

AMERICAN SHIPPING COMPANY ASA

First Quarter 2019 Report



First Quarter 2019 Report

Lysaker, 21 May 2019, American Shipping Company ASA (“AMSC” or the “Company”) announces results for first quarter ending 31 March 2019.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Stable Q1 bareboat revenue of USD 21.6 million
- Backlog of secured bareboat revenue of USD 281.1 million with average weighted tenor of 3.2 years
- Normalized EBITDA for Q1 of USD 21.7 million and adjusted net profit for of USD 2.2 million
- Stable Jones Act tanker market fundamentals with limited new time charter and spot voyage activity
- AMSC received USD 16.3 million in liquidation proceed from Philly Tankers AS and subsequently repaid the outstanding USD 10.7 million subordinated loan from Aker ASA
- Extended the tenor of existing bank loans from November 2020 to June 2021
- Amended certain terms in the bond agreement including removal of principal amortization
- Declared Q1 dividend of USD 0.08 per share, in line with previous guidance and backed by the Company's contracted cash flow

AMSC CEO, Pål Magnussen comments, “We are pleased to observe enduring positive fundamentals in the Jones Act tanker market, supporting the longevity and stability of our business model. During the quarter we made optimizations to our financing structure including removal of amortization for the bond debt and extension of tenors for the secured bank loans. The loan amendments are part of a preparation for a bank debt refinancing during 2020, and is evidence of sustained strong support for American Shipping Company by our diversified pool of capital providers.”

MAIN EVENTS DURING AND SUBSEQUENT TO THE FIRST QUARTER

- **Operating income:** Operating income was stable at USD 12.5 million in Q1 2019 versus USD 12.6 million in Q1 2018.
- **Profit share:** There was no profit share for Q1 2019 or Q1 2018 attributed to AMSC. The profit share is reported quarterly, but calculated on an aggregated fleet level over a full calendar year. See note 11 for further details.
- **Normalized EBITDA:** Normalized EBITDA of USD 21.7 million for Q1 2019 consists of base bareboat revenue of USD 21.6 million, plus Deferred Principal Obligation (“DPO”) of USD 0.9 million, less SG&A of USD 0.8 million. The comparative figure for Q1 2018 for normalized EBITDA was USD 21.8 million (consisting of base bareboat revenue of USD 21.6 million, plus DPO of USD 0.9 million, less SG&A of USD 0.7 million). See Note 14 for more detailed information.
- **Adjusted net profit:** Adjusted net profit of USD 2.2 million for Q1 2019 consists of net profit after tax, adjusted for non-recurring items, currency fluctuations, mark-to-market of derivatives and changes to non-cash deferred tax expenses. The comparative figure for Q1 2018 was USD 2.4 million. See Note 14 for further details.
- **Philly Tanker AS distribution:** On 19 February 2019, PTAS distributed USD 16.3 million to AMSC as a liquidating distribution. AMSC subsequently used USD 10.7 million to repay all outstanding principal and interest on its subordinated loan from Aker ASA. In total, AMSC has received USD 28.8 million in after-tax proceeds from PTAS.
- **Bond amendment:** On 11 March 2019, AMSC, through its wholly owned subsidiary American Tanker, Inc. (ATI), amended its unsecured bond issue, including the removal of scheduled amortization.
- **Extension of Bank debt tenors:** AMSC agreed with its secured lenders to extend the tenor of loans originally due in November 2020, to June 2021.

- **Dividends:** On 27 February 2019, the Board authorized a quarterly dividend payment of USD 0.08 per share, the equivalent of NOK 0.6936 per share, to the shareholders on record as of 7 March 2019, which was paid on 15 March 2019. The dividend was classified as a return of paid in capital.

On 20 May 2019, the Board authorized a quarterly dividend payment of USD 0.08 per share to the shareholders on record as of 28 May 2019, in line with prior guidance. The shares in AMSC will be traded ex. dividend from and including 27 May 2019, and the dividend will be paid on or about 5 June 2019. The dividend is classified as a return of paid in capital.

Dividend guidance: The Company's policy with respect to dividends is driven by the Board's commitment to return value to its shareholders while also prudently managing its balance sheet and maintaining financial flexibility to pursue growth and diversification opportunities. Dividend payments depend on, among other things, performance of existing contracts including outlook for profit share, and will be considered in conjunction with the Company's financial position, debt covenants, capital requirements, and market conditions going forward.

FIRST QUARTER FINANCIAL REVIEW

Condensed Income Statement

Amounts in USD million (except share and per share information)	unaudited	
	Q1 2019	Q1 2018
Operating revenues	21.6	21.6
Operating profit before depreciation - EBITDA	20.8	20.9
Normalized EBITDA	21.7	21.8
Operating profit - EBIT	12.5	12.6
Gain / (loss) on investments	(0.2)	-
Net interest expense	(10.3)	(10.2)
Unrealized gain/(loss) on interest swaps	(1.2)	1.9
Profit/(loss) before income tax	0.8	4.3
Non-cash income tax expense	0.1	(0.5)
Net profit/(loss) for the period *	0.9	3.8
Adjusted net profit	2.2	2.4
Average number of common shares	60,616,505	60,616,505
Earnings/(loss) per share (USD)	0.01	0.06

* Applicable to common stockholders of the parent company

First quarter results

AMSC's operating revenues for each of Q1 2019 and Q1 2018 were USD 21.6 million. EBITDA was USD 20.8 million in Q1 2019 (USD 20.9 million in Q1 2018). EBIT was USD 12.5 million in Q1 2019 (USD 12.6 million in Q1 2018).

Net interest expense (interest expense less interest income) for Q1 2019 was USD 10.3 million (USD 10.2 million in Q1 2018).

In Q1 2019, AMSC had an unrealized loss of USD 1.2 million on the mark-to-market valuation of its interest rate swap contracts related to its vessel financing (gain of USD 1.9 million in Q1 2018).

AMSC had a net profit before tax for Q1 2019 of USD 0.8 million (USD 4.3 million in Q1 2018). Non-cash deferred income tax benefit was USD 0.1 million in Q1 2019 (expense of USD 0.5 million in Q1 2018).

The non-cash deferred income tax expense/benefit was the result of accelerated tax depreciation, which has created differences between accumulated depreciation for book and tax purposes and corresponding tax losses, the net of which is recognized as a deferred tax liability on the balance sheet.

As of 31 March 2019, AMSC has approximately USD 559 million of federal net operating losses in carryforward in its U.S. subsidiaries. See Note 6 for more detailed information.

Net profit for Q1 2019 was USD 0.9 million compared to USD 3.8 million in Q1 2018.

Condensed Statement of Financial Position

Amounts in USD million	<i>unaudited</i>		31-Dec 2018 *
	31-Mar 2019	31-Mar 2018	
Vessels	703.4	737.3	711.8
Interest-bearing long term receivables (DPO)	26.3	28.2	26.7
Other non current assets	-	16.4	16.4
Derivative financial assets	1.2	3.5	2.4
Trade and other receivables	0.2	0.2	0.2
Cash held for specified uses	3.2	2.2	2.7
Cash and cash equivalents	48.9	46.3	51.1
Total assets	783.2	834.1	811.3
Total equity	172.1	185.8	176.1
Deferred tax liabilities	12.9	12.1	13.0
Interest-bearing long term debt	554.3	593.7	572.3
Interest-bearing short term debt	33.7	28.3	29.6
Deferred revenues and other payables	10.2	14.2	20.3
Total equity and liabilities	783.2	834.1	811.3

* Derived from audited financial statements

The decrease in Vessels from 31 December 2018 reflects depreciation of the Company's 10 vessels for the three months ending 31 March 2019.

During Q1 2019, Overseas Shipholding Group, Inc. ("OSG") made repayments on the DPO of USD 0.9 million, of which USD 0.5 million is principal repayment. See note 12 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information on the DPO.

Other non-current assets included AMSC's 19.6% investment in Philly Tankers AS ("PTAS"). In Q1 2019, PTAS liquidated the company and distributed its remaining available cash to its shareholders. AMSC received USD 16.3 million net of tax, of which USD 10.7 million was used to repay all outstanding principal and interest on its subordinated loan from Aker ASA. In total, AMSC received USD 28.8 million in gross after tax proceeds from the initial USD 25 million investment in PTAS.

Interest bearing debt as of 31 March 2019 was USD 588.0 million, net of USD 6.3 million in capitalized fees versus USD 601.9 million as of 31 December 2018. This debt relates to the bank financing for the Company's 10 vessels of USD 374.3 million and the bond of USD 220.0 million. AMSC was in compliance with all of its debt covenants as of 31 March 2019.

Outlook

During the first quarter of 2019 the Jones Act tanker market showed stability with most end users having secured their time charter requirements for the full calendar year. As a result, shipowners only had few vessels in the spot market and utilization risk has shifted from owners to end users.

The crude spread between WTI priced in Houston and Bonny Light remained open during Q1 and the monthly cargoes being shipped to the U.S. Northeast remained stable at similar levels as seen over the last 18 months.

Clean cargo volumes, mainly from the U.S. Gulf into Florida, remained stable with the majority of the Jones Act fleet being deployed on this trade.

As older tankers and ATBs have come off long-term charters in 2018, their owners have faced expensive drydock decisions, and we have seen another ATB leaving the market in 2019. The expectation is that this trend will continue as 11 units (4 tankers and 7 ATBs) are above 30 years of age. Nonetheless, some older vessels have gone through special surveys signaling the rising optimism in the market.

AMSC continues to enjoy downside protection with "come hell or high water" bareboat contracts, with five product tankers secured until December 2022, four product tankers secured until December 2020 and one

shuttle tanker secured until June 2025. If the market enters into a period of extended strength, the Company may benefit from a profit share arrangement with OSG, which provides upside beyond fixed contracted rates.

Risks

The risks facing AMSC principally relate to the operational and financial performance of OSG, re-chartering risk as well as overall market risk.

AMSC's activities also expose the Company to a variety of other financial risks, including but not limited to, currency, interest rate, refinancing, and liquidity risk.

For further details of AMSC's risks, refer to the 2018 Annual Report.

Definitions

Jones Act - The U.S. cabotage law, referred to as Jones Act, requires all commercial vessels operating between U.S. ports to be built, owned, operated and manned by U.S. citizens and to be registered under the U.S. flag. In 1996 certain amendments were enacted to the U.S. vessel documentations laws, allowing increased non-U.S. participation in the ownership of vessels operating in the Jones Act trade under certain conditions, known as the finance lease exemption.

Lysaker, 20 May 2019

The Board of Directors and President / CEO
American Shipping Company ASA

Annette Malm Justad
Chairperson

Peter D. Knudsen
Director

Kristian Røkke
Director

Pål Magnussen
President / CEO

AMERICAN SHIPPING COMPANY ASA GROUP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIRST QUARTER 2019

CONDENSED INCOME STATEMENT

Amounts in USD million (except share and per share information)	<i>unaudited</i>	
	Q1 2019	Q1 2018
Operating revenues	21.6	21.6
Operating expenses	(0.8)	(0.7)
Operating profit before depreciation - EBITDA	20.8	20.9
Depreciation	(8.3)	(8.3)
Operating profit - EBIT	12.5	12.6
Gain / (loss) on investments	(0.2)	-
Net interest expense	(10.3)	(10.2)
Unrealized gain/(loss) on interest swaps	(1.2)	1.9
Profit/(loss) before income tax	0.8	4.3
Non-cash income tax (expense) / benefit	0.1	(0.5)
Net profit/(loss) for the period *	0.9	3.8
Average number of common shares	60,616,505	60,616,505
Earnings/(loss) per share (USD)	0.01	0.06

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Amounts in USD million	<i>unaudited</i>	
	Q1 2019	Q1 2018
Net income/(loss) for the period	0.9	3.8
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period *	0.9	3.8

* Applicable to common stockholders of the parent company.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Amounts in USD million	<i>unaudited</i>		31-Dec 2018 *
	31-Mar 2019	31-Mar 2018	
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Vessels	703.4	737.3	711.8
Interest-bearing long term receivables (DPO)	26.3	28.2	26.7
Other long term assets	-	16.4	16.4
Derivative financial assets	1.2	3.5	2.4
Total non-current assets	730.9	785.4	757.3
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	0.2	0.2	0.2
Cash held for specified uses	3.2	2.2	2.7
Cash and cash equivalents	48.9	46.3	51.1
Total current assets	52.3	48.7	54.0
Total assets	783.2	834.1	811.3
Equity and liabilities			
Total equity	172.1	185.8	176.1
Non-current liabilities			
Bond payable	220.0	220.0	220.0
Other interest-bearing loans	340.6	381.1	358.5
Capitalized fees	(6.3)	(7.4)	(6.2)
Deferred tax liability	12.9	12.1	13.0
Total non-current liabilities	567.2	605.8	585.3
Current liabilities			
Interest-bearing short-term debt	33.7	28.3	29.6
Deferred revenues and other payables	10.2	14.2	20.3
Total current liabilities	43.9	42.5	49.9
Total liabilities	611.1	648.3	635.2
Total equity and liabilities	783.2	834.1	811.3

* Derived from audited financial statements

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN TOTAL EQUITY

Amounts in USD million	<i>unaudited</i>	
	Year to date	
	2019	2018 *
Equity as of beginning of period	176.1	186.9
Total comprehensive income for the period	0.9	3.8
Repurchase of treasury shares	-	-
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares	-	-
Dividends/return of capital	(4.8)	(4.8)
Total equity as of end of period	172.1	185.8

CONDENSED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Amounts in USD million	<i>unaudited</i>	
	Year to date	
	2019	2018 *
Net cash flow from operating activities	1.5	5.9
Net cash flow from investing activities	16.3	0.3
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(19.5)	(11.9)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(1.7)	(5.8)
Cash and cash equivalents, including cash held for specified uses at the beginning of period	53.8	54.3
Cash and cash equivalents, including cash held for specified uses at end of period	52.1	48.5

* Derived from audited financial statements

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. Introduction - American Shipping Company

American Shipping Company ASA ("AMSC") is a company domiciled in Norway. The condensed interim financial statements for the three months ended 31 March 2019 comprise AMSC and its wholly owned subsidiaries. These financial statements have not been audited or reviewed by the Company's auditors. American Shipping Company has one operating segment.

The consolidated 2018 annual financial statements of AMSC are available at www.americanshippingco.com.

2. Basis of Preparation

These consolidated interim financial statements reflect all adjustments, in the opinion of AMSC's management, that are necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the periods presented. Operating results for the three month periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any subsequent interim period or year.

3. Statement of compliance

These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU (IFRS) applicable for interim reporting, *IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting*. They do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Group as of and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

4. Significant accounting principles

The accounting policies applied by the Group in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are the same as those applied by the Group in its consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

There have not been any new IFRS standards or interpretations issued or effective after the completion of the annual consolidated financial statements for the year 2017 that have a significant impact on AMSC's financial reporting for the three months ended 31 March 2019.

5. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Although these estimates are

based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from these estimates.

The most significant judgments made by management in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in applying the Group's accounting policies, and the key sources of estimation uncertainty, are the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Certain prior period reclassifications were made to conform to current year presentation.

6. Tax

Income tax expense is recognized in each interim period based on the best estimate of the expected annual income tax rates.

Without the benefit of accelerated depreciation on vessels for U.S. income tax purposes, the Company would have U.S. taxable income. Accordingly, substantially all of the deferred tax expense results from accelerated tax depreciation, which has created differences between accumulated depreciation for book and tax purposes and corresponding tax losses, the net of which is recognized as a deferred tax liability. The Company expects that the deferred tax liability will continue to grow until the U.S. subsidiaries are in a tax payable position for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, which is not expected until the vessels are fully depreciated for tax purposes and currently available tax operating losses are fully utilized. Deferred tax expense is a non-cash item.

Deferred tax assets include the Company's net operating losses in carryforward, the losses on derivative financial liabilities, unused interest expense deductions and capitalized loan fees. Deferred tax liabilities include the value of the vessels. AMSC's effective tax rate is significantly impacted by losses in Norway for which no tax benefit is recorded.

The Company has approximately USD 559 million of federal net operating losses in carryforward in the U.S. subsidiaries as of 31 March 2019, of which approximately USD 381 million are subject to certain limitations under Internal Revenue Service Code Section 382 (see note 5 of the 2018 consolidated financial statements for more details). The Company also has USD 94.1 million of net operating losses in carryforward in Norway as of 31 December 2018.

7. Share capital and equity

As of 31 March 2019, AMSC had 60,616,505 ordinary shares at a par value of NOK 10 per share.

Dividends paid (classified as repayment of previously paid in share premium)	2019	2018
	15-Mar-19	1-Mar-18
NOK per share	0.6936	0.6209
USD per share	0.080	0.080
Aggregate NOK (millions)	42.0	37.6
Aggregate USD (millions)	4.8	4.8

8. Interest-bearing debt

The following table shows material changes in interest-bearing debt:

Amounts in USD million	3 months to	
	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
Balance at beginning of period	601.9	628.4
Repayment of debt / loan fees	(14.7)	(7.1)
Amortization of loan fees and discount	0.8	0.7
Balance at end of period	588.0	622.0

The Company was in compliance with all of its debt covenants as of 31 March 2019.

9. Related party transactions

AMSC believes that related party transactions are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

10. Interest

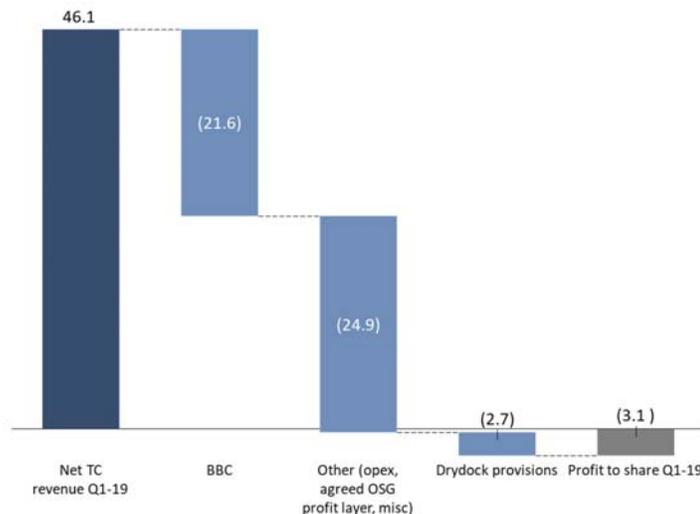
Amounts in USD million	3 months to	
	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
Interest expense	(10.9)	(10.7)
Interest income	0.6	0.5
Net interest expense	(10.3)	(10.2)

11. Profit sharing agreement with OSG

AMSC and OSG have an agreement to share profits from OSG's operations of AMSC's 10 vessels. The calculation of profit to share is complex and made on an aggregated fleet level. The calculation thus starts with total vessel revenue, subtracted by defined cost elements including provisions for drydock costs. The profit share is reported quarterly, but is calculated on an aggregated fleet level over a full calendar year. Accordingly, one may have individual quarters with positive profit share offset by quarters with negative profit share. Nonetheless, AMSC's portion of the profit can never be negative on an annual basis.

However, in years of weak markets there may be shortfalls in net time charter revenues applied to cover provisions for future drydocks. Such shortfalls need to be recovered by net time charter revenues in subsequent years with stronger markets. Similarly, if drydock provisions deducted in the profit share calculation are too high these are adjusted through a true-up mechanism once special surveys for individual vessels are completed. The concept of true-ups ensure that any shortfall or excess in drydock provisions are adjusted to reflect the actual cost of drydocks over the five year special survey cycles.

Profit Sharing Calculation for Q1 2019



AMSC's 50% share of the full year profit is used to reduce the OSG credit. In the agreement negotiated with OSG, the "OSG credit" is the amount of AMSC's profit sharing that OSG retains prior to having an obligation to remit profit sharing payments to AMSC. After the OSG credit has been fully reduced to zero, AMSC will receive its 50% share of the subsequent profit share in cash. The OSG credit balance was as of 31 December 2018 USD 5.9 million. Since profit share for Q1 2019 was zero, the OSG credit balance of USD 5.9 million has not been reduced, and interest of USD 0.1 million was accrued.

12. Deferred Principal Obligation (DPO)

Pursuant to the current charter agreements, OSG had the right to defer payment of a portion of the bareboat charter hire for the first five vessels during the initial seven year fixed bareboat charter periods. OSG paid a reduced bareboat charter rate and assumed the DPO. The DPO accrued on a daily basis to a maximum liability from OSG of USD 7.0 million per vessel. The DPO during the initial seven year period was discounted using the estimated market discount rate at lease inception. After the initial seven years, the DPO is repaid to AMSC over 18 years including interest unless the bareboat charter is terminated earlier at which time the DPO becomes due immediately. OSG has made repayments on all five vessels delivered under the arrangement, and those vessels' cash bareboat charter hire resumed to its full contractual amount.

Amounts in USD million	3 months to	
	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
Balance at beginning of period	26.7	28.7
Repayments of principal	(0.5)	(0.5)
Balance at end of period	26.2	28.2

13. Financial Instruments

The only financial instruments that the Company accounts for at fair value on an ongoing basis are the interest rate swaps, which are classified in the Level 2 category as is described in the 2018 consolidated financial statements. The Company's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. During the quarter ended 31 March 2019, there were no transfers between categories.

The fair values of financial instruments, the related fair value hierarchy, together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet are as follows:

Amounts in USD millions	Carrying amount	Fair value	Fair value
	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-19	hierarchy *
Interest-bearing receivables (DPO)	26.3	21.6	3
Interest swap used for economic hedging	1.2	1.2	2
Unsecured bond issue (gross)	(220.0)	(220.9)	2
Secured loans (gross)	(374.3)	(375.9)	2

The fair value of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate the carrying values due to their short-term nature.

* Described in the 2018 consolidated financial statements

14. Alternative Performance Measures

Alternative performance measures are financial measures other than the financial measures defined under IFRS. In accordance with guidelines, AMSC publishes the explanation of the use of alternative performance measures used by the Company, definitions of the performance measures used and reconciliation with the IFRS financial statement.

AMSC discloses Normalized EBITDA and Adjusted Net Profit in order to provide meaningful supplemental information to management and investors as the Company believes these measures enhance an understanding of the Company's operating earnings. The Company also discloses its revenue backlog which includes its bareboat charter revenue from fixed bareboat contracts, not including options.

Normalized EBITDA is calculated as operating revenues (base bareboat revenue) less operating expenses plus profit sharing plus DPO. Adjusted Net Profit includes net profit/(loss) after tax, adjusting for non-recurring items, currency fluctuations, mark-to-market of derivatives and changes to deferred tax. The tables below illustrate the comparative information for normalized EBITDA and reconciliation to the reported EBITDA and Adjusted net profit and a reconciliation to net profit/(loss) after tax.

	<i>unaudited</i>	
	Q1 2019	Q1 2018
Normalized EBITDA (amounts in USD millions)		
Base bareboat revenue	21.6	21.6
Less operating expenses	(0.8)	(0.7)
Reported EBITDA	20.8	20.9
Plus profit share	-	-
Plus DPO	0.9	0.9
Normalized EBITDA	21.7	21.8

	<i>unaudited</i>	
	Q1 2019	Q1 2018
Adjusted net profit (amounts in USD millions)		
Net profit/loss after tax	0.9	3.8
Add back:		
Unrealized (gain)/loss on interest swaps	1.2	(1.9)
Non-cash income tax expense	(0.1)	0.5
Non-cash capital loss	0.2	-
Adjusted net profit	2.2	2.4

15. American Tanker, Inc. consolidated financial statements

In accordance with the bond loan agreement, below are the consolidated unaudited financial statements for American Tanker, Inc. and its subsidiaries for the first quarter 2019.

CONDENSED INCOME STATEMENT

Amounts in USD million (except share and per share information)	<i>unaudited</i>
	Q1 2019
Operating revenues	21.6
Operating expenses	(0.4)
Operating profit before depreciation - EBITDA	21.2
Depreciation	(8.3)
Operating profit - EBIT	12.9
Net interest expense	(12.5)
Unrealized gain/(loss) on interest swaps	(1.2)
Other financial expenses	(0.6)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	(1.4)
Non-cash income tax benefit/(expense)	0.3
Net profit/(loss) for the period *	(1.1)
Average number of common shares	1,000
Earnings/(loss) per share (USD thousands)	(1.11)

* Applicable to common stockholders of the parent company.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	<i>unaudited</i>
Amounts in USD million	31-Mar 2019
Assets	
Non-current assets	
Vessels	702.4
Interest-bearing long term receivables (DPO)	26.3
Derivative financial assets	1.2
Total non-current assets	729.8
Current assets	
Other current assets	0.1
Cash held for specified uses	3.2
Cash and cash equivalents	23.6
Total current assets	26.9
Total assets	756.7
Equity and liabilities	
Total equity	59.7
Non-current liabilities	
Bond payable	220.0
Other interest-bearing loans	426.8
Capitalized fees	(6.3)
Deferred tax liability	13.6
Total non-current liabilities	654.1
Current liabilities	
Interest-bearing short-term debt	33.7
Deferred revenues and other payables	9.2
Total current liabilities	42.9
Total liabilities	697.0
Total equity and liabilities	756.7

CONDENSED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	<i>unaudited</i>
Amounts in USD million	Q1 2019
Net cash flow from operating activities	4.6
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(8.0)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(3.4)
Cash and cash equivalents, including cash held for specified uses at the beginning of period	30.2
Cash and cash equivalents, including cash held for specified uses at end of period	26.8

16. Subsequent events

On 20 May 2019, the Board authorized a quarterly dividend payment of USD 0.08 per share to the shareholders on record as of 28 May 2019, in line with prior guidance. The shares in AMSC will be traded ex. dividend from and including 27 May 2019, and the dividend will be paid on or about 5 June 2019. The dividend is classified as a return of paid in capital.

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