUR 14.8 M (13.4).
- Net commission income increased by 14 per cent to EUR 15.7 M (13.8).
- Total expenses increased by 10 per cent to EUR 25.8 M (23.4).
- Net impairment losses on financial assets (including recoveries) totalled EUR o.8 M (0.2), equivalent to a loan loss level of 0.08 (0.01) per cent.
- Return on equity after taxes (ROE) increased to 11.8 (11.5) per cent.
- Earnings per share increased by 11 per cent to EUR 0.50 (0.45).

"Looking at net operating profit, the second quarter (EUR 9.8 M) was the best we have ever achieved.

"Our operating profit before impairment losses – which largely consist of provisions for possible future coronavirus effects – was 40 per cent better than in the first half of last year. We achieved this through a clearly higher income level, in which our Swedish operations made especially great progress.

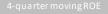
"We are not yet seeing any rising levels of non-performing loans due to the pandemic, but we expect its negative impact to be more clearly visible this coming winter."

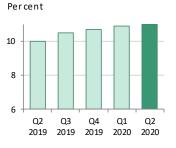
Peter Wiklöf, Managing Director and Chief Executive

The Bank of Åland is a bank with strong customer relationships and personalised service. The Bank has extensive financial investment expertise and at the same time can offer good financing services. The commercial bank was founded in 1919 and has been listed on the Nasdaq Helsinki Oy (Helsinki Stock Exchange) since 1942. The Bank of Åland's Head Office is in Mariehamn. The Bank has two offices in the Åland Islands, five offices elsewhere in Finland and three offices in Sweden. Two subsidiaries, whose operations are connected in various ways to banking, belong to the Bank of Åland Group.

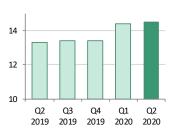












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Financial summary

Group	Q2	Q1		Q2				%
	2020	2020		2019		2020	2019	
EUR M								
Income								
Net interest income	14.8	14.5	3	13.4	11	29.3	26.5	10
Net commission income	15.7	16.9	-7	13.8	14	32.6	27.9	17
Net income from financial items at fair value	0.0	0.7	-94	0.8	-94	0.8	1.2	-33
Other income	5.7	5.8	0	4.3	33	11.5	8.9	29
Total income	36.3	37.9	-4	32.3	12	74.2	64.6	15
Staff costs	-15.6	-15.2	3	-14.5	7	-30.7	-29.0	e
Other expenses	-7.1	-9.0	-21	-6.0	18	-16.1	-14.8	¢
Depreciation/amortisation	-3.1	-3.1	-1	-2.8	8	-6.1	-5.7	5
Total expenses	-25.8	-27.2	-5	-23.4	10	-53.0	-49.4	7
Profit before impairment losses	10.6	10.7	-2	8.9	19	21.3	15.1	40
Impairment losses on financial assets, net	-0.8	-3.8	70	-0.2		-4.6	-0.6	•
Net operating profit	<u>9.8</u>	6.9	-79 41	8.7	12	16.7		11
	9.0	0.9	41	0.7	12	10.7	14.5	1
Income taxes	-2.0	-1.5	34	-1.8	13	-3.5	-3.0	17
Profit for the report period	7.8	5.4	43	6.9	12	13.2	11.5	12
Attributable to:								
Shareholders in Bank of Åland Plc	7.8	5.4	43	6.9	12	13.2	11.5	12
Volume								
Receivables from the public and public sector	4,188	4,076	3	4,001	5			
Deposits from the public and public sector	3,459	3,409	1	3,225	7			
Actively managed assets ¹	6,107	5,431	12	5,651	8			
Equity capital	271	258	5	242	12			
Balance sheet total	5,708	5,599	2	5,514	4			
Risk exposure amount	1,661	1,589	5	1,577	5			
Financial ratios								
Return on equity after taxes, % (ROE) ²	11.8	8.4		11.5		10.1	9.6	
Return on equity after taxes, % (ROE), moving 12-	11.0	0.4		11.5		10.1	9.0	
month average to end of report period	11.0	10.9		10.0				
Expense/income ratio ³	0.71	0.72		0.72		0.71	0.77	
Loan loss level, % ⁴	0.08	0.37		0.01		0.22	0.03	
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR), % ⁵	142	146		165		0.22	0.05	
Loan/deposit ratio, % ⁶	121	120		124				
Core funding ratio, % ⁷	95	89		89				
Equity/assets ratio, % ⁸	4.8	4.6		4.4				
Common equtiy Tier 1 capital ratio, % ⁹	14.5	14.4		13.3				
Earnings per share, EUR ¹⁰	0.50	0.35	42	0.45	11	0.85	0.74	12
Earnings per share after dilution, EUR	0.50	0.35	42	0.45	12	0.85	0.74	12
Earnings per share, EUR, moving 12-month average	0.50	0.55	42	0.45	12	0.05	0.74	12
to end of report period	1.80	1.75	3	1.54	17			
Equity capital per share, EUR ¹¹	17.41	16.54	5	15.59	17			
Equity capital per share after dilution, EUR	17.41	16.54	5	15.54	12			
Market price per Series A share, EUR	17.41	17.00	2	14.60	12			
Market price per Series B share, EUR	16.85	17.00	7	14.55	16			
Number of shares outstanding, ooos	15,586	15,586	0	15,525	0			
Number of shares outstanding, ooos Number of shares outstanding, after dilution, ooos	15,599	15,600	0	15,595	0			
Working hours re-calculated to full-time equivalent	66010	13,000	0	כעכיני	0			
positions	744	720	3	702	6	734	694	(
Actively managed assets encompassed managed assets in the Group's own mutual funds, as well as discretionary and advisory securities volume. Profit for the report period attributable to shareholders / Average shareholders ' portion	7	Receivables from	the public inds and de	and public sector	r / Deposit	ts including certific blic and public sec	cates of	

equity capital

3 Expenses / Income

4 Impairment losses on loan portfolio and other commitments / Receivables from the public and public sector at the beginning of the period 5 Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) = liquid assets, level 1 and 2 / 30-day net outflow 6 Receivables from the public and public sector / Deposits from the public and public sector

8 Equity capital / Balance sheet total

9 Common equity Tier 1 capital / Risk exposure amount 10 Shareholders' portion of earnings for the period / Avarage number of shares

11 Shareholders' portion of equity capital / Number of shares on closing day

Comments

MACRO SITUATION AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

2020 has been an unusual year. The SARS-cov-2 coronavirus – which causes the disease known as COVID-19 – spread all over the world with devastating effects on both public health and economic health. The worst is probably behind us with regard to public health in Finland and in Sweden. The state of emergency that was imposed in Finland in mid-March was lifted in mid-June. National borders have gradually begun to reopen.

Public officials have launched both fiscal and monetary stimulus measures in an effort to soften the economic impact of the crisis. On March 3 the US Federal Reserve (Fed) cut its key rate by 50 basis points to 1.00-1.25 per cent, which was the first time since the 2008 global financial crisis that the Fed acted outside of its regular policy meetings. Less than two weeks later, the Fed slashed its key rate by another 100 points to 0-0.25 per cent.

Meanwhile the world's central banks – including the European Central Bank (ECB) and Sweden's Riksbank – launched massive supportive measures to ensure market liquidity and stability, in order to help both businesses and employees.

BENCHMARK INTEREST RATES, AVERAGES, PER CENT

	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	Q2 2019
Euribor 3 mo	-0.30	-0.41	-0.32
Euribor 12 mo	-0.11	-0.27	-0.15
Stibor 3 mo	0.20	0.19	-0.02

During the first quarter of 2020, share prices according to the Nasdaq Helsinki (OMXHPI) equity index fell by 20 per cent and according to the Nasdaq Stockholm (OMXSPI) index by 18 per cent. During the second quarter, share prices on the Helsinki stock exchange rose by 17 per cent and on the Stockholm exchange by 16 per cent.

The average value of the Swedish krona (SEK) in relation to the euro (EUR) was 1 per cent lower during the first half of 2020 than in the year-earlier period. On June 30 the SEK was at about the same level in relation to the EUR as it was at year-end 2019. When converting the income statement of the Bank of Åland's Swedish operations into euros, the average exchange rate for the period has been used, while the balance sheet has been converted at the exchange rate prevailing on the closing day of the report period.

Official regulations have been changed to enable banking customers to postpone loan principal payments. Minimum requirements for the capital adequacy and liquidity of banks have been revised. Banks have been temporarily prohibited from paying dividends to shareholders until October 1.

IMPORTANT EVENTS

The global pandemic caused by the coronavirus has dramatically changed conditions for carrying out banking operations. The Bank of Åland's services are socially essential. The Bank has done its utmost to maintain high accessibility and to proactively contact customers. As far as possible, physical meetings with customers have been replaced by digital meetings. Most staff members have transitioned to working remotely. Customers are being adversely affected by the social lockdown in all of our geographic markets, but the role of the Bank of Åland in local society is different in Åland from its role on the Finnish mainland and in Sweden. On the Finnish mainland and in Sweden, the Bank has a niche strategy targeted to entrepreneurs, wealthy families and individual customers with sound finances. In the Åland islands, the Bank of Åland is a bank for all residents and has both a market-dominating position and a desire to help develop the Åland of the future.

In Åland, the Bank is both able and willing to participate in operations aimed at supporting the business community. We are actively involved in various working groups and have designed concrete support programmes together with our local provincial government, the Finnish state-owned financing company Finnvera, local interest organisations and other banks with an Åland presence. Together we have created a liquidity loan programme, in which the Åland government and Finnvera are guaranteeing 80 per cent of the liquidity loans that need to be taken out. In addition, the Åland government is providing 20 per cent of the loan amount as a direct grant to the businesses that take out liquidity loans.

The Annual General Meeting (AGM) on April 2, 2020 re-elected the Board of Directors consisting of Nils Lampi, Christoffer Taxell, Åsa Ceder, Anders Å. Karlsson, Ulrika Valassi and Anders Wiklöf. At the statutory meeting of the Board the same day, Nils Lampi was elected as Chairman and Christoffer Taxell as Deputy Chairman of the Board.

The AGM approved a decision to authorise the Board to decide on a maximum dividend of EUR 1.00 per share for the financial year 2019, to be distributed on one or more dates. This authorisation would be valid until the 2021 AGM. The Board intends to comply with the recommendation issued by the European Central Bank (ECB) and the Finnish Financial Supervisory Authority (FIN-FSA) and to refrain from deciding any dividend on the basis of the authorisation before October 1, 2020. The Bank of Åland will publish any dividend decisions separately and simultaneously confirm the record date and the distribution date for the dividend. The 2021 AGM will decide on the allocation of profit for the financial year 2020, based on a proposal by the Board of Directors that is expected to be published during the first quarter of 2021.

Together with its customers, the Bank of Åland is continuing its commitment to a cleaner Baltic Sea. This year the Baltic Sea Project contributed EUR 445,000 to several projects that promote the health of the Baltic Sea. Since 1997 the Bank of Åland has awarded EUR 2.7 M to various environmentally related projects.

In May the Bank of Åland launched a new equity fund called Ålandsbanken Nordiska Småbolag. The fund invests in Nordic small and medium sized enterprises that we classify as "quality companies" – firms with stable balance sheets, strong cash flows, high profitability and good growth potential. The fund complies with the Bank's general rules and guidelines concerning responsible investments and is also completely free of weapon- and fossil fuel-related companies. The fund has attracted great interest.

For the seventh consecutive year, the Bank of Åland (Ålandsbanken) Euro Bond Fund was named the best Nordic fund in its category and received the Refinitiv Lipper Nordics Fund Award. The Fund won the award for all management periods that were analysed: 3, 5 and 10 years. The Morningstar investment research company, which compares fund data and funds in their respective classes, assigned the Bank of Åland Euro Bond Fund its highest rating – five stars – in all its review cycles. This demonstrates the Fund's success in relation to its reference group and benchmark indices.

During the report period, the number of Series B shares outstanding increased by 34,556 as a result of the Bank's obligations within the framework of its incentive and share savings programmes.

EARNINGS FOR JANUARY - JUNE 2020

Profit for the period attributable to shareholders increased by EUR 1.7 M or 14 per cent to EUR 13.2 M (11.5).

Net operating profit rose by EUR 2.2 M or 15 per cent to EUR 16.7 M (14.5).

Return on equity after taxes (ROE) increased to 10.1 per cent (9.6).

Total income rose by EUR 9.6 M or 15 per cent to EUR 74.2 M (64.6).

Net interest income rose by EUR 2.8 M or 10 per cent to EUR 29.3 M (26.5). The increase came from higher lending volume and higher Swedish market interest rates. In addition, the costs of deposits and capital market borrowing fell.

Net commission income rose by EUR 4.7 M or 17 per cent to EUR 32.6 M (27.9), mainly due to higher income from the Bank's asset management business.

Net income on financial items decreased by EUR o.4 M to EUR o.8 M (1.2).

Information technology (IT) income rose by EUR 2.4 M or 28 per cent to EUR 11.0 M (8.6). Crosskey's new subsidiary Model IT is part of its operations this year, which is one explanation for the increase alongside higher project income.

Total expenses increased by EUR 3.6 M or 7 per cent to EUR 53.0 M (49.4). About half of the increase in expenses was attributable to the subsidiary Crosskey and its acquisition Model IT, which is now part of operations. Another contributing factor was that the stability fee increased by EUR 0.8 M or by 50 per cent to EUR 2.6 M (1.8).

Model-driven impairment losses on financial assets increased because of the expected effects of the coronavirus pandemic, mainly in the form of a group provision of EUR 2.0 M related to heightened risk of losses in the corporate loan portfolio. Total net impairment losses on financial assets increased by EUR 4.0 M to EUR 4.6 M (o.6), equivalent to a loan loss level of 0.22 (0.03) per cent.

Tax expense amounted to EUR 3.5 M (3.0), equivalent to an effective tax rate of 21.1 (21.7) per cent.

EARNINGS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER OF 2020

Profit for the period attributable to shareholders increased by EUR 0.9 M or 12 per cent to EUR 7.8 M (6.9).

Net operating profit rose by EUR 1.1 M or 12 per cent to EUR 9.8 M (8.7).

Return on equity after taxes (ROE) increased to 11.8 per cent (11.5).

Total income rose by EUR 4.0 M or 12 per cent to EUR 36.3 M (32.3).

Net interest income increased by EUR 1.4 M or 11 per cent to EUR 14.8 M (13.4), mainly thanks to higher lending volume and higher Swedish market interest rates. In addition, the costs of deposits and capital market borrowing fell.

Net commission income rose by EUR 1.9 M or 14 per cent to EUR 15.7 M (13.8), mainly due to higher income from the Bank's asset management business.

Net income on financial items decreased by EUR o.8 M to EUR o.0 M (o.8) because of lower capital gains.

Information technology (IT) income rose by EUR 1.3 M or 31 per cent to EUR 5.4 M (4.1). Crosskey's new subsidiary Model IT is part of its operations this year, which is one of the explanations for the increase. Higher project income also contributed.

Total expenses increased by EUR 2.4 M or 10 per cent to EUR 25.8 M (23.4). Crosskey's new subsidiary Model IT is part of its operations this year, which is one explanation for the increase. During the second quarter, the stability fee for the full year 2020 was set at EUR 2.6 M. In the first quarter, the stability fee was estimated at EUR 2.0 M. The difference was charged to the second quarter accounts. The accrual effect related to the stability fee contributed to an increase in expenses of no less than EUR 1.1 M compared to the second quarter of last year.

Impairment losses on financial assets totalled EUR 0.8 M (0.2), equivalent to a loan loss level of 0.08 (0.01) per cent.

STRATEGIC BUSINESS AREAS

The Group's EUR 2.2 M increase in net operating profit to EUR 16.7 M was allocated as follows:

- Private Banking +3.5 (higher income)
 - Premium Banking -2.3 (higher impairment loss provisions)
- IT +0.6 (higher income)
- Corporate Units +0.4 (higher income) & Eliminations

BUSINESS VOLUME

•

Despite a strong net influx of actively managed assets in the Swedish market, actively managed assets on behalf of customers decreased by EUR 236 M or 4 per cent compared to year-end 2019 and amounted to EUR 6,107 M (6,343). The decrease was due to lower market values.

Deposits from the public rose by 3 per cent compared to yearend 2019 and amounted to EUR 3,459 M (3,368).

Receivables from the public increased by 2 per cent compared to year-end 2019 and totalled EUR 4,188 M (4,110).

CREDIT QUALITY

Lending to private individuals comprised 72 per cent of the loan portfolio. Home mortgage loans accounted for 77 per cent of lending to private individuals. Loans for the purchase of securities, with market-listed securities as collateral, comprised the second-largest type of lending to individuals. Historically, the Bank of Åland has not had any substantial loan losses on this type of lending. The corporate portfolio has a close affinity with the retail portfolio, since many of the companies are owned by customers who, as individuals, are also Private Banking customers.

The Bank of Åland is not yet seeing any increase in nonperforming loans due to the coronavirus crisis.

Model-driven impairment losses on financial assets in compliance with IFRS 9 increased significantly due to the coronavirus crisis and the expected economic downturn.

The Bank of Åland Group had EUR 12.1 M (12.4) in impairment loss provisions, of which EUR 0.6 M (0.5) in Stage 1, EUR 3.2 M (0.9) in Stage 2 and EUR 8.3 M (11.1) in Stage 3.

Stage 3 loans increased during the report period by EUR 0.6 M to EUR 34.1 M. Stage 3 loans as a share of gross lending to the public totalled 0.81 per cent (0.81). The level of provisions for Stage 3 loans amounted to 24 (33) per cent. Most of these loans have good collateral.

LIQUIDITY AND BORROWING

The Bank of Åland's liquidity reserve in the form of cash and deposits with the central bank, account balances and investments with other banks, liquid interest-bearing securities plus holdings of unencumbered covered bonds issued by the Bank amounted to EUR 1,028 M on June 30, 2020 (1,195 on December 31, 2019). This was equivalent to 18 (20) per cent of total assets and 25 (27) per cent of receivables from the public.

In March EUR 100 M in non-covered bonds was repaid, and in May a further EUR 250 M in covered bonds. As a replacement for the capital market borrowing that was repaid, the Bank of Åland took advantage of the funding programme that Sveriges Riksbank (Sweden's central bank) is offering, secured among other things by a new covered bond that was issued from the Swedish pool. On June 30, 2020, the average remaining maturity of bonds outstanding was about 3.0 (2.5) years.

On June 30, 2020, the Bank of Åland's core funding ratio, defined as receivables from the public divided by deposits from the public – including certificates of deposit, index bonds and subordinated debentures issued to the public, as well as covered bonds issued – amounted to 95 (90) per cent.

The loan/deposit ratio amounted to 121 (122) per cent.

Of the Bank of Åland's external funding sources aside from equity capital, deposits from the public accounted for 65 (65) per cent and covered bonds issued accounted for 17 (22) per cent.

The liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) amounted to 142 (139) per cent.

The net stable funding ratio (NSFR) amounted to 114 (115) per cent.

RATING

The Bank of Åland has a credit rating from the Standard & Poor's Global Ratings agency of BBB/A-2 with a negative outlook for its long- and short-term borrowing. The outlook was downgraded from positive to negative in May 2020 based on the ratings agency's revision in its future economic outlook for the country of Finland as a consequence of the coronavirus pandemic. Covered bonds issued by the Bank of Åland have a credit rating of AAA with a stable outlook.

EQUITY AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY

During the report period, equity capital changed in the amount of profit for the period, EUR 13.2 M; other comprehensive income, EUR -0.5 M; the issuance of new shares as part of the incentive programme, EUR 0.2 M; and EUR 0.0 M related to the share savings programme. On June 30, 2020, equity capital amounted to EUR 271.3 M (258.4).

Other comprehensive income included re-measurements of defined-benefit pension plans by EUR -0.4 M after taxes, in compliance with IAS 19.

Common equity Tier 1 capital rose by EUR 29.1 M or 14 per cent during the first half of 2020 to EUR 240.6 M (211.5). One important reason behind this large increase is that neither the previously predicted dividend distribution for the 2019 financial year nor any predicted dividend distribution for the 2020 financial year have now been subtracted from common equity Tier 1 capital, in keeping with the recommendations issued by the Finnish Financial Supervisory Authority (FIN-FSA).

The risk exposure amount increased by EUR 78 M or 5 per cent and totalled EUR 1,661 M (1,583). The risk exposure amount for credit risk rose by EUR 71 M. The operational risk exposure amount, calculated using a three-year moving average of the Group's income, increased by EUR 7 M.

The common equity Tier 1 capital ratio increased to 14.5 (13.4) per cent. Since the Bank of Åland has no hybrid capital, its common equity Tier 1 capital ratio is the same as its Tier 1 capital ratio.

The total capital ratio increased to 16.7 (15.8) per cent.

In addition to the basic capital requirement, various buffer requirements apply. These are mainly imposed by national regulatory authorities. In light of the coronavirus crisis, several of these buffer requirements have been lowered. The capital conservation buffer requirement, 2.5 per cent of common equity Tier 1 capital, applies in all European Union countries. The countercyclical capital buffer requirement may vary between o-2.5 per cent. For Finnish exposures, the requirement remains o.o per cent. For Swedish exposures, the requirement was lowered raised from 2.5 per cent to o.o per cent.

FIN-FSA has identified systemically important institutions in Finland and has imposed individual buffer requirements for them. The Bank of Åland is not included in the buffer requirements for systemically important institutions.

The systemic risk buffer of 1 per cent introduced by the Finnish FSA on July 1, 2019 due to Nordea's move of its head office from Sweden to Finland has now been lowered to 0.0 per cent.

The buffer requirement established by FIN-FSA related to Pillar 2 capital adequacy regulations, totalling 1.5 per cent of the Group's risk exposure amount (REA), still applies. This requirement is related to credit concentration risk (1.0 per cent of REA) and interest rate risk in the balance sheet (0.5 per cent of REA).

When all these buffer requirements are taken into account, the new minimum levels for the Bank of Åland are:

- Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio
 8.5 per cent
- Tier 1 capital ratio
 10.0 per cent
- Total capital ratio
 12.0 per cent

In relation to the above buffer requirements, the Bank of Åland has a substantial capital surplus:

- Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio +6.0 percentage points
- Tier 1 capital ratio +4.5 percentage points
- Total capital ratio +4.7 percentage points

The Bank of Åland has no minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL) under European Union regulations.

IMPORTANT EVENTS AFTER CLOSE OF REPORT PERIOD

No important events have occurred after the close of the report period.

RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

The single largest risk and uncertainty factor right now is the impact of the global coronavirus pandemic.

The Bank of Åland's earnings are affected by external changes that the Company itself cannot control. Among other things, the Group's trend of earnings is affected by macroeconomic changes and changes in general interest rates, share prices and exchange rates, along with higher expenses due to regulatory decisions and directives as well as the competitive situation.

The Group aims at achieving operations with reasonable and carefully considered risks. The Group is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, operational risk and business risk.

The Bank does not engage in trading for its own account.

Since 2017 the Bank of Åland has had a pending case with the Swedish Tax Agency concerning value-added tax (VAT) for the financial year 2016. The Tax Agency has announced a decision on the matter, in which it states that the Bank of Åland must pay about EUR 0.5 M in VAT. The Bank of Åland does not agree with the Tax Agency's assessment and has appealed its decision to the Administrative Court. No provision has been made in the accounts for any expense.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

In its Year-end Report for 2019, which was published on February 7, 2020, the Bank of Åland announced the expectation that its net operating profit in 2020 would be better than in 2019, that is, better than EUR 33.2 M.

The significantly deteriorating macroeconomic outlook due to the coronavirus situation will have a negative impact on the Bank of Åland's net operating profit in 2020, primarily in the form of higher impairment loss provisions and lower income from the Bank's asset management business.

Due to low visibility and high volatility in the market, the Bank of Åland has decided to refrain from issuing any outlook for 2020.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Interim Report for the period January–September 2020 will be published on Thursday, October 22, 2020.

Mariehamn, July 17, 2020 THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sustainability information The Bank of Åland actively strives to lower the direct and indirect environmental impact caused by its operations.

The Bank of Åland works towards an awareness and reduction of the organisation's resource consumption and environmental impact. We make an active effort to achieve the established targets in the Group's environmental plan. By distributing funds yearly for environmental projects that promote a healthier Baltic Sea, we offset our resource consumption and environmental impact. We pursue a dialogue about sustainability and environmental responsibility with our suppliers and business partners.

Our target for 2020 is to reduce carbon dioxide emissions by 18 per cent compared to our 2019 outcome. Purchases of more green electricity starting in late 2019 have greatly reduced carbon dioxide emissions. Due to the coronavirus pandemic, the Bank suspended nearly all business travel during the second quarter. This also greatly reduced carbon dioxide emissions.

Bank of Åland Group	Q2	Q1	%	Q2	%	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun	%
	2020	2020				2020		
Carbon dioxide emissions, kg								
Paper	5,296	6,988	-24	5,884	-10	12,284	13,648	-10
Electricity	21,804	23,280	-6	71,138	-69	45,084	145,944	-69
Business travel	175	31,477	-99	33,527	-99	31,652	76,472	-59
Total carbon dioxide	27,275	61,745	-56	110,549	-75	89,020	236,064	-62
ank of Åland Group	Q2	Q1		Q2				%
	2020	2020	70	2019	70	2020	2019	70
Paper consumption, kg	5,852	6,323	-7	6,502	-10	12,175	13,528	-10
Energy consumption, GwH	0.45	0.54	-17	0.56	-20	0.99	1.12	-11
of which renewable	0.38	0.47	-20	0.34	11	0.84	0.67	25
of which other	0.07	0.08	-4	0.22	-67	0.15	0.45	-66
Number of business trips	23	840	-97	1,238	-98	863	2,363	-63
of which aircraft	5	610	-99	660	-99	615	1,547	-60
of which ship	0	87	-100	403	-100	87	470	-81
of which train	18	143	-87	175	-90	161	346	-53

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Summary income statement

Group	Note	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	%	Q2 2019	%	Jan-Jun 2020	Jan-Jun 2019	%
EUR M									
Net interest income	5	14.8	14.5	3	13.4	11	29.3	26.5	10
Net commission income	6	15.7	16.9	-7	13.8	14	32.6	27.9	17
Net income from financial items at fair value	e 7	0.0	0.7	-94	0.8	-94	0.8	1.2	-33
IT income		5.4	5.7	-5	4.1	31	11.0	8.6	28
Other operating income		0.4	0.1		0.2	80	0.5	0.3	51
Total income		36.3	37.9	-4	32.3	12	74.2	64.6	15
Staff costs		-15.6	-15.2	3	-14.5	7	-30.7	-29.0	6
Other expenses	8	-7.1	-9.0	-21	-6.0	18	-16.1	-14.8	9
Depreciation/amortisation		-3.1	-3.1	-1	-2.8	8	-6.1	-5.7	8
Total expenses		-25.8	-27.2	-5	-23.4	10	-53.0	-49.4	7
Profit before impairment losses		10.6	10.7	-2	8.9	19	21.3	15.1	40
Impairment losses on financial assets, net	9	-0.8	-3.8	-79	-0.2		-4.6	-0.6	
Net operating profit		9.8	6.9	41	8.7	12	16.7	14.5	15
Income taxes		-2.0	-1.5	34	-1.8	13	-3.5	-3.0	17
Profit for the period		7.8	5.4	43	6.9	12	13.2	11.5	14
Attributable to:									
Non-controlling interests		0.0	0.0	-97	0.0	-95	0.0	0.0	24
Shareholders in Bank of Åland Plc		7.8	5.4	43	6.9	12	13.2	11.5	14
Earnings per share, EUR		0.50	0.35	42	0.45	11	0.85	0.74	14
Earnings per share after dilution, EUR Earnings per share, EUR, moving 12-month		0.50	0.35	42	0.45	12	0.85	0.74	14
average to end of report period		1.80	1.75	3	1.54	17			

Summary statement of other comprehensive income

Group	Q2 2020	Q1 2020		Q2 2019		Jan-Jun 2020	Jan-Jun 2019	
EUR M	2020	2020		2019		2020	2019	
Profit for the period	7.8	5.4	43	6.9	12	13.2	11.5	14
Assets measured via other comprehensive income								
Changes in valuation at fair value	3.0	-1.1		1.5	96	1.9	3.2	-40
Realised change in value								
Transferred to the income statement	-0.4	-1.1	-66	-0.3	16	-1.4	-0.7	
Translation differences								
Gains/Losses arising during the period	3.5	-3.8		-0.9		-0.3	-1.7	-83
Taxes on items that have been or may be								-
reclassified to the income statement	-0.5	0.4		-0.2		-0.1	-0.5	-82
of which assets measured via other								
comprehensive income	-0.5	0.4		-0.2		-0.1	-0.5	-82
Items that have been or may be reclassified to								
the income statement	5.5	-5.5		0.1		0.1	0.3	-78
Changes in value of equity instruments	0.5	-0.6		0.0		-0.1	0.0	
Re-measurements of defined benefit pension								
plans	-0.3	-0.2	23	-1.4	-80	-0.5	-2.3	-77
Taxes on items that may not be reclassified to the								
income statement	0.0	0.2		0.3		0.1	0.5	-71
of which changes in value of equity instruments	-0.1	0.1		0.0		0.0	0.0	
of which re-measurements of defined-benefit								
pension plans	0.1	0.0	23	0.3	-80	0.1	0.5	-77
Items that may not be reclassified to the income								
statement	0.2	-0.7		-1.2		-0.5	-1.8	-71
Other comprehensive income	5.7	-6.2		-1.1		-0.5	-1.5	-69
Total comprehensive income for the period	13.5	-0.7		5.9		12.7	10.0	27
Attributable to:								
Non-controlling interests	0.0	0.0	-97	0.0	-95	0.0	0.0	24
Shareholders in Bank of Åland Plc	13.5	-0.7	51	5.9		12.7	10.0	27

Income statement by quarter

	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2
Group	2020	2020			2019
EUR M					
Net interest income	14.8	14.5	14.0	13.3	13.4
Net commission income	15.7	16.9	16.3	13.8	13.8
Net income from financial items at fair value	0.0	0.7	1.1	1.6	0.8
IT income	5.4	5.7	4.8	4.0	4.1
Other operating income	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
Total income	36.3	37.9	36.4	32.9	32.3
Staff costs	-15.6	-15.2	-14.6	-13.4	-14.5
Other expenses	-7.1	-9.0	-7.6	-6.3	-6.0
Depreciation/amortisation	-3.1	-3.1	-3.3	-2.9	-2.8
Total expenses	-25.8	-27.2	-25.5	-22.5	-23.4
Profit before impairment losses	10.6	10.7	10.9	10.4	8.9
Net impairment losses on financial assets	-0.8	-3.8	-1.8	-0.8	-0.2
Net operating profit	9.8	6.9	9.1	9.5	8.7
Income taxes	-2.0	-1.5	-1.9	-1.9	-1.8
Profit for the period	7.8	5.4	7.2	7.6	6.9
Attributable to:					
Non-controlling interests	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shareholders in Bank of Åland Plc	7.8	5.4	7.2	7.6	6.9

Summary balance sheet

Group	Note	Jun 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019		Jun 30, 2019	
EUR M						
Assets						
Cash and balances with central banks		667	490	36	395	69
Debt securities		670	789	-15	887	-24
Receivables from credit institutions			66	-43	85	-56
Receivables from the public and public sector	10, 11	4,188	4,110	2	4,001	5
Shares and participations		10	9	3	3	
Participations in associated companies		1	0	100	0	
Derivative instruments	13	21	21	1	24	-10
Intangible assets		25	25	-2	21	17
Tangible assets		35	32	11	34	4
Investment properties		0	0	-1	0	3
Current tax assets		0	0	55	1	-81
Deferred tax assets		5	5	4	6	-7
Other assets		26	37	-28	33	-21
Accrued income and prepayments		21	22	-1	23	-7
Total assets		5,708	5,607	2	5,514	4
Liabilities						
Liabilities to credit institutions		504	210		191	
Liabilities to the public and public sector		3,459	3,368	3	3,225	7
Debt securities issued	12	1,309	1,604	-18	1,668	-22
Derivative instruments	13	12	12	3	12	6
Current tax liabilities		3	3	-12	2	35
Deferred tax liabilities		31	31	2	30	6
Other liabilities		47	50	-6	68	-30
Provisions		0	0	51	0	-1
Accrued expenses and prepaid income		36	35	2	33	6
Subordinated liabilities		36	36	0	44	-18
Total liabilities		5,437	5,349	2	5,272	3
Equity capital and non-controlling interests						
Share capital		42	42		42	
Share premium account		33	33		33	
Reserve fund		25	25		25	
Fair value reserve		2	2	-2	0	
Unrestricted equity capital fund		28	27	1	27	1
Retained earnings		142	129	10	115	24
Shareholders ´ portion of equity capital		271	258	5	242	12
Non-controlling interests ´ portion of equity capita	al	0	0	-22	0	-12
Total equity capital		271	258	5	242	12
Total liabilities and equity capital		5,708	5,607			

Statement of changes in equity capital

Group

EUR M		Share premium account	Reserve fund		Translation	Unrestricted equity capital fund	Retained earnings	Shareholders ´ portion of equity capital	Non- controlling interests ' portion of equity capital	Total
Equity capital, Dec 31, 2018	42.0	32.7	25.1	-0.1	-0.4	27.1	116.0	242.4	0.0	242.4
Profit for the period							11.5	11.5	0.0	11.5
Other comprehensive										
income				2.0	-1.7		-1.8	-1.5		-1.5
<i>Transactions with the Group's owners</i>										
Dividends paid							-10.9	-10.9		-10.9
Incentive programme	0.1					0.3	0.0	0.4		0.4
Share savings programme							0.1	0.1		0.1
Equity capital, Jun 30, 2019	42.0	32.7	25.1	1.9	-2.1	27.4	114.9	242.0	0.0	242.0
Profit for the period							14.8	14.8	0.0	14.8
Other comprehensive										
income				1.2	0.8		-0.5	1.5		1.5
<i>Transactions with the Group's owners</i>										
Share savings programme							0.1	0.1		0.1
Equity capital, Dec 31, 2019	42.0	32.7	25.1	3.1	-1.3	27.4	129.3	258.3	0.0	258.4
Profit for the period							13.2	13.2	0.0	13.2
Other comprehensive										
income				0.3	-0.3		-0.4	-0.5		-0.5
Transactions with the Group's owners										
Incentive programme						0.2		0.2		0.2
Share savings programme							0.0	0.0		0.0
Equity capital, Jun 30, 2020	42.0	32.7	25.1	3.3	-1.6	27.6	142.1	271.3	0.0	271.3

Summary cash flow statement

Group		2020	Jan-Dec	2019		2019
EUR M						
Cash flow from operating activities						
Net operating profit	16.7		33.2		14.5	
Adjustment for net operating profit items not affecting cash flow	14.7		22.7		8.7	
Gains/losses from investing activities			-0.1		0.0	
Income taxes paid	-3.7		-2.1		-1.9	
Changes in assets and liabilities in operating activities	546.5	574.2	-88.7	-35.0	-213.1	-191.8
Cash flow from investing activities		-3.1		-12.8		-4.0
Cash flow from financing activities		-349.9		4.9		87.4
Exchange rate differences in cash and cash equivalents		-0.3		-2.4		-3.8
Change in cash and cash equivalents		220.9		-45.3		-112.2
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		495.7		541.0		541.0
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		716.6		495.7		428.9
Change in cash and cash equivalents		220.9		-45.3		-112.2

Notes to the consolidated Half-Year Financial Report

1. Corporate information

The Bank of Åland Plc (Ålandsbanken Abp) is a Finnish public limited company with its Head Office in Mariehamn. It is a commercial bank with a total of 10 offices in the Åland Islands, elsewhere in Finland and in Sweden. Through its subsidiary Crosskey Banking Solutions Ab Ltd, the Bank of Åland Group is also a supplier of modern banking computer systems for small and medium sized banks.

The Head Office of the Parent Company has the following address: Bank of Åland Plc Nygatan 2 AX-22100 Mariehamn, Åland, Finland

The shares of the Bank of Åland Plc are traded on the Nasdaq Helsinki Oy (Helsinki Stock Exchange).

This Half-Year Financial Report for the period January 1–June 30, 2020 was approved by the Board of Directors on July 16, 2020.

2. Basis for preparation of the Half-Year Financial Report and essential accounting principles

BASIS FOR PREPARATION OF THE HALF-YEAR FINANCIAL REPORT

This Half-Year Financial Report for the period January 1–June 30, 2020 has been prepared in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and International Accounting Standard IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", which have been adopted by the European Union.

The Half-Year Financial Report does not contain all information and all notes required in annual financial statements and should be read together with the consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2019.

Tables show correct rounded-off figures on each line, but this does not mean that rounded-off figures add up to the correct total. In cases where rounded-off figures add up to zero, they are shown as "o" in the tables, while a lack of figures is shown as an empty space.

ESSENTIAL ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The essential accounting principles that have been used in preparing the Half-Year Financial Report are the same as those used in preparing the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Preparation of this Half-Year Financial Report in compliance with IFRSs requires the Company's Executive Team to make assessments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting principles and the recognised amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses as well as disclosures about commitments. Although these estimates are based on the best knowledge of the Executive Team on current events and measures, the actual outcome may diverge from the estimates.

The substantial accounting assessments that have been made when applying the Group's accounting principles are primarily related to the application of the new impairment model in compliance with IFRS 9 and accounting of financial instruments.

Model-driven impairment losses on financial assets in compliance with IFRS 9 greatly increased due to an expected economic downturn. In the prevailing situation, with the ongoing coronavirus crisis, the Bank of Åland has also analysed selected economic sectors and types of loans that it believes will be affected most by the crisis. This assessment is based on the expectation that the communities where the Bank operates will gradually be re-opened during the summer months.

The Executive Team has concluded that a group provision should be made due to a heightened risk of losses, primarily in the corporate loan portfolio. This provision is related to all selected economic sectors, which for the Bank of Åland mainly refers to sectors classified as service operations. Customers who, under the prevailing circumstances, apply for postponement of loan principal payments are not automatically moved from Stage 1 to Stage 2, since the postponement of principal payments in itself does not represent a heightened risk of losses. For the Bank of Åland's part, the loan volume that has been granted postponement of principal payments without having been moved to Stage 2 amounts to EUR 541 M.

As for the recognition of leases in compliance with IFRS 16, estimates have been made in establishing the leasing period and the choice of discount rate.

3. Segment report

The Bank of Åland Group reports operating segments in compliance with IFRS 8, which means that operating segments reflect the information that the Group's Executive Team receives.

"Private Banking" encompasses Private Banking operations in Åland, on the Finnish mainland and in Sweden as well as Asset Management (Ålandsbanken Fondbolag Ab, Ålandsbanken Fonder Ab and Ålandsbanken Fonder II Ab). "Premium Banking" encompasses operations in all customer segments excluding private banking in Åland, on the Finnish mainland, in Sweden and Asset Management. "IT" encompasses the subsidiary Crosskey Banking Solutions Ab Ltd including Model IT Oy and S-Crosskey Ab. "Corporate and Other" encompasses all central corporate units in the Group including Treasury and external partner collaborations.

Group			UN 2020			
	Private	Premium		Corporate		
EUR M	Banking	Banking	IT	and Other	Eliminations	Total
Net interest income	14.2	13.6	0.0	1.6	0.0	29.3
Net commission income	23.7	7.2	0.0	1.7	0.2	32.6
Net income from financial items at						
fair value	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.8
IT income			18.8	0.6	-8.4	11.0
Other income	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.7	-0.7	0.5
Total income	37.8	20.8	19.2	5.3	-8.9	74.2
Staff costs	-7.7	-3.3	-10.2	-9.5	0.0	-30.7
Other expenses	-5.0	-3.1	-6.1	-9.7	7.8	-16.1
Depreciation/amortisation	-0.4	-0.1	-1.3	-5.3	1.1	-6.1
Internal allocation of expenses	-10.3	-9.7		20.0	0.0	0.0
Total expenses	-23.4	-16.3	-17.6	-4.5	8.9	-53.0
Profit before impairment losses	14.4	4.5	1.6	0.8	0.0	21.3
Net impairment losses on financial						
assets	-1.4	-2.9		-0.3		-4.6
Net operating profit	13.0	1.7	1.6	0.5	0.0	16.7
Income taxes	-2.7	-0.3	-0.4	-0.1		-3.5
Profit for the period attributable						
to shareholders in Bank of Åland Plc	10.3	1.3	1.2	0.4	0.0	13.2
Business volume						
Receivables from the public and						
public sector	1,870	2,241		78	-1	4,188
Deposits from the public and public						
sector	1,709	1,714		55	-19	3,459
Actively managed assets	5,688	413		5		6,107
Risk exposure amount	698	621	75	267		1,661
Equity capital	95	99	25	52		271
Financial ratios etc.						
Return on equity after taxes,						
% (ROE)	21.4	2.7	10.9	1.6		10.1
Expense/income ratio	0.62	0.78	0.92	0.86		0.71

Group		JdH-J	un 2019			
	Private	Premium		Corporate		
EUR M	Banking	Banking	IT	and Other	Eliminations	Total
Net interest income	11.5	12.9	0.0	2.2	0.0	26.5
Net commission income	20.6	6.0	0.0	1.1	0.3	27.9
Net income from financial items at						
fair value	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	1.2
IT income			16.5		-7.9	8.6
Other income	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	-0.6	0.3
Total income	32.2	18.9	16.9	4.8	-8.2	64.6
Staff costs	-7.5	-3.2	-8.8	-9.5	0.0	-29.0
Other expenses	-4.4	-2.6	-5.7	-8.6	6.5	-14.8
Depreciation/amortisation	-0.4	-0.2	-1.3	-4.8	1.0	-5.7
Internal allocation of expenses	-10.2	-8.8		19.0		0.0
Total expenses	-22.5	-14.8	-15.9	-3.8	7.5	-49.4
Profit before impairment losses	9.7	4.1	1.0	1.0	-0.7	15.1
Net impairment losses on financial						
assets	-0.2	-0.1		-0.2		-0.6
Net operating profit	9.5	4.0	1.0	0.7	-0.7	14.5
Income taxes	-2.0	-0.8	-0.2	0.0		-3.0
Profit for the period attributable						
to shareholders in Bank of Åland Plc	7.6	3.2	0.8	0.7	-0.7	11.5
Business volume						
Receivables from the public and						
public sector	1,755	2,245		22	-20	4,001
Deposits from the public and public						
sector	1,635	1,553		60	-23	3,225
Actively managed assets	5,288	360		2		5,651
Risk exposure amount	685	623	36	234		1,577
Equity capital	98	103	13	28		242
Financial ratios etc.						
Return on equity after taxes,						
% (ROE)	16.0	6.3	12.7	4.4		9.6
Expense/income ratio	0.70	0.78	0.94	0.80		0.77

4. Changes in Group structure

During the second quarter, the Bank of Åland established the wholly owned subsidiary Kiinteistö Oy Espoon Koivurinne, which is in the property management business. In addition, Promodus Oy and Puiretti Oy were merged with Crosskey Banking Solutions Ab Ltd. These companies became part of the Group when Crosskey acquired Model IT Oy last year.

5. Net interest income

Group	Q2 2020	Q1 2020		Q2 2019		Jan-Jun 2020	Jan-Jun 2019	%
EUR M								
Receivables from credit institutions and								
central banks	-0.1	0.0		-0.1	-52	0.0	-0.1	-76
Receivables from the public and public sector	16.4	16.1	2	15.3	7	32.5	30.5	7
Debt securities	0.1	0.0		0.2	-37	0.2	0.4	-53
Derivatives	0.4	0.4	-12	0.2	95	0.8	0.4	
Other interest income	0.0	0.0	-87	0.0	-72	0.0	0.0	-97
Total interest income	16.9	16.6	2	15.6	8	33.5	31.1	8
of which interest income according to the								
effective interest method	16.7	16.6	1	15.6	7	33.3	31.0	7
Liabilities to credit institutions and central								
banks	-0.1	-0.1	-47	-0.1	-42	-0.2	-0.2	-2
Liabilities to the public and public sector	0.5	0.6	-15	0.7	-26	1.2	1.8	-32
Debt securities issued	0.7	0.6	17	1.0	-23	1.4	1.9	-27
Subordinated liabilities	0.3	0.3	2	0.3	-15	0.6	0.7	-14
Derivatives	0.5	0.7	-25	0.3	96	1.2	0.5	
Other interest expenses	0.0	0.0	-15	0.0	-34	0.0	0.1	-34
Total interest expenses	2.0	2.1	-4	2.2	-8	4.2	4.6	-9
of which interest expenses according to the								
effective interest method	2.0	2.0	-3	2.5	-21	4.0	4.7	-16
Net interest income	14.8	14.5	3	13.4	11	29.3	26.5	10
Interest margin, per cent	1.11	1.11		1.00		1.11	0.99	
Investment margin, per cent	1.05	1.04		0.97		1.04	0.97	

Interest from derivative instruments is recognised together with the item that they hedge within the framework of hedge accounting (fair value hedging and cash flow hedging). Interest margin is interest on interest-bearing assets divided by the average balance of assets minus interest on interest-bearing liabilities divided by the average balance of liabilities. Average balance is calculated as the average of end-of-month figures for the period in question plus the opening balance for the period. Investment margin is net interest income divided by the average balance sheet total.

6. Net commission income

Group	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	%	Q2 2019	%	Jan-Jun 2020	Jan-Jun 2019	%
EUR M								
Bank commissions	2.5	2.4	5	2.2	14	4.9	4.5	10
Asset management commissions	12.5	13.9	-10	10.9	14	26.4	22.1	19
Other commissions	0.7	0.6	12	0.7	1	1.3	1.3	1
Net commission income	15.7	16.9	-7	13.8	14	32.6	27.9	17

7. Net income from financial items at fair value

Group	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	%	Q2 2019	%	Jan-Jun 2020	Jan-Jun 2019	%
EUR M								
Valuation category fair value via the income statement ("profit and losses")								
Derivative instruments	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	-2
Valuation category fair value via the income								
statement ("profit and losses")	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	-2
Hedge accounting								
of which hedging instruments	0.1	0.6	-76	4.9	-97	0.7	7.1	-90
of which hedged item	-0.3	-0.7	-55	-5.0	-94	-1.0	-7.2	-87
Hedge accounting	-0.2	-0.1	73	-0.1	42	-0.3	-0.1	
Net income from foreign currency revaluation	-0.1	-0.3	-48	0.0		-0.4	0.0	
Modification results and expected credit losses	0.0	0.0	-50	-0.1		0.0	-0.1	
Net income from financial assets	0.4	1.1	-66	1.0	-63	1.4	1.3	7
Total	0.0	0.7	-94	0.8	-94	0.8	1.2	-33

8. Other expenses

Group	Q2 2020	Q1 2020		Q2 2019		Jan-Jun 2020	Jan-Jun 2019	%
EUR M								
Stability fee	0.6	2.0	-68	-0.5		2.6	1.8	50
Other administrative expenses	6.5	7.0	-7	6.6	-1	13.5	13.0	4
Total	7.1	9.0	-21	6.0	18	16.1	14.8	9

9. Net impairment losses on financial assets

Group	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	%	Q2 2019	%	Jan-Jun 2020	Jan-Jun 2019	%
EUR M								
Loan losses, Stage 1	-0.1	0.3		0.0		0.2	-0.1	
Loan losses, Stage 2	-0.2	2.5		-0.1		2.3	-0.1	
Net Ioan Iosses, Stages 1-2	-0.4	2.9		0.0		2.5	-0.2	
Loan losses, Stage 3								
New and increased individual provisions	1.7	0.9	99	0.8		2.5	2.1	24
Recovered from previous provisions	-0.5	-0.3	75	-0.7	-23	-0.8	-1.6	-49
Utilised for actual loan losses	-0.7	-3.9	-83	0.0		-4.6	-0.7	
Actual Ioan Iosses	0.8	4.2	-80	0.4		5.0	1.1	
Recoveries of actual loan losses	-0.1	0.0		-0.1	38	-0.1	-0.2	-20
Net group provisions	-0.1	0.2		-0.1	-54	0.1	0.0	
Net Ioan losses, Stage 3	1.1	0.9	25	0.2		2.0	0.8	
Total Ioan Iosses	0.8	3.8	-79	0.2		4.6	0.6	
of which receivables from the public and public								
sector	0.8	3.7	-80	0.1		4.5	0.6	
of which off-balance sheet commitments	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	
of which debt securities at amortised cost	0.0	0.0	-42	0.0	-45	0.1	0.0	48
Loan loss level, receivables from the public and public sector, %	0.08	0.37		0.01		0.22	0.03	

Provisions related to Stage 1 and Stage 2 loans increased during the first quarter of 2020 due to a group provision of EUR 2.0 M related to heightened risk of losses in the corporate loan portfolio, which is recognised in Stage 2.

10. Receivables from the public and public sector by purpose

Group	Jur	1 30, 2020		Dec 31, 2019	%	Jun 30, 2019	%
EUR M	Receivables before provisions	Provisions	Receivables after provisions	Receivables after provisions		Receivables after provisions	
Private individuals							
Home loans	2,313	-3	2,310	2,266	2	2,259	2
Securities and other investments	331	0	331	325	2	316	5
Business operations	107	-2	105	108	-3	105	0
Other household purposes	274	-3	271	267	1	239	13
Total, private individuals	3,024	-8	3,017	2,966	2	2,920	3
Companies							
Shipping	57	-1	56	50	12	56	0
Wholesale and retail trade	39	0	39	42	-6	45	-13
Housing operations	307	0	307	312	-2	282	9
Other real estate operations	189	-1	188	210	-10	191	-2
Financial and insurance operations	237	0	237	220	8	221	7
Hotel and restaurant operations	35	0	35	29	22	29	23
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	11	0	11	11	-7	12	-11
Construction	115	0	114	80	43	77	49
Other industry and crafts	37	0	37	36	1	37	0
Other service operations	103	-2	101	109	-8	91	11
Total, companies	1,129	-4	1,125	1,100	2	1,041	8
Public sector and non-profit organisations	46	0	46	44	4	41	13
Total, public sector and non-profit organisations	46	o	46	44	4	41	13
Total	4,200	-12	4,188	4,110	2	4,001	5

The Bank of Åland is not yet seeing any increase in non-performing loans due to the prevailing coronavirus crisis, but in light of an expected economic downturn the Bank has decided to set aside EUR 2.0 M in a group provision related to heightened risk of losses, primarily in the corporate loan portfolio. This group provision is recognised above as part of "Other service operations".

11. Receivables from the public and public sector by stage

	Jan	1, 2020 - J	un 30, 20	20	Jan 1, 2019 - Jun 30, 2019
Group	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Total
EUR M					
Carrying amount, gross					
Opening balance, January 1	3,972.5	116.4	33.5	4,122.5	4,033.0
Closing balance, June 30	4,000.4	165.7	34.1	4,200.2	4,012.3
Provisions for expected losses					
Opening balance, January 1	0.5	0.9	11.1	12.4	11.3
Increases due to issuances and acquisitions	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Decrease due to removal from balance sheet	-0.1	-0.1	-1.0	-1.2	-1.0
Decrease due to write-offs	0.0	0.0	-3.5	-3.5	-0.7
Transfer to Stage 1	0.2	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transfer to Stage 2	-0.1	0.2	-0.1	0.0	0.0
Transfer to Stage 3	0.0	-0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0
Net changes due to changed credit risk	0.1	2.6	1.6	4.2	1.1
Net changes due to changed estimation method	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Exchange rate differences and other adjustments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Closing balance, June 30	0.6	3.2	8.3	12.1	10.9
Carrying amount, net					
Opening balance, January 1	3,972.0	115.5	22.5	4,110.0	4,021.7
Closing balance, June 30	3,999.8	162.5	25.8	4,188.1	4,001.4
	Jun 30,	Dec 31,	Jun 30,		
Impairment losses, IFRS 9 - Financial ratios	2020	2019	2019		
Total provision ratio, receivables from the public, %	0.29	0.30	0.27		
Provision ratio, Stage 1, receivables from the public, %	0.02	0.01	0.02		
Provision ratio, Stage 2, receivables from the public, %	1.92	0.74	0.67		
Provision ratio, Stage 3, receivables from the public, %	24	33	43		
Share of receivables from the public in Stage 3, $\%$	0.81	0.81	0.52		

Provisions related to Stage 1 and Stage 2 loans increased during the first quarter of 2020 due to a group provision of EUR 2.0 M related to heightened risk of losses in the corporate loan portfolio, which is recognised in Stage 2.

12. Debt securities issued

Group	Jun 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019		Jun 30, 2019	%
EUR M					
Certificates of deposit	159	108	47	98	62
Covered bonds	899	1,145	-21	1,218	-26
Senior non-covered bonds	251	351	-28	352	-29
Total	1,309	1,604	-18	1,668	-22

13. Derivative instruments

Group		Jun 30, 2020					Dec 31, 2019		
EUR M	Nominal amou Under 1 yr	ınt/maturit <u>y</u> 1-5 yrs	over 5 yrs	Nominal amount	Positive market values	Negative market values	Nominal amount	Positive market values	Negative market values
Derivatives for trading									
Interest-related contracts									
Interest rate swaps		58	6	64	3	3	65	3	3
Currency-related contracts									
Currency forward contracts	479			479	4	3	716	4	5
Total	479	58	6	543	7	7	781	7	8
Derivatives for fair value hedge									
Interest-related contracts									
Interest rate swaps	11	1,075	34	1,120	15	6	1,356	14	4
Total	11	1,075	34	1,120	15	6	1,356	14	4
Total derivative instruments	490	1,133	40	1,663	21	12	2,136	21	12
of which cleared	11	1,130	37	1,178	16	9	1,414	16	7

14. Financial instruments measured at fair value

Group		Jun 30, 2020		
EUR M	Instruments with quoted prices (Level 1)	Measurement techniques based on observable market data (Level 2)		Total
Debt securities	415			415
Receivables from the public and public sector		110		110
Shares and participations	0	0	10	10
Derivative instruments		21		21
Total financial assets	415	132	10	557
Debt securities issued		901		901
Derivative instruments		12		12
Total financial liabilities		913		913

Group

Dec 31, 2019

EUR M	Instruments with quoted prices (Level 1)	Measurement techniques based on observable market data (Level 2)	Measurement techniques based on non-observable market data (Level 3)	Total
Debt securities	545			545
Receivables from the public and public sector		102		102
Shares and participations	0	0	9	9
Derivative instruments		21		21
Total financial assets	545	123	9	677
Debt securities issued		1,158		1,158
Derivative instruments		12		12
Total financial liabilities		1,170		1,170

Changes in Level 3 holdings	Jan 1 - Jun 30, 2020
EUR M	Shares and participations
Carrying amount on January 1	9.4
New purchases/reclassifications	0.4
Change in value recognised in "Other comprehensive income"	-0.2
Carrying amount on June 30	9.6

Financial instruments for which there is price information that is easily available and that represent actual and frequently occurring transactions are measured at current market price. For financial assets, the current purchase price is used. For financial liabilities, the current sale price is used. The current market price of groups of financial instruments that are managed on the basis of the Bank's net exposure to market risk equals the current market price that would be received or paid if the net position were divested.

In the case of financial assets for which reliable market price information is not available, fair value is determined with the help of measurement models. Such models may, for example, be based on price comparisons, present value estimates or option valuation theory, depending on the nature of the instrument. The models use incoming data in the form of market prices and other variables that are deemed to influence pricing. The models and incoming data on which the measurements are based are validated regularly to ensure that they are consistent with market practices and generally accepted financial theory.

The measurement hierarchy

Financial instruments that are measured according to quoted prices in an active market for identical assets/liabilities are categorised as Level 1. Financial instruments that are measured using measurement models that are, in all essential respects, based on market data are categorised as Level 2. Financial instruments that are measured with the help of models based on incoming data that cannot be verified with external market information are categorised in Level 3. These assets essentially consist of unlisted shares. Such holdings are generally measured as the Bank's portion of the net asset value of the company. Unlisted shares are essentially classified as available for sale. The changes in the value of these holdings are reported in "Other comprehensive income".

In the tables on the previous page, financial instruments measured at fair value have been classified with regard to how they have been measured and the degree of market data used in this measurement on closing day. If the classification on closing day has changed, compared to the classification at the end of the previous year, the instrument has been moved between the levels in the table. During the period, no instruments were moved between Levels 1 and 2. Changes in Level 3 are presented in a separate table on the previous page.

15. Off-balance sheet commitments

Group	Jun 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019		Jun 30, 2019	%
EUR M					
Obligations to a third party on behalf of customers	18	23	-20	18	0
Irrevocable obligations on behalf of customers	658	421	56	448	47
Total	676	444	52	465	45
Provision for expected loss	0	0	51	0	-1

16. Assets pledged

Group	Jun 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019		Jun 30, 2019	%
EUR M					
Lending to credit institutions	14	36	-61	28	-49
Debt securities	334	175	91	170	96
Loan receivables constituting collateral (cover pool)					
for covered bonds	1,520	1,584	-4	1,840	-17
Other assets pledged	3	3	22	3	21
Total	1,871	1,797	4	2,041	-8

During the period, no major shift has taken place concerning the scale of financial assets and liabilities that are subject to offsetting, netting agreements or similar agreements. Information about this type of agreements is included in the Bank of Åland's Annual Report, Note G45.

17. Capital adequacy

Group	Jun 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019		Jun 30, 2019	
EUR M					
Equity capital according to balance sheet	271.3	258.4	5	242.0	12
Foreseeable dividend		-15.6	-100	-5.5	-100
Common equity Tier 1 capital before deductions	271.3	242.8	12	236.6	1
Intangible assets	-24.4	-25.0	-2	-20.6	19
Non-controlling interests	0.0	0.0	-22	0.0	-12
Net other items	0.0	0.0	-66	0.0	-6
Further adjustments in value	-0.4	-0.6	-24	-0.7	-3
Expected losses according to IRB approach beyond					
recognised losses (deficit)	-6.3	-6.2	1	-6.0	
Adjustments due to transitional rules related to IFRS 9	0.5	0.6	-11	0.6	-1
Common equity Tier 1 capital	240.6	211.5	14	209.9	1
Additional Tier 1 capital					
Tier 1 capital	240.6	211.5	14	209.9	1
Supplementary capital instruments	36.1	36.2	0	36.2	
Expected losses according to IRB approach beyond					
recognised losses (surplus)		1.7	-100	0.1	-10
Supplementary capital	36.1	37.9	-5	36.3	-
Total capital base	276.7	249.4	11	246.1	1
Capital requirement for credit risk according to the IRB					
approach	43.7	40.8	7	41.8	
Capital requirement for risk weighting floor, home	137		,		
mortgage loans	8.7	8.0	8	7.1	2
Capital requirement for credit risk according to	,			,	
standardised approach	62.3	60.2	4	59.6	
Capital requirement for credit-worthiness adjustment	5		1		
risk	0.0	0.0	3	0.0	-3
Capital requirement for operational risk	18.2	17.6	3	17.6	-
Capital requirement	132.9	126.6	5	126.2	
Capital ratios					
Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio, %	14.5	13.4		13.3	
Tier 1 capital ratio, %	14.5	13.4		13.3	
Total capital ratio, %	16.7	15.8		15.6	
Risk exposure amount	1,661	1,583	5	1,577	
of which % comprising credit risk	86	86		86	
of which % comprising credit-worthiness					
adjustment risk	0	0		0	
of which % comprising operational risk	14	14		14	

Requirements related to capital buffers, %	Jun 30,	Dec 31,		Jun 30,	
requirements related to capital bullers, 70	2020	2019		2019	
Total common equity Tier 1 capital requirements					
including buffer requirements	8.5	10.7		9.5	
of which common equity Pillar 1 capital requirement	4.5	4.5		4.5	
of which common equity Pillar 2 capital requirement	1.5	1.5		1.5	
of which capital conservation buffer requirement	2.5	2.5		2.5	
of which countercyclical capital buffer requirement		1.2		1.0	
of which systemic risk buffer requirement		1.0			
Common equity Tier 1 capital available to be used as a					
buffer	14.5	13.4		13.3	
Exposure class	lur	30, 2020			
EUR M	Gross exposure	Exposure at default	Risk weight %	Risk exposure amount	Capital requirement
Credit risk according to the IRB approach					
Without own LGD estimates					
Corporate, other large companies	174.3	141.3	58	82.6	6.6

Total risk exposure amount, credit risk	6,490.2	5,826.3	23	1,325.5	106.0
Total exposures according to standardised approach	3,611.3	3,078.0	25	779.3	62.3
Other exposures	81.1	81.1	76	61.7	4.9
Equity exposures	10.2	10.2	100	10.2	0.8
Covered bonds	461.0	460.9	10	46.3	3.7
Items associated with particularly high risk	0.1	0.1	150	0.1	0.0
Exposures in default	1.5	1.4	140	2.0	0.2
Secured by mortgages on immovable property	1,022.3	1,021.0	33	334.3	26.7
Retail	390.9	105.1	74	77.3	6.2
Corporates	586.8	221.9	95	211.2	16.9
Institutions	271.5	236.2	15	36.3	2.9
International organisations	4.0	4.0	0	0.0	0.0
Multilateral development banks	59.8	64.5	0	0.0	0.0
Regional governments or local authorities	38.8	64.3	0	0.0	0.0
cedit risk according to standardised approach Central government or central banks	683.2	807.3	0	0.0	0.0
Total exposures according to IRB approach	2,878.9	2,748.3	20	546.2	43.7
Retail, other	338.2	293.2	10	30.6	2.4
Retail, other (small and medium-sized companies)	35.2	33.7	21	7.1	0.6
Retail with property as collateral (private individuals)	119.1	118.2	24	27.8	2.2
sized companies)	1,835.1	1,823.1	10	178.8	14.3
Retail with property as collateral (small and medium-					
Using own LGD estimates					
Corporate, special lending	5.0	5.0	115	5.7	0.5
Corporate, small and medium sized companies	372.0	333.8	64	213.6	17.1
corporate, other large companies	1/4.3	141.3	50	02.0	0.0

EUR M	Gross exposure	Exposure at default	Risk weight %	Risk exposure amount	Capital requirement
Credit risk according to the IRB approach					
Without own LGD estimates					
Corporate, other large companies	143.9	130.5	57	75.0	6.0
Corporate, small and medium sized companies	352.6	313.6	60	189.6	15.2
Corporate, special lending	5.3	5.3	112	5.9	0.5
Using own LGD estimates					
Retail with property as collateral (small and medium-					
sized companies)	1,817.4	1,806.4	10	175.3	14.0
Retail with property as collateral (private individuals)	118.5	117.8	23	27.5	2.2
Retail, other (small and medium-sized companies)	35.6	35.1	21	7.2	0.6
Retail, other	350.6	308.0	9	29.0	2.3
Total exposures according to IRB approach	2,823.8	2,716.7	19	509.4	40.8
Credit risk according to standardised approach					
Central government or central banks	516.6	608.5	0	0.0	0.0
Regional governments or local authorities	45.2	69.9	0	0.0	0.0
Multilateral development banks	28.8	31.9	0	0.0	0.0
International organisations	4.0	4.0	0	0.0	0.0
Institutions	325.7	276.6	22	60.4	4.8
Corporates	479.7	184.0	99	182.2	14.6
Retail	249.7	88.6	73	64.7	5.2
Secured by mortgages on immovable property	993.5	991.9	33	322.7	25.8
Exposures in default	3.0	2.3	12.4	2.8	0.2
Covered bonds	503.4	503.3	10	52.1	4.2
Equity exposures	9.7	9.7	100	9.7	0.8
Other exposures	85.8	85.8	68	58.4	4.7
Total exposures according to standardised approach	3,245.1	2,856.5	26	752.9	60.2
Total risk exposure amount, credit risk	6,068.9	5,573.1	23	1,262.3	101.0
	Jun 30,	Dec 31,		Jun 30,	
Leverage ratio	2020	2019		2019	
EUR M					
Tier 1 capital	240.6	211.5	14	209.9	1
Total exposure measure	5,809.7	5,663.4	3	5,579.1	
of which balance sheet items	5,681.5	5,581.4	2	5,494.6	
of which balance sheet items					
of which off-balance sheet items	128.2	82.0	56	84.6	5

The leverage ratio is calculated according to the situation at the end of the period. Tier 1 capital includes profit for the period.

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Translation

Report on review of the Half-Year Financial Report of Bank of Åland Plc for the accounting period January 1 – June 30, 2020

To the Board of Directors of Bank of Åland Plc

Introduction

We have reviewed the summary balance sheet as of June 30, 2020 and the related summary income statement, summary statement of other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity capital and summary cash flow statement of Bank of Åland Plc group for the six-month period then ended, as well as other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements. The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Half-Year Financial Report in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and other Finnish rules and regulations governing the preparation of interim reports. We will express our conclusion on the Half-Year Financial Report based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards on auditing and other generally accepted auditing practices and consequently does not enable us to obtain a level of assurance that would make us aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Half-Year Financial Report, in all material respects, is not prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and other applicable rules and regulations governing Half-Year Financial Report reporting preparation in Finland.

Helsinki, July 17, 2020

KPMG OY AB

Marcus Tötterman

Fredrik Westerholm

Jessica Björkgren Authorised Public Accountant, KHT Authorised Public Accountant, KHT Authorised Public Accountant, KHT