



AURIANT
MINING

Interim report

Q1 2024

JANUARY – MARCH

AURIANT MINING AB (publ.)

Q1 2024 Interim Report (January – March)

The consolidated financial statements of the Auriant Mining Group (“Auriant Mining”, “the Company”), of which Auriant Mining AB (publ.) with corporate identity number 556659-4833 is the parent company (“the Parent Company”), are hereby presented for the three-months period ended on 31 March 2024.

Highlights 3 months 2024, Auriant Group

Amounts in parentheses refer to the same period in the previous year.

- **Gold production in line with the mine plan** - 86 kg /2,774 oz (139 kg /4,469 oz)
- **Gold sales** 133 kg /4,282 oz (148 kg /4,755 oz)
- **Consolidated revenue** US\$ 8.6 mln (US\$ 8.9 mln)
- **Net loss after tax** US\$ -0.5 mln (US\$ -8.4 mln)
- **EBITDA** US\$ 2.1 mln (US\$ -0.2 mln)
- **Net cash flow generated from operating activities** US\$ 1.3 mln (US\$ 1.6 mln)
- **Average selling price for gold** US\$ 2,011 per oz (US\$ 1,882 per oz)

Operations

The Company has currently four assets, including two operating mines (Tardan and Staroverinskaya), one early stage exploration asset and one development asset. The gold production during Q1 2024, compared to the corresponding periods in 2023 and full year 2023, is presented in the following table:

Production unit	Q1 2024		Q1 2023		YoY		FY 2023	
	kg	oz	kg	oz	kg	oz	kg	oz
Hard rock								
Tardan (CIL)	86.3	2,774	139.0	4,469	-52.7	-1,695	648.3	20,844
Alluvial								
Staroverinskaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	642
Total gold produced	86.3	2,774	139.0	4,469	-52.7	-1,695	668.3	21,486

Tardan

Tardan includes Tardan's open pit mine and Tardan's CIL plant. Tardan's CIL plant has a projected throughput of >50t per working hour. The CIL plant's flowsheet is as follows: crushing, milling and thickening followed by direct leaching in tanks, then separation to tailings and leach solution via press-filters followed by sorption, desorption of the leach solution and then electrolysis. The output product from the site is gold alloys (Doré bars) containing some 83-89% of gold content. These are further refined to bankable gold bullions by an external refinery.

In Q1 2024, ore mined amounted to 16 thousand tonnes (Q1 2023: 21 thousand tonnes) a decrease of 5 thousand tonnes or 24%. The average grade in Q1 2024 was 1.34 g/t, compared to 2.01 g/t in Q1 2023, a decrease of 33%.

Stripping volume amounted to 622 thousand m³ (449 thousand m³ in Q1 2023).

In Q1 2024, the volume of ore processed through the CIL plant amounted to 105 thousand tonnes with an average grade of 1.03 g/t (total gold in processed ore – 108 kg). The volume of ore processed in Q1 2023 was 101 thousand tonnes with an average grade of 1.54 g/t (total gold in processed ore – 155 kg).

Q1 2024 hard rock gold production amounted to 86.3 kg (2,774 oz), compared to 139.0 kg (4,469 oz) in Q1 2023, a decrease of 38%, or 52.7 kg (1,695 oz).

Staroverinskaya license area

Due to the seasonality of the operations at Staroverinskaya, there was no alluvial gold production in the period, however in April 2024 preparation activities for alluvial gold production were started.

Financial overview

Comments on financial performance

Revenue

	Q1 2024		Q1 2023		YoY		FY 2023	
	kg	oz	kg	oz	kg	oz	kg	oz
Gold sales	133	4,282	148	4,755	(15)	(473)	604	19,415
Hard rock gold	133	4,282	148	4,755	(15)	(473)	584	18,774
Alluvial gold	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	642
Average realized gold price, \$/oz		2,011		1,882	-	129		1,923
Total revenue, \$US mln		8.6		8.9	-	(0.3)		37.3

Revenue from the sale of gold amounted to US\$ 8.6 mln, a 4% decrease compared to Q1 2023 (US\$ 8.9 mln), due to a lower volume of gold produced and sold. Q1 2024 gold sales volumes amounted to 133 kg (4,282 oz), which is 10%, or 15 kg (473 oz) less than in Q1 2023.

The average realized gold price per ounce increased from US\$ 1,882 in Q1 2023 to US\$ 2,011 in Q1 2024, or by 7%.

Expenses

In Q1 2024, the Group's cost of sales decreased by 29% compared to Q1 2023, to US\$ 6.3 mln, cash operating expenses remained on the same level.

	Q1 2024 US\$000	Q1 2023 US\$000	Change US\$000	Change %
Cash operating expenses	(6,432)	(6,424)	(8)	0%
Change in stripping asset (non-cash)	-	(136)	136	-100%
Change in work in progress (non-cash)	683	(1,573)	2,256	-143%
Depreciation & amortization (non-cash)	(562)	(802)	240	-30%
Cost of sales	(6,311)	(8,935)	2,624	-29%

Higher volume of mining works resulted in rising of cash operating expenses in RUB by 26% which were leveled by the RUB depreciation against the USD in Q1 2024 by 24%.

Due to the fact that the most of the Group's operating expenses are denominated in Russian roubles (RUB) stronger RUB vs the USD can negatively impact the Group's margins by increasing the USD value of its RUB-denominated costs, while a weaker RUB positively affects its margins as it reduces the USD value of the Group's RUB-denominated costs. RUB depreciation against the USD during Q1 2024 had a positive effect on the Group's margin. In Q1 2024, the average USD/RUB exchange rate amounted to 90.80 (Q1 2023: 72.97).

The average cash cost per ounce produced at LLC "Tardan Gold" increased from US\$ 1,429/oz in Q1 2023 to US\$ 2,275/oz in Q1 2024.

The Company's financial expenses represented by interest on loans and borrowings and lease liabilities amounted to US\$ 0.2 mln in Q1 2024 (US\$ 1.3 mln in Q1 2023). Interest accrued on bank loans was on the same level at US\$ 0.2 mln in both periods. The reduction of interest expenses in Q1 2024 was mainly due to the grace period on interest on Golden Impala bond liabilities until December 1, 2024 (in Q1 2023 the amount of interest accrued on bond was US\$ 1.1 mln).

In Q1 2024, income tax charge at LLC "Tardan Gold" amounted to US\$ 0.3 mln (Q1 2023: 0.7 mln).

Financial results

In Q1 2024, the Group recognized net loss of US\$ -0.5 mln compared to US\$ -8.4 mln in Q1 2023. In Q1 2023 net loss of US\$ -8.4 mln was caused by the income tax expense as result of the accumulated deferred tax asset on non-monetary items write off in the amount of US\$ 6.6 mln (non-cash expense) in connection with changing the Group's functional currency from the USD to the RUB from January 1, 2023.

EBITDA increased by US\$ 2.3 mln and amounted to US\$ 2.1 mln in Q1 2024 (US\$ -0.2 mln in the comparative period) with an EBITDA margin of 24% compared to -2% in Q1 2023.

EBITDA margin, %	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Change	Change
	US\$ mln	US\$ mln	US\$ mln	%
Revenue	8.6	8.9	(0.3)	-4%
EBITDA	2.1	(0.2)	2.3	-1161%
EBITDA margin, %	24%	-2%	26%	-1203%

EBITDA reconciliation to Profit before tax	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Change	Change
	US\$ mln	US\$ mln	US\$ mln	%
Profit before income tax	(0.1)	(2.0)	1.9	-94%
Financial costs	(0.2)	(1.3)	1.1	-84%
Currency gain/(loss)	(1.4)	0.3	(1.7)	-547%
Depreciation & amortization	(0.6)	(0.8)	0.2	-30%
EBITDA	2.1	(0.2)	2.3	-1161%

Comments on the financial position

As of March 31st 2024, the Company had 59.3 kg of gold produced but not sold (106.4 kg as at 31 December 2023).

As of March 31st 2024, total bank loan debt amounted to MRUB 312.4 (US\$ 3.4 mln) (31 December 2023: MRUB 364.2 (US\$ 4.1 mln). During Q1 2024 the Group repaid principal amount of the bank loan in amount of MRUB 51.2 (US\$ 0.6 mln).

Total net debt as at March 31, 2024, amounted to US\$ 49.8 mln compared to US\$ 52.0 mln as at December 31, 2023.

Total Net Debt	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	TUSD	TUSD
Bank loans	3,382	4,061
Debt to shareholder	43,959	45,331
Other interest-bearing liabilities	2,330	2,350
Other notes	218	225
Leasing	121	99
Total Debt	50,010	52,067
Cash and Cash equivalents	219	49
Total Net Debt	49,791	52,018

Liquidity, investments and financing

Gold sales revenue decreased by US\$ 0.3 mln or 4% due to lower gold sales volume (133 kg in Q1 2024 vs 148 kg in Q1 2023).

Income tax paid by LLC “Tardan Gold” in Q1 2024 amounted to US\$ 0.9 mln (US\$ 0.1 mln in Q1 2023).

Net cash flow generated from operating activities decreased by US\$ 0.2 mln, or 15%, and amounted to US\$ 1.3 mln in the reporting period vs US\$ 1.6 mln in the comparative period.

During Q1 2024, operating activities were financed from the same sources as in the previous reporting period, i.e. by gold sales and the reimbursement of VAT.

Positive cash flows from operating activities were used for loan repayments and finance lease payments in both periods.

The consolidated cash balance as at 31 March 2024 was US\$ 0.2 mln compared to US\$ 0.049 mln as at 31 December 2023.

As of March 31st 2024, the Company had 59.3 kg of gold produced but not sold with a market value of US\$ 4.2 mln, based on gold price per ounce at the end of March, that had been realized in April 2024 – this strongly supports the Company’s liquidity position.

Other financial information

SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company accounts for segments in accordance with IFRS 8. At present, the Company has one segment, as the only core product (gold) is produced and all operations are performed in one economic environment, Russia.

EMPLOYEES

During Q1 2024, the Group had an average of 481 employees, of which 400 were men and 81 women (during Q1 2023: 517 employees, of which 435 men and 82 women).

As of March 31st 2024, the number of employees in the Group was 462, of which 381 were men and 81 women (as at 31 December 2023: 460, of which 382 were men and 78 women).

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As of March 31st 2024, the number of shares in issue was 98,768,270. The limits of the share capital are a minimum of MSEK 0.5 and a maximum of MSEK 2.0 and the quota value of each share is SEK 0.00506235453. Each share carries one vote.

THE PARENT COMPANY

The Parent company is a holding company without significant operations. It supports the subsidiaries with financing, investor relations, strategy formulation, etc. Thus, usually it has no income other than interest income on loans extended to the subsidiaries from time to time.

INCOME AND RESULTS OF THE PARENT COMPANY

The operating loss for Q1 2024 was MSEK -2.747 (US\$ -0.264 mln), compared to Q1 2023 MSEK -2.251 (US\$ -0.216 mln).

Net financial items for Q1 2024 amounted to MSEK -8.722 (US\$ -0.840 mln) and mainly represented by interest income from subsidiary companies of MSEK 3.446 (US\$ 0.332 mln) which were offset by interest expenses of MSEK -0.122 (US\$ -0.012 mln) and net forex loss of MSEK -12.046 (US\$ -1.160 mln).

In December 2023 the terms of the Golden Impala bond were changed. The key changes were as follows:

- no interest will accrue on the bond in the next 12 months (“grace period”);
- the currency of 50% of the total indebtedness was changed from USD to SEK.

The reduction of interest expenses in Q1 2024 was mainly due to the grace period on interest on Golden Impala bond liabilities until December 1, 2024 (in Q1 2023 the amount of interest accrued on bond was MSEK 11.3 (US\$ 1.1 mln)).

Due to the low liquidity in the market and high volatility in the SEK/RUB rate, the Riksbank suspended the publication the rouble rate since 28 March 2022. The SEK/RUB cross rate via USD was used to convert RUB-denominated loans into SEK as at 31 March 2024. The official RUB/USD rate published by the Russian Central Bank on 31 March 2024 was 92.3660, the official USD/SEK rate published by the Riksbank was 10.6604. SEK/RUR closing cross rate was 8.6644 on 31 March 2024 (8.9317 – on 31 December 2023). RUB appreciation against the SEK by 3% resulted in a forex gain on RUB-denominated loan receivables from subsidiary companies. However, SEK depreciation against the USD by 6% resulted in a forex loss on USD-denominated loan liabilities.

In Q1 2024 based on the impairment test performed as at March 31, 2024, the Company reported a reversal of previous years impairment of investments in LLC “Tardan Gold” in a total amount of MSEK 146.866 (US\$ 14.137 mln) (Q1 2023: MSEK 121.000 (US\$ 11.603 mln)).

Net profit for the period was MSEK 135.397 (US\$ 13.033 mln) compared to profit of MSEK 103.559 (US\$ 9.930 mln) in Q1 2023.

FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE PARENT COMPANY

As of 31st of March 2024, the long-term liabilities were represented by the long-term part of the KFM liability in the amount of MSEK 21.695 (US\$ 2.035 mln).

The current liability was mainly represented by the debt to Golden Impala (the Shareholder's bond) of MSEK 468.623 (US\$ 43.959 mln) and by the short-term liability to KFM of MSEK 3.082 (US\$ 0.289 mln).

The Parent Company had two employees at the end of the period.

In the context of the increasingly difficult economic sanctions environment, the Board of the Parent Company is constantly monitoring the situation and evaluating options to maintain value and sustainability of the Group's operations for the benefit of the Company's shareholders and other stakeholders. Whilst further evaluation and strategic decision-making will follow in due course, and the relevant announcements will be made as appropriate, the Parent Company is taking steps to establish the basic framework, to facilitate implementation of any strategic decisions if and when they are made. To that end, in Q1 2024, the Parent Company opened a Branch Office in Belgrade, the Republic of Serbia. The Branch Office will operate under the name Auriant Mining AB Ogranak Beograd. The main registered activity of the Branch Office is consulting activities related to business and other management, and it is authorized to perform all other permitted activities within the limitations prescribed under the law and applicable legislation.

In addition, after the end of the period, the Parent Company opened a branch in Dubai, UAE in May 2024. The branch holds a trade license for Geophysical & Geological Studies & Services.

Q1 2024 operational update

Highlights:

- In Q1 2024, hard rock gold production amounted to 86.3 kg (2,774 oz), compared to 139.0 kg (4,469 oz) in Q1 2023, a decrease of 38%, or 52.7 kg (1,695 oz);
- Due to the seasonality of the operations at Staroverinskaya (Solcocon), there was no alluvial gold production in Q1;
- In Q1 2024, total gold sales amounted to 133.2 kg (4,282 oz), compared to 147.9 kg (4,755 oz) in Q1 2023, a decrease of 14.7 kg (473 oz), or 10%;
- 104,617 tonnes of ore with an average grade of 1.03 g/t were processed through the CIL plant;
- The CIL plant operated for 2,073 hours at a throughput rate of 50 tonnes (50) per working hour and achieved a recovery rate of 85% as budgeted. The budgeted recovery rate defined was lower than previously achieved due to the increased proportion of the heap leach tailings in the CIL feed;
- 16,170 tonnes of ore were mined in Q1 2024, compared to 21,290 tonnes in Q1 2023, a decrease of 5,130 tonnes or 24%. Stripping volume amounted to 622,400 m³ (173,300 m³, or 39% more than in Q1 2023);
- The average grade of processed ore in Q1 2024 was 1.03 g/t, compared to 1.54 g/t in Q1 2023, a decrease of 33%;

Overall, Q1 2024 production was in line with the Company's production plan.

Total Gold Production

Production unit	3m 2024		3m 2023		Change		
	kg	oz	kg	oz	kg	oz	%
Hard rock							
Tardan (CIL)	86.3	2,774	139.0	4,469	-52.7	-1,695	-38%
Alluvial							
Staroverinskaya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total gold produced	86.3	2,774	139.0	4,469	-52.7	-1,695	-38%

Hard Rock Gold Production

	Unit	3m 2024	3m 2023	Change	
Mining					
Waste stripping	000 m ³	622.40	449.10	173.30	38.6%
Ore mined	000 tonnes	16.17	21.29	-5.13	-24%
Gold in Ore	kg	21.73	42.83	-21.10	-49%
Average grade	g/t	1.34	2.01	-0.67	-33%
CIL					
Ore processing	000 tonnes	104.62	100.66	3.96	4%
Grade	g/t	1.03	1.54	-0.51	-33%
Gold in ore processing	kg	107.61	154.52	-46.91	-30%
Gold produced CIL	kg	86.28	139.01	-52.73	-38%
Recovery	%	84.8%	90%	-5.1%	-5.7%
Warehouse on Mar 31					
Ore	000 tonnes	53.78	39.81	13.97	35%
Grade	g/t	1.41	1.37	0.04	3%

Financial reports

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

	Note	Q1 Jan-Mar 2024 US\$000	Q1 Jan-Mar 2023 US\$000	12 months Jan-Dec 2023 US\$000
Revenue		8,614	8,949	37,343
Cost of sales		(6,311)	(8,935)	(27,654)
Gross profit		2,303	14	9,689
General and administrative expenses		(764)	(944)	(3,357)
Other operating income		3	4	67
Other operating expenses		(40)	(76)	(567)
Operating profit/(loss)		1,502	(1,002)	5,832
Financial income		5	-	13
Financial expenses	4	(208)	(1,315)	(5,219)
Foreign exchange gain/(loss), net		(1,426)	319	(93)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax		(127)	(1,998)	533
Income tax		(360)	(6,441)	(7,555)
Net profit/(loss) for the period		(487)	(8,439)	(7,022)
Whereof attributable to:				
The owners of the Parent Company		(487)	(8,439)	(7,022)
Earnings per share before dilution (US\$)		0.00	(0.09)	(0.07)
Earnings per share after dilution (US\$)		0.00	(0.09)	(0.07)
Number of shares issued at period end		98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270
Average number of shares for the period		98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270
Average number of shares for the period after dilution		98,768,270	98,768,270	98,768,270

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Q1 Jan-Mar 2024 US\$000	Q1 Jan-Mar 2023 US\$000	12 months Jan-Dec 2023 US\$000
Net profit/(loss) for the period	(487)	(8,439)	(7,022)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period <i>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss</i>			
Translation difference	1,981	(10,219)	(16,478)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	1,494	(18,658)	(23,500)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Note	March 31, 2024 US\$000	March 31, 2023 US\$000	December 31, 2023 US\$000
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Intangible fixed assets		16,307	15,815	16,426
Tangible fixed assets		13,858	19,496	14,636
Stripping assets		1,379	2,922	1,421
Deferred tax assets		1,653	1,887	1,753
Total non-current assets		33,197	40,120	34,236
Current assets				
Materials		2,314	2,220	2,561
Work in progress		5,176	4,362	3,419
Finished products		2,849	1,906	4,154
Trade and other receivables		1,996	1,376	2,275
Advanced paid to suppliers and prepaid expenses		883	546	625
Cash and cash equivalents		219	98	49
Total current assets		13,437	10,508	13,083
TOTAL ASSETS		46,634	50,628	47,319
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Share capital		64	1,438	64
Additional paid-in capital		79,220	79,220	79,220
Translation difference reserve		(27,700)	(23,422)	(29,681)
Retained earnings		(72,171)	(74,475)	(71,684)
TOTAL EQUITY		(20,587)	(17,239)	(22,081)
LIABILITIES				
Non-current liabilities				
Bank loans and other notes		1,327	3,094	1,938
Debt to shareholder	5	-	40,115	-
Lease payable		59	22	42
Deferred tax liabilities		2,213	3,133	2,316
Other non-current liabilities	6	14,115	13,435	14,132
Total non-current liabilities		17,714	59,799	18,428
Current liabilities				
Bank loans payable		2,273	3,777	2,348
Other interest bearing liabilities	7	357	631	356
Trade accounts payable		854	579	589
Debt to shareholder	5	43,959	-	45,331
Other current liabilities	8	2,064	3,081	2,348
Total current liabilities		49,507	8,068	50,972
Total liabilities		67,221	67,867	69,400
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		46,634	50,628	47,319

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

US\$000	Attributable to the shareholders of the parent company				
	Share capital	Additional paid in capital	Translation difference reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity
Equity as at December 31, 2022	1,438	79,220	(13,203)	(66,036)	1,419
Comprehensive income					
Net profit/loss for the period	-	-	-	(8,439)	(8,439)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(10,219)	-	(10,219)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	(10,219)	(8,439)	(18,658)
Equity as at March 31, 2023	1,438	79,220	(23,422)	(74,475)	(17,239)
Comprehensive income					
Net profit/loss for the period	-	-	-	1,417	1,417
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(6,259)	-	(6,259)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	(6,259)	1,417	(4,842)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners					
Reduction in share capital	(1,374)	-	-	1,374	-
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	(1,374)	-	-	1,374	-
Equity as at December 31, 2023	64	79,220	(29,681)	(71,684)	(22,081)
Comprehensive income					
Net profit/(loss) for the period	-	-	-	(487)	(487)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	1,981	-	1,981
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	1,981	(487)	1,494
Equity as at March 31, 2024	64	79,220	(27,700)	(72,171)	(20,587)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Q1 Jan-Mar 2024 US\$000	Q1 Jan-Mar 2023 US\$000	12 months Jan-Dec 2023 US\$000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from gold sales	8,614	8,949	37,343
VAT and other reimbursement	1,164	914	3,476
Payments to suppliers	(4,566)	(4,547)	(21,204)
Payments to employees and social taxes	(2,729)	(3,134)	(10,296)
Income tax paid	(854)	(106)	(2,518)
Other taxes paid	(318)	(526)	(2,029)
Net cash flows from operating activities	1,311	1,550	4,772
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase and construction of property plant and equipment	(107)	(7)	(247)
Exploration and research works	(234)	(65)	(543)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(341)	(72)	(790)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings, net	-	-	-
Repayment of borrowings, net	(589)	(2,118)	(4,076)
Interest paid	(184)	(197)	(671)
Lease payments	(44)	(160)	(542)
Net cash used in financing activities	(817)	(2,475)	(5,289)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	153	(997)	(1,307)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	17	(30)	231
Opening balance cash and cash equivalents	49	1,125	1,125
Closing balance cash and cash equivalents	219	98	49

CONSOLIDATED KEY RATIOS

	Definitions	Q1 Jan-Mar 2024 US\$000	Q1 Jan-Mar 2023 US\$000	12 months Jan-Dec 2023 US\$000
Total assets	Total assets at period end	46,634	50,628	47,319
Total equity	Total equity including non-controlling interest at period end	(20,587)	(17,239)	(22,081)
Interest bearing debt	Total interest-bearing debt at the period end	49,792	49,619	51,842
Employees at period end	-	462	508	460
EBITDA	Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation, Amortization, any Impairment and one-off items	2,068	(195)	8,400
Per share data				
Earnings per share (USD)	Net result after tax for the period divided by the average number of outstanding shares for the period before dilution	(0.00)	(0.09)	(0.07)
Equity per share (USD)	Equity excluding non-controlling interests at the period end divided by the number of outstanding shares at the period end	(0.21)	(0.17)	(0.22)

PARENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

	Q1 Jan-Mar 2024 TSEK	Q1 Jan-Mar 2023 TSEK	12 months Jan-Dec 2023 TSEK	Q1 Jan-Mar 2024 US\$000	Q1 Jan-Mar 2023 US\$000	12 months Jan-Dec 2023 US\$000
Operating income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total income	-	-	-	-	-	-
External expenses	(1,852)	(1,394)	(5,110)	(178)	(134)	(482)
Employee benefit expenses	(895)	(857)	(3,673)	(86)	(82)	(346)
Total operating costs	(2,747)	(2,251)	(8,783)	(264)	(216)	(828)
Operating loss	(2,747)	(2,251)	(8,783)	(264)	(216)	(828)
Reversal of impairment of investments to TG	146,866	121,000	121,000	14,137	11,603	11,603
Net financial items	(8,722)	(15,190)	(62,315)	(840)	(1,457)	(6,074)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	135,397	103,559	49,902	13,033	9,930	4,701
Income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net profit/loss for the period	135,397	103,559	49,902	13,033	9,930	4,701

PARENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Q1 Jan-Mar 2024 TSEK	Q1 Jan-Mar 2023 TSEK	12 months Jan-Dec 2023 TSEK	Q1 Jan-Mar 2024 US\$000	Q1 Jan-Mar 2023 US\$000	12 months Jan-Dec 2023 US\$000
Net profit / (Loss for the period)	135,397	103,559	49,902	13,033	9,930	4,701
Translation differences	-	-	-	(673)	80	303
Total comprehensive income for the period	135,397	103,559	49,902	12,360	10,010	5,004

PARENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	March 31, 2024 TSEK	March 31, 2023 TSEK	December 31, 2023 TSEK	March 31, 2024 US\$000	March 31, 2023 US\$000	December 31, 2023 US\$000
ASSETS						
FIXED ASSETS						
Investments in subsidiaries	689,431	553,920	538,653	64,672	53,499	53,642
Total fixed assets	689,431	553,920	538,653	64,672	53,499	53,642
CURRENT ASSETS						
Current receivables	573	1,498	571	54	145	57
Cash and bank	23	462	23	2	45	2
Total current assets	596	1,960	594	56	190	59
TOTAL ASSETS	690,027	555,880	539,247	64,728	53,689	53,701
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
EQUITY	194,496	112,756	59,099	18,245	10,891	5,885
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	21,695	438,552	20,606	2,035	42,356	2,052
CURRENT LIABILITIES	473,836	4,572	459,542	44,448	442	45,764
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	690,027	555,880	539,247	64,728	53,689	53,701

Notes

NOTE 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Auriant Mining AB (publ.) (“AUR AB”, “the Parent company” or “the Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as “the Group” or “the Auriant Mining Group”) are focused on gold exploration and production in Russia, primarily in the Republics of Khakassia and Tyva and in Zabaikalye.

The Parent Company is a registered public limited liability company with its head office in Sweden. The address of the head office is Box 55696, 102 15 Stockholm. AUR AB was listed on the Swedish NGM Nordic Growth Market stock exchange on March 29, 2005 and has been listed on the Swedish NASDAQ First North Premier Growth Market stock exchange since July 19, 2010. At present, the Company has 2,988 shareholders.

NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as described on page 63 in the annual report for financial year 2023. The evaluations and estimations made by the board of directors and management in preparing the interim report are described on page 74 in the annual report for 2023. The Parent company accounts are prepared in accordance with the Swedish Annual Accounts Act and the Swedish Financial Reporting Board’s recommendation RFR 2 *Accounting for legal entities*. The accounting policies for the Parent are the same as for the group with the exceptions described in the annual report 2023.

The same accounting principles are applied in this interim report as in the annual report 2023.

No material changes in accounting principles have taken place since the Annual Report for 2023.

Currency rates used in the report

Year 2024	RUB/USD	SEK/USD	SEK/RUB	Year 2023	RUB/USD	SEK/USD	SEK/RUB
Average Q1	90,8002	10,3886	8,7404	Average Q1	72,9711	10,428	6,9976
March 31	92,3660	10,6604	8,6644	March 31	77,0863	10,3539	7,4451
				December 31	89,6883	10,0416	8,9317

NOTE 3 RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS INTERIM REPORT

The group's risk exposure is presented on pages 44 and 93 of the 2023 annual report. Various risks may affect the results of the operating, financial and investing activities of the companies in mining and exploration industry, including Auriant Mining Group. The principal risks relating to the industry and Auriant Mining Group are described below:

a. Operational risks – production related risks:

- Failure to achieve production plan. The production capacity of a mine and gold processing plant, or the quality of mineral reserves and the availability of qualified staff, might not be in line with the production plan due to different circumstances which might lead to the non-achievement of the plan.
- Unexpected business interruptions. 1. Weather. Unexpected business interruption might lead to a significant delay in production and consequent decrease in profit. The Group’s assets are located in Republic of Tyva, Republic of Khakassia and the Zabaikalsky region, a remote area that can be subject to severe climatic conditions. 2. External contractors. The Group’s operations are materially dependent on outside contractors, including, but not limited to, providers of transportation and excavation services (in addition to transportation and excavation made using own fleet of equipment), drilling, blasting, equipment maintenance services, electricity and other utilities supply, transportation of materials to the mine, etc. Delay in the delivery or the failure of mining equipment could significantly delay production and impact the Group’s profitability.
- Obtaining necessary permit and approvals. Besides licenses for exploration and mining of natural resources, the Company must obtain additional permits and approvals to be able to actually carry

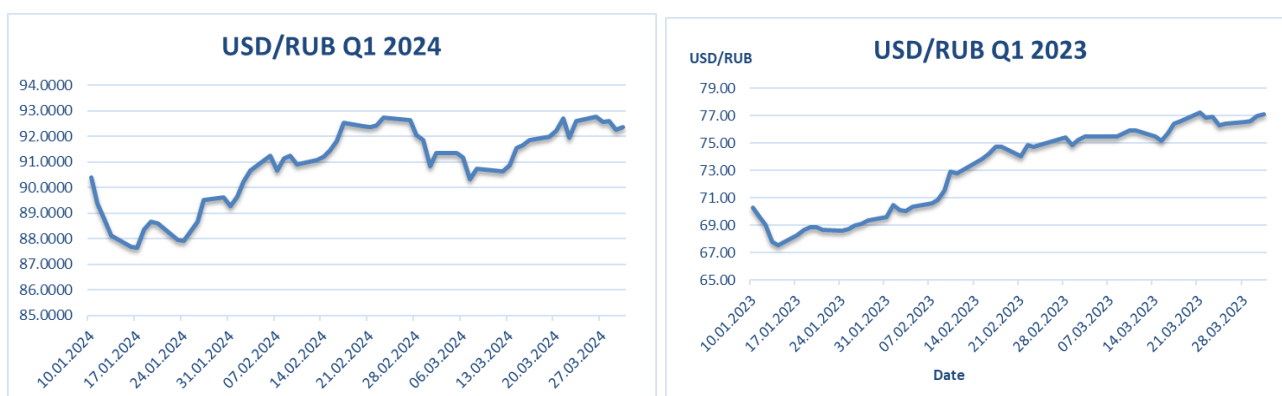
out mining and production activities. For newly explored deposits, those permits and approvals include, without limitation, approval of resources with GKZ (State Resource Committee); approval of project documentation for open pit construction and operation; renting land to be used for mining activities and related activities; permits for potentially hazardous activities (such as blasting operations and operations with poisonous materials); environmental safety review, etc.

- Kara Beldyr – The commencement of gold production is contingent upon timely implementation of the Government’s final decision to finance the power line and its construction.

b. Financial risks: The Group’s activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: a) market risk (including currency and gold price risk and interest rate risk), b) credit risk and c) liquidity risk.

Currency Fluctuations

The Group’s income is subject to exchange rate fluctuations. The Group’s revenue from gold sales is linked to USD, whereas most of the Group’s operating expenses are denominated in RUB. Accordingly, an appreciation of the RUB against the USD negatively affects the Group’s margins by increasing the USD value of its RUB-denominated costs. Conversely, an appreciation of the USD against the RUB positively affects the Group’s margins by decreasing the USD value of its RUB-denominated costs. RUB depreciation against the USD by 24% during Q1 2024 compared to Q1 2023 had a positive effect on the Group’s margin. In Q1 2024, the average USD/RUB exchange rate amounted to 90.8002 (Q1 2023: 72.9711).

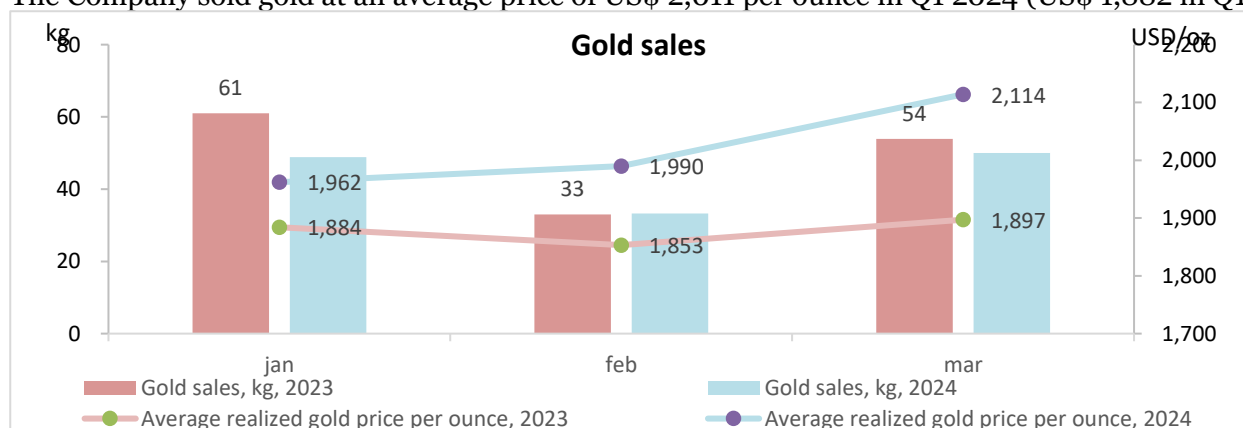


As at 31 March 2024, the RUB depreciated against the USD by 3% compared to 31 December 2023, which resulted in decreasing RUB-denominated assets and liabilities in the Consolidated statement of financial position.

Gold price review

The market gold price is a significant factor that influences the Group’s profitability and operating cash flow generation. The average LBMA price of gold was US\$ 2,070 per ounce in Q1 2024 (US\$ 1,890 per ounce in Q1 2023).

The Company sold gold at an average price of US\$ 2,011 per ounce in Q1 2024 (US\$ 1,882 in Q1 2023)



- c. Geological risk: Gold exploration is associated with high risk. All estimates of recoverable mineral resources are mainly based on probabilities. Estimates of mineral resources and ore reserves are based on extensive test drilling, statistical analyses and model studies and remain theoretical in nature until verified by industrial mining. There is no methodology for determining with certainty the exact amount of gold available or the shape of a potential ore body and its distribution. The exact amount of gold is known only when the gold has been extracted from the gold deposit. Data relating to mineral resources and ore reserves as presented by the Company, and by others, should be viewed against this background and may therefore deviate from this.
- d. Health, Safety and Environmental risks. The Group companies are subject to extensive environmental, health and safety controls and regulations, and any breach of these regulations could result in fines and material breach of these regulations could result in the suspension of operations, which could have a material adverse effect on its reputation, operating results and financial condition. The Group companies are subject to extensive environmental controls and regulations in Russia. Mining and exploration operations involve the use of environmentally toxic and hazardous materials, such as cyanides and diesel fuel and lubricants, as well as processes that could lead to the discharge of materials and contaminants into the environment, disturbance of land, potential harm to flora and fauna and other environmental concerns. The licenses under which the Company operates include conditions regarding environmental compliance. The terms of the Company's subsoil licenses contain site clean-up, restoration and rehabilitation obligations due in future that are mandatory for the Company. The Company could be held liable for losses associated with environmental hazards caused by its misconduct and subsequent rehabilitation, which may have an adverse impact on Group's operations, financial results and financial position.
- e. Legal risks:
- Maintenance of licenses risks. Federal Agency for Subsoil Use (Rosnedra) may suspend or revoke the Group companies' subsoil use licenses if it recognizes their violation, revealed by Federal Service for Supervision of Natural Resource Usage (Rosprirodnadzor) or other authorized governmental body, which can lead to a halt or cessation of operations at the relevant license area. Failure to comply with the terms of licenses and permits may result in financial sanctions and reputational damage.
 - Community risks. The Group's projects can be delayed or stopped due to community and environmental activists' protests and, as a result, denial of regional authorities to conclude or prolong land lease agreements, which are essential for mining.
- f. The current conflict in Ukraine has led to severe sanctions imposed by a number of countries against the Russian economy, businesses and individuals. These sanctions resulted in restricted access to the global financial system, cross-border financial transactions and trade as well as depreciation of the Russian Rouble. As new sanctions and counter-sanctions continue to emerge, the full impact of the situation on future operations and the financial position of the Company is difficult to estimate now. The Company implements measures to secure sales and supply channels, and manage liquidity, and takes other steps to minimize the impact of economic sanctions. Despite geopolitical challenges, the Company's operating and financial targets for 2024 remain unchanged. Further updates will be provided as the circumstances change.

NOTE 4 FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	Group	
	Q1 2024 US\$000	Q1 2023 US\$000
Interest expenses on loans and borrowings	(184)	(1,282)
Interest expenses on leasing	(4)	(11)
Unwinding of discount of site restoration provision	(21)	(21)
Total interest expenses	(208)	(1,315)

NOTE 5 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

As of March 31st 2024, the bond liability to Golden Impala Limited amounted to MSEK 468.6 (US\$ 44.0 mln).

Accrued interest expenses for transactions with related parties in Q1 2024 were nil, compared to MSEK 11.3 (US\$ 1.1 mln) in Q1 2023.

In December 2023 the terms of the Golden Impala bond were changed. The key changes were as follows:

- no interest will accrue on the bond in the next 12 months (“grace period”);
- the currency of 50% of the total indebtedness was changed from USD to SEK.

Prior to the changes becoming effective, the principal amount of the bond was equal to US\$ 36.0 mln, and interest accrued as of 30 November 2023 was equal to US\$ 7.4 mln, the interest rate is 6.44%+3m LIBOR. The new principal amount is comprised of MSEK 237.4 and US\$ 14.3 mln.

NOTE 6 OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

As of March 31st 2024, other non-current liabilities were represented mainly by the US\$ 11.4 mln liability to Centerra in accordance with the royalty agreement. The value of contingent consideration to Centerra was measured based on the fair value from the cash flow model. Cash flow model included 3 scenarios: realistic, optimistic and pessimistic with probabilities of 90%, 5% and 5% respectively. The range of main assumptions for scenarios were the following: gold price: 1600-2000 \$/oz, WACC – 17.5%. All changes in fair value considerations are accounted for through the asset’s cost.

Other non-current liabilities included US\$ 0.7 mln of site restoration obligations and US\$ 2.0 mln of liability to KFM.

NOTE 7 OTHER CURRENT INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES

As of March 31st 2024, other current interest-bearing liabilities were represented by the following balances: US\$ 0.3 mln – short-term liability to KFM and US\$ 0.06 mln – current lease liability.

NOTE 8 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

As of March 31st 2024, other current liabilities were mainly represented by the following balances: US\$ 0.4 mln - tax liabilities, US\$ 1.6 mln payroll and social contributions liabilities and US\$ 0.1 mln – other current liabilities and accrued expenses.

Additional information

NEXT REPORTS DUE

Interim report (Q2) January - June, 2024:
[August 30, 2024](#)

Interim report (Q3) January - September,
2024:
[November 29, 2024](#)

Interim report (Q4) January - December,
2024:
[February 28, 2025](#)

COMPANY INFORMATION

Auriant Mining AB (AUR) is a Swedish junior mining company focused on gold exploration and production in Russia, primarily in Zabaikalye and the Republics of Khakassia and Tyva. The company has currently four assets, including two operating mines (Tardan and Staroverinskaya¹), one early stage exploration asset and one development asset.

Since July 19, 2010, Auriant Mining's shares are traded on Nasdaq First North Premier Growth Market under the short name AUR. For more information, please visit www.auriant.com.

G&W Fondkommission is Certified Adviser to Auriant, for more information please visit www.gwkapital.se.

BOARD ASSURANCE

The Board of directors and the managing director confirm that the interim report provides an accurate overview of the company's and the group's operations, position, results and that it describes significant risks and uncertainties that the company and group companies are exposed to.

Stockholm, May 31, 2024
Auriant Mining AB (publ.)

Lord Daresbury
Chairman of the Board

Preston Haskell
Board Member

Jukka Pitkäjärvi
Board Member

Thor Åhlgren
Board Member

Danilo Lange
CEO

This report has not been reviewed by the Company's Auditors

Cautionary Statement: Statements and assumptions made in this report with respect to Auriant Mining AB's ("AUR") current plans, estimates, strategies and beliefs, and other statements that are not historical facts, are forward-looking statements about the future performance of AUR. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those using words such as "may", "might", "seeks", "expects", "anticipates", "estimates", "believes", "projects", "plans", "strategy", "forecast" and similar expressions. These statements reflect management's expectations and assumptions in light of currently available information. They are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, (i) changes in the economic, regulatory and political environments in the countries where AUR operates; (ii) changes relating to the geological information available in respect of the various projects undertaken; (iii) AUR's continued ability to secure enough financing to carry on its operations as a going concern; (iv) the success of its potential joint ventures and alliances, if any; (v) exchange rates, particularly between the Russian rouble and the U.S. dollar. In the light of the many risks and uncertainties surrounding any gold production and exploration company at an early stage of its development, the actual results could differ materially from those presented and forecast in this report. AUR assumes no unconditional obligation to immediately update any such statements and/or forecasts. This press release shall not, directly or indirectly, be released, published or distributed in or to the United States, Australia, Japan, Canada, New Zealand, Hong Kong, South Africa or other country where such action as a whole or in part is subject to legal restrictions. Nothing in this press release should be considered as an offer to invest or otherwise trade in shares of Auriant Mining AB (publ). The proposed issue will not be directed at residents or those living in the United States, Australia, Japan, Canada, New Zealand, Hong Kong, South Africa or other country where such action would require further prospectus, other offering documentation, registration or other measures beyond those required by Swedish law. No securities will be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, a similar law in any state in the United States, or under any provincial law in Canada, nor under the applicable law of another country.

¹ The Company operates at Staroverinskaya license area that includes not only Solcocon, but also other areas.

Glossary and definitions

ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES

The Company applies the European Securities and Markets Authority's (ESMA) guidelines on alternative performance measures. The alternative key financial performance indicators are defined as financial measures of historical or future earnings trends, financial position, financial performance, or cash flows that are not defined or specified in the applicable regulations for financial reporting, IFRS, and the Annual Accounts Act. These measures should not be regarded as a substitute for measures defined in accordance with IFRS. If an alternative performance measure cannot be identified directly from the financial statements, a reconciliation is required.

DEFINITIONS OF KEY RATIOS

EBITDA

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization is a non-IFRS metric and is defined by the Group as profit for the period before income taxes adjusted for depreciation, amortization and impairment, finance income, finance cost, (gain)/loss on revaluation of derivative financial instruments, foreign exchange (gain)/loss, (gain)/loss on disposal or revaluation of investments in subsidiaries and associates, (gain)/loss on (reversal of impairment)/impairment of property, plant and equipment, write-downs and reversals of inventory to net realizable value, bad debt allowance, share-based compensation expenses, charity expenses, and other one-off adjustments that may be required to provide a clearer view of the performance of the Group's operations. EBITDA is used to measure earnings from operating activities, independent of depreciation, amortization, and impairment losses.

Total Cash Costs (TCC)

Total cash costs (TCC) are defined as the cost of gold sales, less depreciation of property, plant and equipment, amortization, intangible assets, allowance for obsolescence of inventory and provision for mine closure, rehabilitation and decommissioning costs, less alluvial gold costs, less change in WIP, plus change in stripping assets. TCC per ounce produced is calculated as TCC divided by the total gold equivalent ounces of hard rock gold produced for the period.

Equity

Equity of the Group comprises issued capital, share premium, reserve for translation to presentation currency, retained earnings, and non-controlling interests.

Earnings per share

Earnings per share comprises consolidated earnings for the period (profit after tax from continuing and discontinued operations) attributable to the Parent Company shareholders, divided by the weighted average number of outstanding shares during the period and excluding treasury shares. Diluted Earnings per share is earnings per share adjusted to reflect the effects of potential dilutive ordinary shares, which constitute shares and options.

Equity per share

Equity at the end of the period divided by the number of shares outstanding at the end of the period.

Total number of shares outstanding

Number of shares outstanding at the end of the period.

Weighted average number of shares

The weighted number of shares outstanding during the year is calculated by taking into account any changes in the number of shares outstanding during the reporting period.

INDUSTRY SPECIFIC DEFINITIONS AND GLOSSARY (IN ACCORDANCE WITH JORC)

Alluvial gold

Mineralization in riverbeds at ground level.

Mineralization

Any single mineral or combination of minerals occurring in a mass, or deposit, of economic interest. The term is intended to cover all forms in which mineralization might occur, whether by class of deposit, mode of occurrence, genesis, or composition.

Mineral Resource

Is a concentration or occurrence of solid material of economic interest in or on the Earth's crust in such form, grade (or quality), and quantity that there are reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction. The location, quantity, grade (or quality), continuity, and other geological characteristics of a Mineral Resource are known, estimated, or interpreted from specific geological evidence and knowledge, including sampling. Mineral Resources are sub-divided, in order of increasing geological confidence, into Inferred, Indicated and Measured categories.

Ore (or Mineral) Reserve

Is the economically mineable part of a Measured and/or Indicated Mineral Resource. It includes diluting materials and allowances for losses, which may occur when the material is mined or extracted and is defined by studies at the Pre-Feasibility or Feasibility stage as appropriate, that include the application of Modifying Factors. Such studies demonstrate that, at the time of reporting, extraction could reasonably be justified.

Recovery

The percentage of material of initial interest that is extracted during mining and/or processing. A measure of mining or processing efficiency.

Troy ounce (oz)/koz/Moz

Weight measure for gold corresponding to 31.1035 grams /thousand oz/million oz.

FINANCE DEFINITIONS

SEK/TSEK/MSEK

Swedish krona/Thousand Swedish krona/Million Swedish krona

USD/TUSD/MUSD

US Dollar/Thousand US Dollar/Million US Dollar

RUB/TRUB/MRUB

Russian ruble/Thousand Russian rubles/Million Russian rubles