

Q3-2024 RESULTS PRESENTATION

7 November 2024





DISCLAIMER & FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the indicators used by Endeavour in this presentation represent non-IFRS financial measures, including sustaining capital per ounce, non-sustaining capital per ounce, cash cost per ounce, all in sustaining cost per ounce, all in sustaining margin, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EPS, adjusted net-earnings, net debt, free cash flow, operating cash flow pre-working capital and operating CFPS pre working capital. These measures are presented as they can provide useful information to assist investors with their evaluation of the pro forma performance. Since the non-IFRS performance measures listed herein do not have any standardized definition prescribed by IFRS, they may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Accordingly, they are intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. Please refer to the non-GAAP measures section of the Company's most recently filed management discussion and Analysis for a reconciliation of the non-IFRS financial measures used in this presentation.

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities laws. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, are "forward-looking statements", including but not limited to, statements with respect to Endeavour's plans and operating performance, the ability of the Group to achieve its production guidance, AISC guidance, Group nonsustaining capital expenditure outlook, and growth capital expenditure outlook for FY-2024, the estimated exploration expenditures for FY-2024, the ability of Endeavour to meet its 5-year exploration target, the availability of additional dividends and share buybacks, the success of exploration activities, estimated costs incurred in connection with the construction of the Solar Power Plant and the timing for an updated resource for the Vindaloo Deeps deposit and Tanga-Iguela. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, are "forward-looking statements", including but not limited to, statements with respect to Endeavour's plans and operating performance, the timing and amount of estimated future production, costs of future production, future capital expenditures, the success of exploration activities, the anticipated timing for the payment of a shareholder dividend and statements with respect to future dividends payable to the Company's shareholders, the completion of studies, mine life and any potential extensions, the future price of gold and the share buyback program. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "expects", "expected", "budgeted", "forecasts", "anticipates", believes", "plan", "target", "opportunities", "objective", "assume", "intention", "goal", "continue", "estimate", "potential", "strategy", "future", "aim", "may", "will", "can", "could", "would" and similar expressions .

Forward-looking statements, while based on management's reasonable estimates, projections and assumptions at the date the statements are made, are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements, including but not limited to: risks related to the successful integration of acquisitions or completion of divestitures; risks related to international operations; risks related to

general economic conditions and the impact of credit availability on the timing of cash flows and the values of assets and liabilities based on projected future cash flows; Endeavour's financial results, cash flows and future prospects being consistent with Endeavour expectations in amounts sufficient to permit sustained dividend payments; the completion of studies on the timelines currently expected, and the results of those studies being consistent with Endeavour's current expectations; actual results of current exploration activities; production and cost of sales forecasts for Endeavour meeting expectations; unanticipated reclamation expenses; changes in project parametres as plans continue to be refined; fluctuations in prices of metals including gold; fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates; increases in market prices of mining consumables; possible variations in ore reserves, grade or recovery rates; failure of plant, equipment or processes to operate as anticipated; extreme weather events, natural disasters, supply disruptions, power disruptions, accidents, pit wall slides, labour disputes, title disputes, claims and limitations on insurance coverage and other risks of the mining industry; delays in the completion of development or construction activities; changes in national and local government legislation, regulation of mining operations, tax rules and regulations and changes in the administration of laws, policies and practices in the jurisdictions in which Endeavour operates; disputes, litigation, regulatory proceedings and audits; adverse political and economic developments in countries in which Endeavour operates, including but not limited to acts of war, terrorism, sabotage, civil disturbances, non-renewal of key licenses by government authorities, or the expropriation or nationalization of any of Endeavour's property; risks associated with illegal and artisanal mining; environmental hazards; and risks associated with new diseases, epidemics and pandemics.

Although Endeavour has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Please refer to Endeavour's prospectus published on 9 June 2021 and its most recent Annual Information Form filed under its profile at <u>www.sedar.com</u> for further information respecting the risks affecting Endeavour and its business.

Ross McMillan, SVP – Head of Group Technical Services at Endeavour Mining PLC., a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, is a "Qualified Person" as defined by National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") and has reviewed and approved the technical information in this presentation.

Note : All amounts are in US\$, except where indicated, and may differ from the Management Report due to rounding





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GUY YOUNG CFO DJARIA TRAORE EVP Operations & ESG JACK GARMAN VP Investor Relations



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SECTION 1

Q3-2024 & YTD-2024 HIGHLIGHTS





Q3 AND YTD-2024 HIGHLIGHTS

Delivering against our strategic objectives



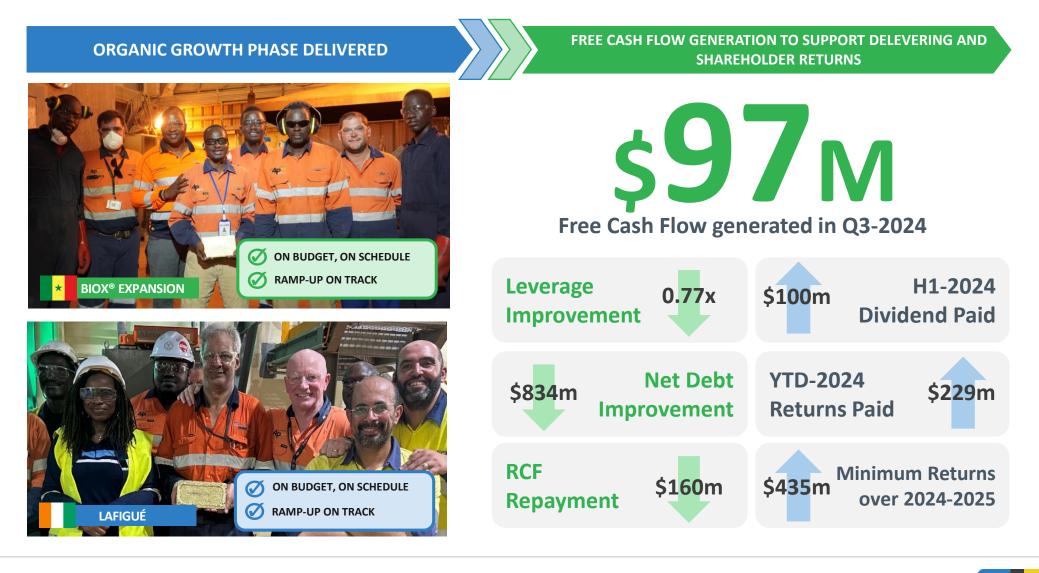




FREE CASH FLOW FOCUS

GROWTH PHASE SUCCESSFULLY DELIVERED

Focused on increasing free cash flow generation

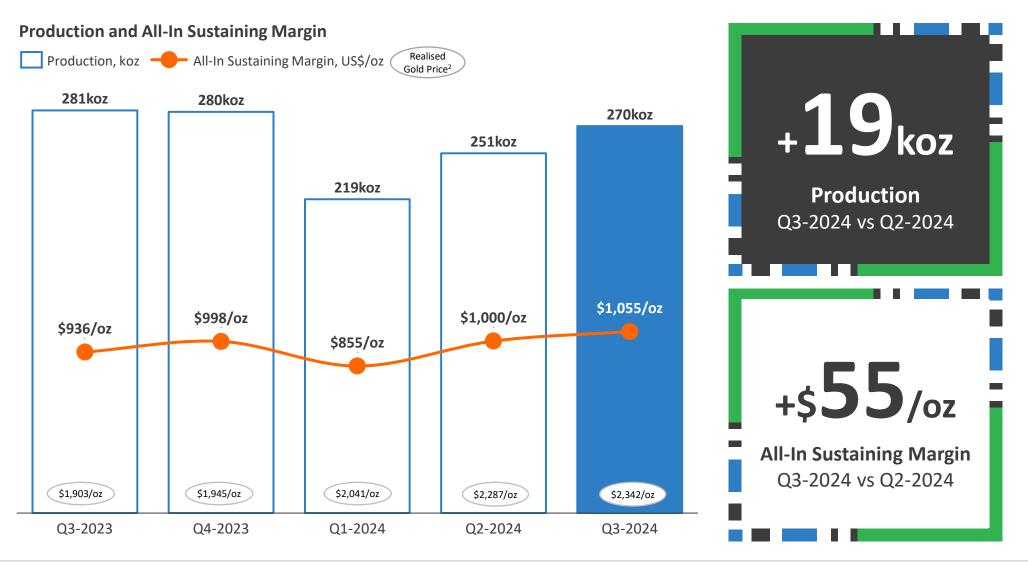




PRODUCTION AND ALL-IN SUSTAINING MARGIN

All-in sustaining margin continues to increase

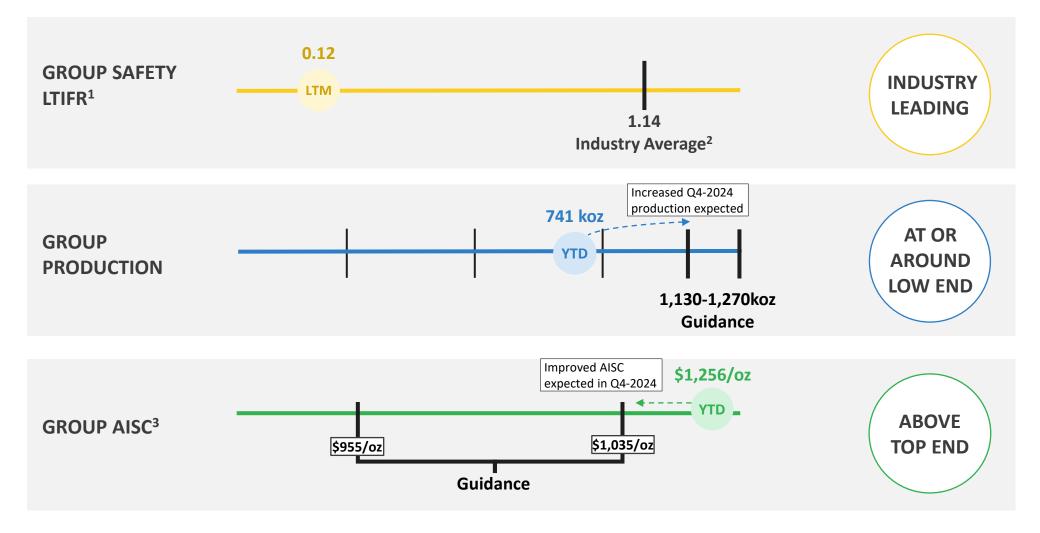
OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE





TRACKING AGAINST FULL YEAR GUIDANCE

Deperational Strongly Q4-2024 weighted operational performance as guided



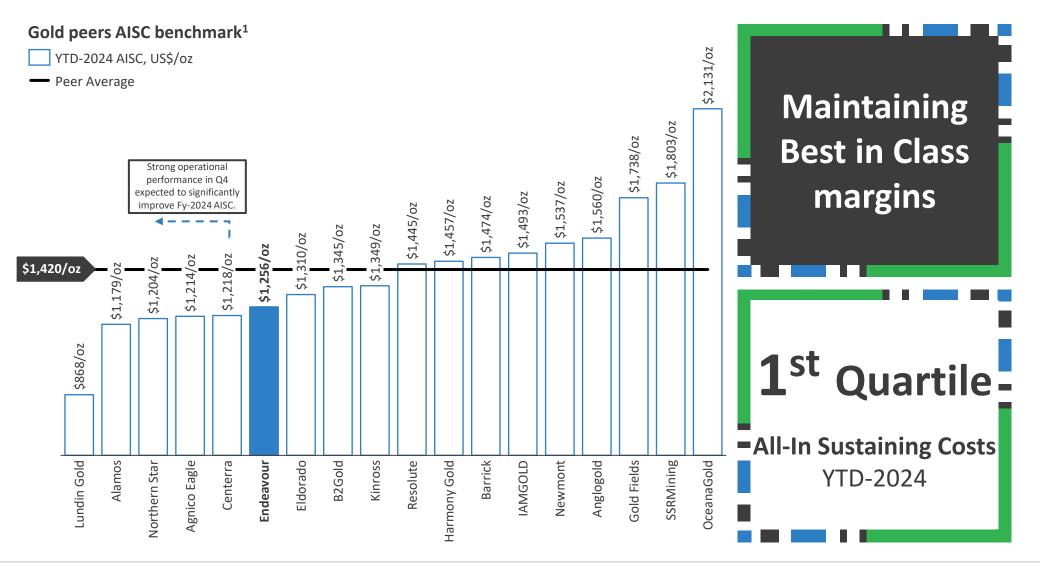
Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) = (Number of LTIs in the Period X 1,000,000)/ (Total man hours worked for the period), from continuing operations
Barclays Research, FY-2022
AISC quidance issued with a \$1,850/oz gold price vs a YTD-2024 realized gold price of \$2,321/oz





INDUSTRY LEADING COST PROFILE

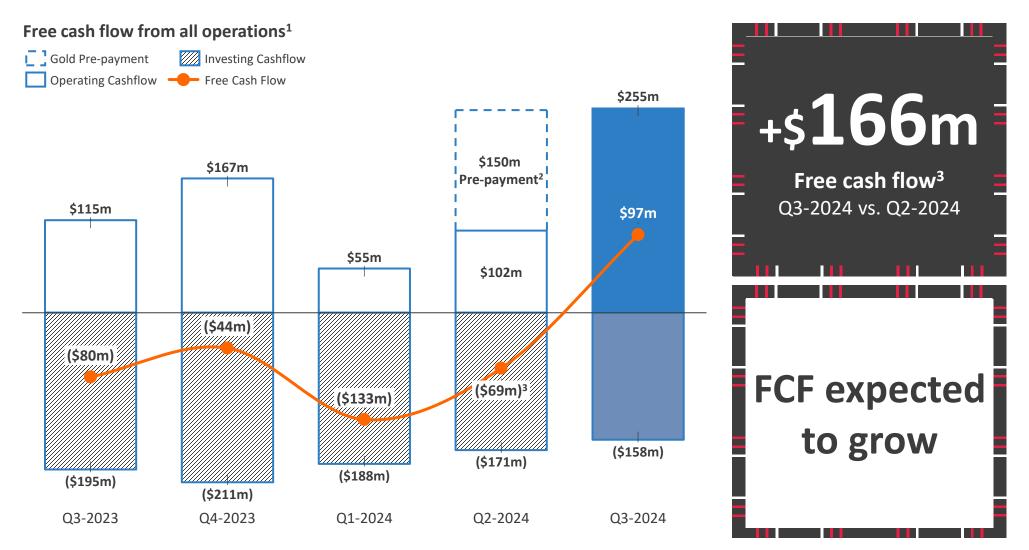
OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE AISC improvements expected in Q4-2024 and into 2025







Deperational Performance Increasing free cash flow generation



1) Includes cashflows related to the Boungou and Wahgnion mines which were divested on 30 June 2023 2) Proceeds received from the gold prepayment agreement to deliver 76koz in Q4-2024

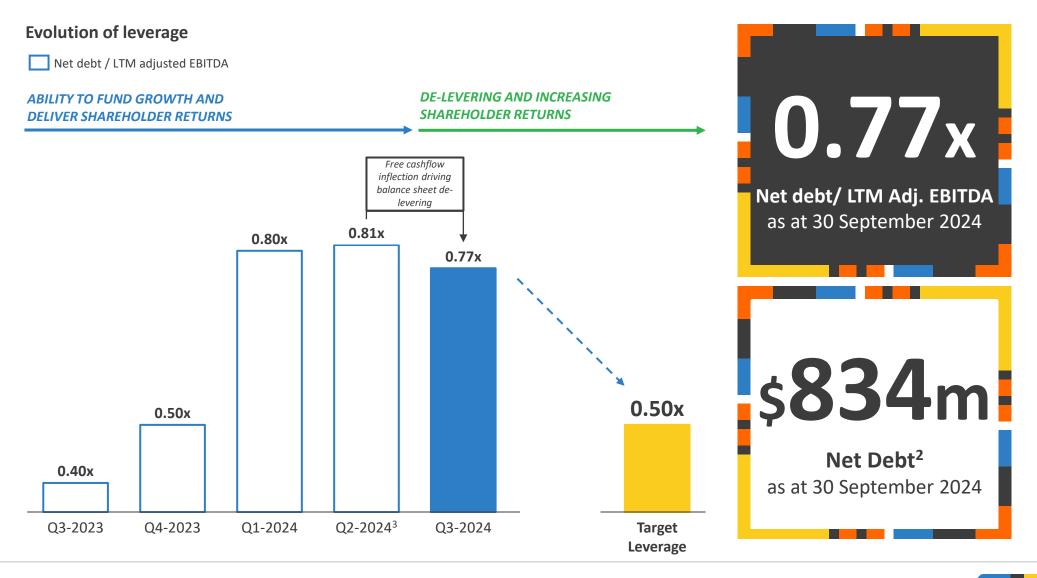
3) FCF and QoQ deltas are calculated exclusive of proceeds from the gold pre-payment





ROBUST FINANCIAL POSITION

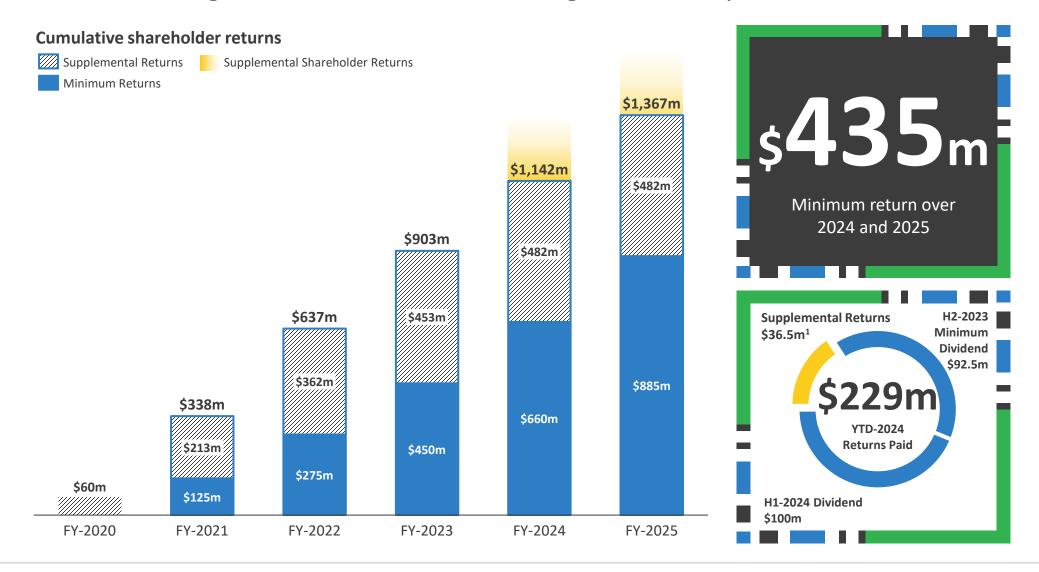
HEALTHY FINANCIAL De-levering the balance sheet and increasing shareholder returns POSITION





2024-2025 SHAREHOLDER RETURNS PROGRAMME

SHAREHOLDERS Increasing shareholder returns following investment phase







GROWTH PROJECT RAMP UPS ON TRACK

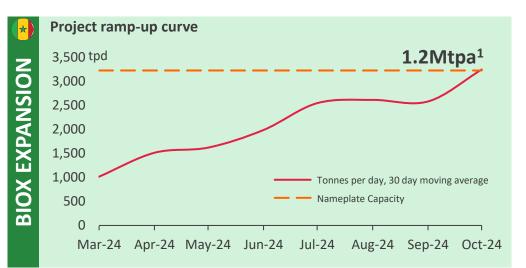
UNLOCKING ORGANIC GROWTH Commercial production and nameplate capacity achieved at both projects

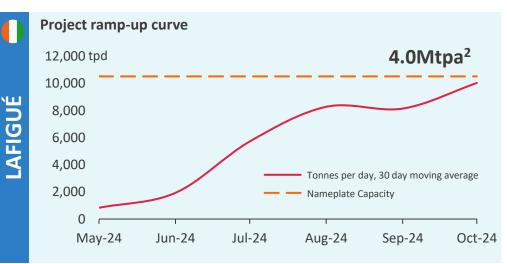
BIOX EXPANSION INSIGHTS

- > The BIOX Expansion achieved commercial production on 1 August 2024, less than four months after the first gold pour.
- > All circuits are operating in-line with expectations, with nameplate capacity achieved late in Q3.
- Fresh refractory ore feed sourced largely from Massawa Central Zone with supplemental feed from Massawa North Zone
- In October, processing rates averaged 3,250 tonnes per day, equivalent to 101% of nameplate capacity

LAFIGUÉ INSIGHTS

- > The Lafigué processing plant achieved commercial production on 1 August 2024, approximately one month after the first gold pour.
- All circuits are operating in-line with expectations, with nameplate capacity 4.0Mtpa achieved late in Q3.
- In October, processing rates averaged 10,000 tonnes per day, equivalent to 95% of nameplate capacity and are expected to exceed nameplate for Q4-2024

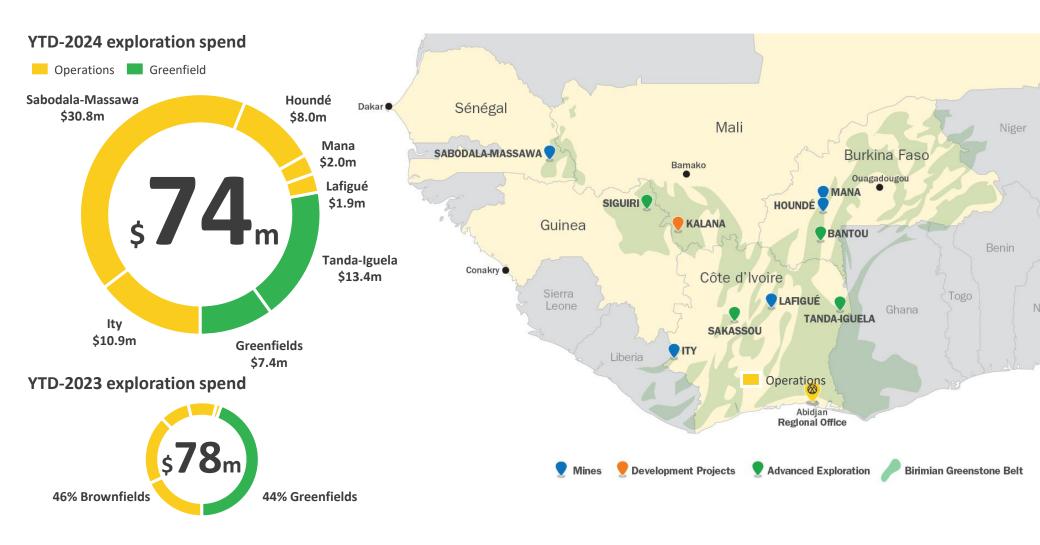








UNLOCKING ORGANIC GROWTH Strong focus on cornerstone mines and the Assafou deposit





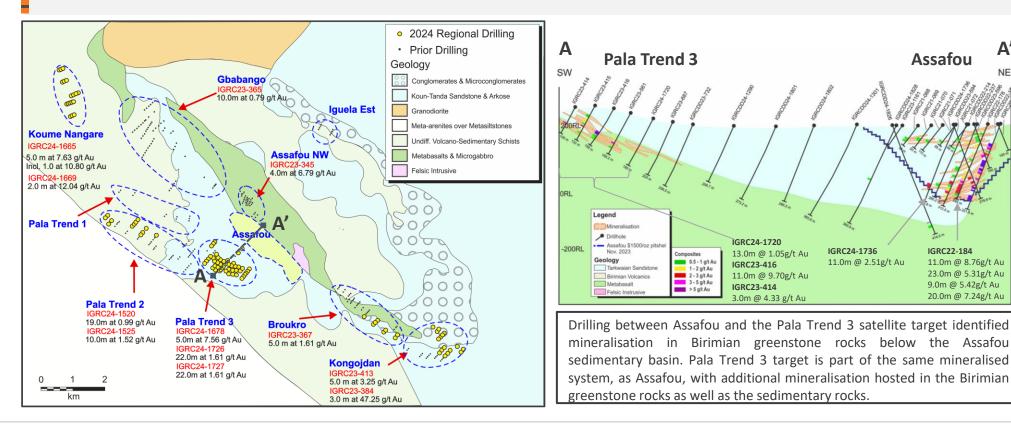


TANDA-IGUELA GREENFIELD PROJECT

Re-interpretation of Pala Trend 3 satellite target UNLOCKING ORGANIC GROWTH

INSIGHTS

- > Assafou PFS on track for completion in Q4-2024 is expected to detail a large, long-mine life, low-cost mine with attractive economics with a high resource to reserve conversion expected.
- > Current 4.5 Moz resource outlined in approximately 2 years at a low discovery cost of \$11 per Indicated ounce and mineralisation remains open along strike and at depth.
- > Exploration drilling at the Pala Trend 3 target identified significant mineralisation starting at surface dipping towards Assafou.



IGRC22-184

11.0m @ 8.76g/t Au

23.0m @ 5.31g/t Au

9.0m @ 5.42g/t Au

20.0m @ 7.24g/t Au

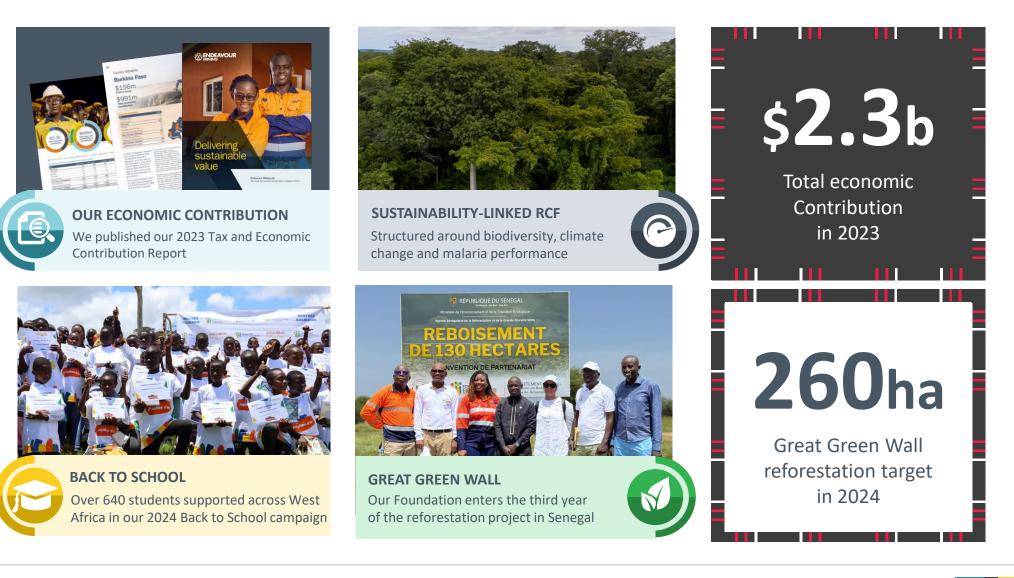
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BEING A TRUSTED PARTNER

Positive impact to host countries through industry-leading ESG initiatives





SECTION 2

FINANCIAL RESULTS





FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Free cash flow inflection delivered

	QUARTER ENDED		NINE MONTHS ENDED		IDED		
	30 Sept	30 Jun	30 Sept	30 Sept	30 Sept	Q3-2024 vs.	-
For Continuing Operations ¹ (in \$ million unless otherwise stated)	2024	2024	2023	2024	2023	Q2-2023	
OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS							
Gold production, koz	270	251	281	741	792	+8%	+20%
Gold sales, koz	280	238	278	743	799	+18%	
All-in Sustaining Cost ² , \$/oz	1,287	1,287	967	1,256	974	_	
Realised gold price ² , \$/oz	2,342	2,287	1,903	2,233	1,910	+2%	Free Cash Flow
PROFITABILITY HIGHLIGHTS							Q3-2024 vs Q2-2024
EBITDA ²	128	193	262	477	704	(34)%	
Adj. EBITDA ²	317	249	263	779	755	+27%	
Net Earnings	(95)	(60)	60	(175)	137	n.a.	
Net Earnings (\$US/sh)	(0.39)	(0.24)	0.24	(0.71)	0.55	n.a.	
Adjusted Net Earnings ²	74	3	70	117	188	+2,367%	
Adjusted Net Earnings (\$US/sh) ²	0.30	0.01	0.28	0.48	0.76	+2,900%	+15%
CASH FLOW HIGHLIGHTS							· _ / / /
Free cash flow ^{2,3}	97	81	(80)	45	(130)	+20%	Operating Cash Flow
Op. cash flow before non-cash WC ²	245	213	121	595	500	+15%	(before WC)
Op. cash flow before non-cash WC (\$US/sh) ²	1.00	0.87	0.49	2.43	2.02	+15%	
Operating cash flow	255	258	115	568	453	(1)%	Q3-2024 vs Q2-2024
Operating cash flow (\$US/sh) ²	1.04	1.05	0.47	2.32	1.83	(1)%	

(1) Continuing Operations excludes the Boungou and Wahgnion mines which were divested on 30 June 2023

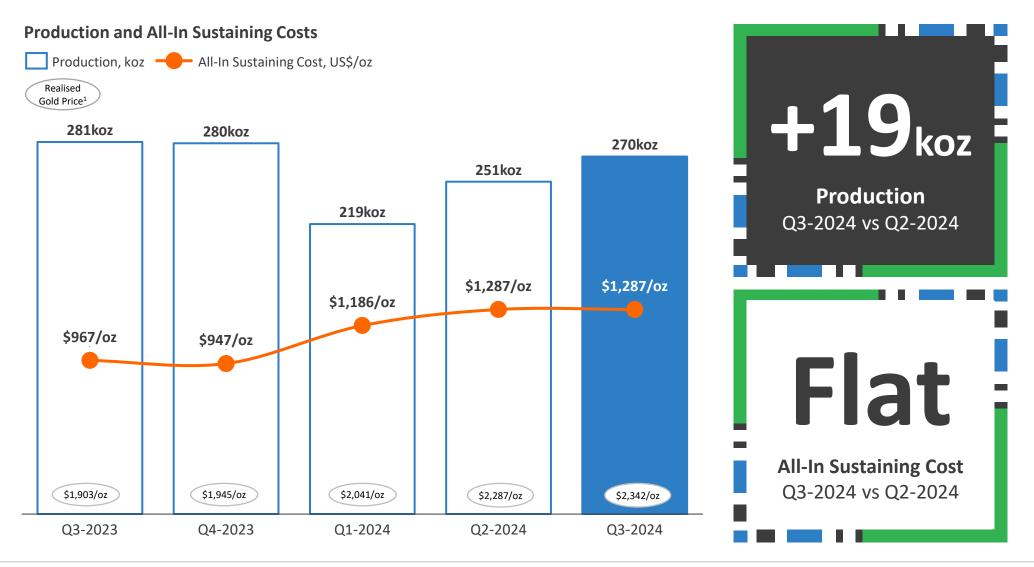
(2) This is a non-GAAP measure. Additional notes available in Endeavour's Management Report filed on SEDAR for the referenced periods

(3) Free Cash Flow is calculated as Operating Cash Flow less Cash used in investing activities



PRODUCTION AND ALL-IN SUSTAINING COST

Operations expected to continue to improve into Q4-2024





ALL-IN SUSTAINING COST BRIDGE

External factors and Sabodala-Massawa CIL performance impact YTD-2024 AISC

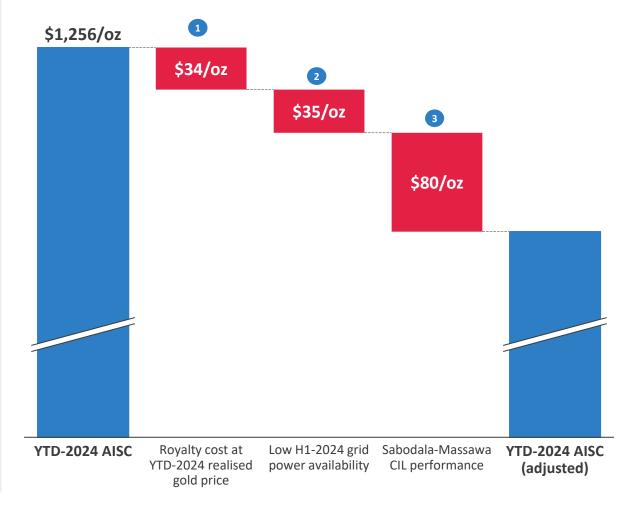
INSIGHTS

Operational improvements in Q4-2024, driven by increased production levels across Houndé, Sabodala-Massawa, Lafigué and Mana are expected to significantly improve Group AISC.

- FY-2024 AISC guidance is based on an \$1,850/oz gold price. The YTD-2024 realised price of \$2,321/oz resulted in a \$34/oz impact on YTD-2024 AISC due to higher royalty costs.
- Lower grid power availability in H1-2024 impacted Houndé, Ity and Mana and YTD-2024 group AISC by approximately \$35/oz; power availability issues improved in early Q3.
- Lower levels of production at higher costs at Sabodala-Massawa impacted YTD-2024 group AISC by approximately \$80/oz; caused by lower grades and recoveries as mining activities focussed on depleting the Sabodala pit.

Approximately \$149/oz impact on YTD-2024 AISC is expected to be reduced significantly due to stronger operational performance in Q4 and improvements to grid availability and Sabodala-Massawa CIL performance

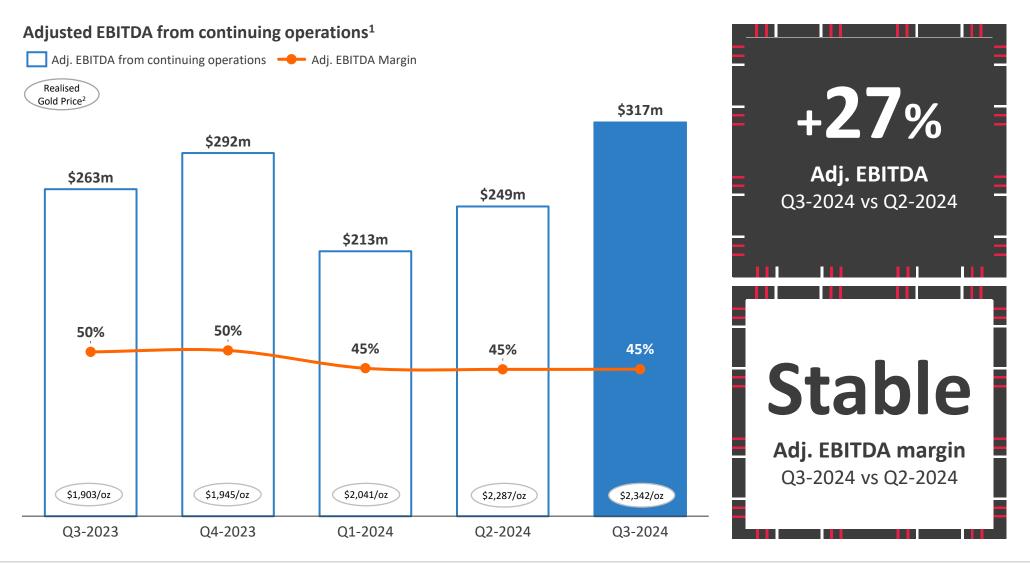
Quarterly AISC bridge





ADJUSTED EBITDA AND EBITDA MARGIN

Increasing EBITDA generation with stable EBITDA margin



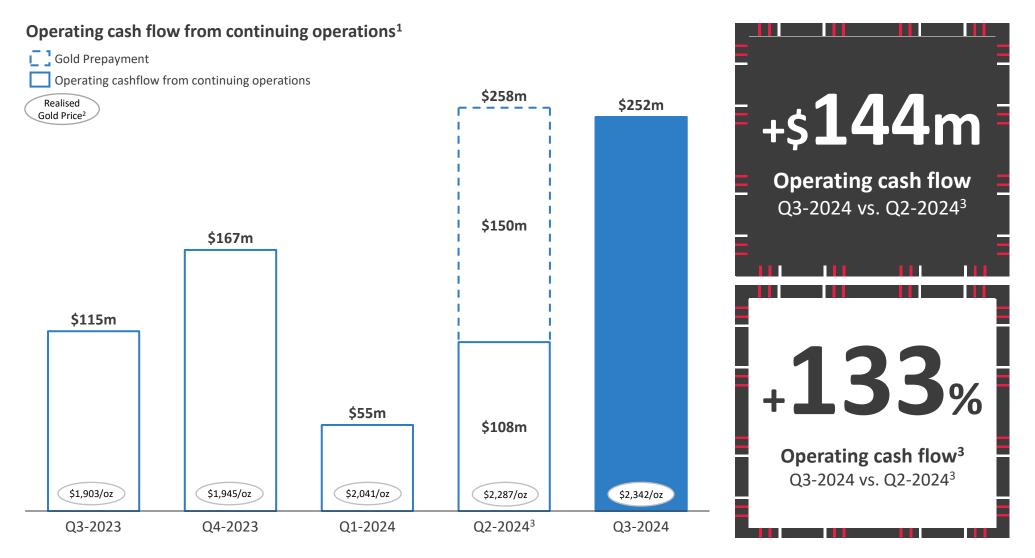
1) Excludes the Boungou and Wahgnion mines which were divested on 30 June 2023

2) The realised gold price includes the impact of the realised gains and losses on the settlement of gold collars and forward sales



OPERATING CASH FLOW

Strong operating cashflow following growth project completion



1) Excludes the Boungou and Wahgnion mines which were divested on 30 June 2023

2) The realised gold price includes the impact of the realised gains and losses on the settlement of gold collars and forwards

3) \$150m in operating cashflow is proceeds received from the gold prepayment agreement to deliver 76koz in Q4-2024, QoQ deltas are calculated exclusive of proceeds from the gold pre-payment

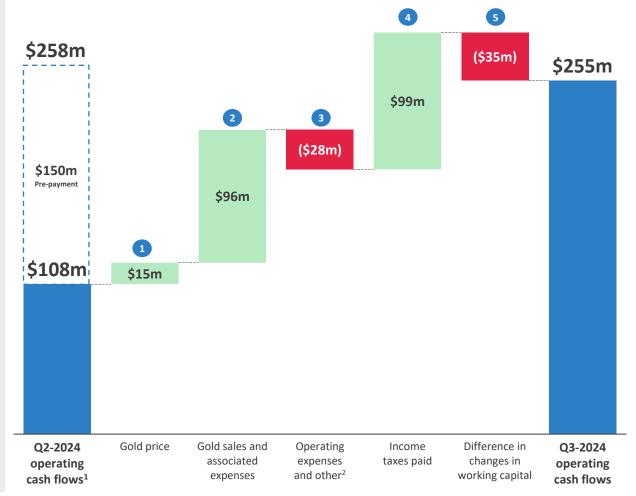


OPERATING CASH FLOW BRIDGE

Operating cashflows increased significantly net of pre-payment

INSIGHTS

- The realised gold price for continuing operations, inclusive of realised losses on gold hedges as part of the Group's Revenue Protection Programme and LBMA averaging strategy, increased by \$55/oz from \$2,287/oz in Q2-2024 to \$2,342/oz in Q3-2024.
- Gold sold from continuing operations increased by 42koz from 238koz in Q2-2024 to 280koz in Q3-2024.
- 3. Cash operating expenses increased due to higher gross mining and processing costs associated with project ramp ups.
- Income taxes paid decreased by \$99m to \$65m due to the timing of income tax payments at Ity, Sabodala-Massawa and Houndé, and decreased withholding tax payments.
- 5. The decrease in the working capital inflow was driven by an increase in trade receivables related to VAT and gold sales.



Operating cash flow bridge from continuing operations

¹⁾ Q2-2024 operating cash flows are shown net of the \$150.0 million proceeds received for the gold pre-payment

²⁾ Operating expenses and other include operating expenses, royalties, corporate costs, acquisition and restructuring, exploration costs, foreign exchange, settlement of other financial assets and liabilities, settlement of DSUs, PSUs and options and other cash expenses

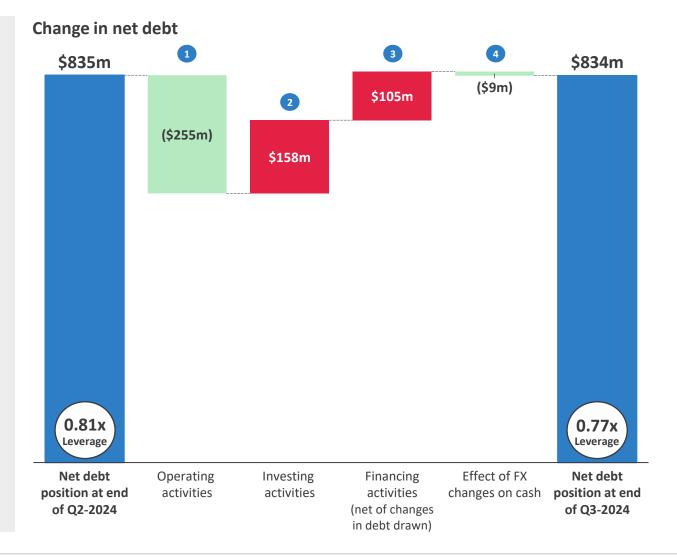


CHANGE IN NET DEBT

Improving net debt and leverage following growth phase

INSIGHTS

- Operating activities included \$245m in operating cashflow before changes in working capital and a \$10m working capital inflow.
- Investing cash outflows included \$31m of sustaining capital, \$69m of non-sustaining capital and \$35m of growth capital among other items, which were partially offset by \$30m in proceeds from the sale of Allied Gold shares and \$25m in proceeds for the disposal of Boungou and Wahgnion.
- 3. Financing activities (net of \$190m in debt repayments and \$53m of debt proceeds during the quarter) included minority dividend payments of \$75m, payments of financing fees of \$15m, share buybacks cash outflow of \$8m and payment of lease obligations of \$6m, among other items.
- The Group incurred a gain of \$9m from the foreign exchange remeasurement of cash balances.





DEBT STRUCTURE

Diversified long-term debt structure

INSIGHTS

 Gross debt was reduced by \$137m over the quarter due to a \$160m repayment on the Group's RCF, partially offset by the initial drawdown on the Sabodala Term Loan.

RCF Refinancing:

- On 5 November 2024, the Group signed a new \$700m sustainability-linked Revolving Credit Facility ("RCF") that has refinanced the 2021 \$645m RCF.
- The new RCF has the same favourable terms as the previous one; bearing interest at a rate equal to SOFR plus between 2.40% to 3.40% per annum based on leverage (if net debt to EBITDA is less than 1.00x the rate is 2.40% plus SOFR) and has a 4-year term with the potential for a 1-year extension.

Sabodala Term Loan:

- > During the quarter, the Group entered into a short-term financing facility with Ecobank as part of the Group's strategy to migrate more debt onshore.
- > The term loan has a quantum of XOF 17.0B (\$28.2 million) and bears interest at 6% fixed, payable monthly and matures in December 2024.

Change in gross debt

(\$m)	Interest Rate	Maturity	30 Sept 2024	30 Jun 2024	30 Sept 2023
\$500m Senior Notes	5.00 %	Oct 2026	500	500	500
\$167m Lafigué Term Loan	7.00 %	Jul 2028	147	147	_
\$700m Unsecured RCF ¹	SOFR + 2.40 %	Nov 2028	415	575	535
Long-term Debt			1,062	1,222	1,035
\$28m Sabodala Term Loan	6.00 %	Dec 2024	23	_	_
Total Gross Debt			1,085	1,222	1,035

RCF refinance banking syndicate





NET EARNINGS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Adjusted net earnings increased significantly quarter on quarter

A

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INSIGHTS

- Impairment of financial assets of \$112m in Q3-2024 was due to the write-down of expected proceeds from the disposal of Boungou and Wahgnion.
- 2. The loss on financial instruments during the quarter included an unrealised loss on gold hedges of \$49m, a realised loss on gold hedges of \$46m, and unrealised foreign exchange losses of \$10m partially offset by a gain on marketable securities of \$8m, among other items.
- 3. Current income tax expense decreased by \$67m from \$135m in Q2-2024 to \$68m in Q3-2024 largely due to a decrease in recognised withholding tax expenses due to the timing of local board approvals for cash upstreaming, partially offset higher taxable profits at Houndé and Ity as well as the addition of tax provisions at Lafigué subsequent to the declaration of commercial production.
- 4. Adjustments included an impairment of \$112m, an unrealised loss on financial instruments of \$52m, other expenses of \$23m related largely to Sabodala settlement costs and legal costs for the Lilium arbitration process and a loss on non-cash, tax and other adjustments of \$19m that mainly relate to the FX remeasurements.

(in \$ million)	30 Sept	30 Jun
(in \$ million) (A) = Adjustments made for Adjusted Net Earnings	2024	2024
GROSS EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS	234	148
Corporate costs	(12)	(11)
Share based compensation	(4)	(5)
Other income (expenses)	(23)	(13)
Derecognition and impairment of financial assets 1	(112)	(17)
Exploration costs	(4)	(4)
EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS	79	97
Loss on financial instruments 2	(98)	(32)
Finance costs	(29)	(26)
Current income tax expense 3	(68)	(135)
Deferred tax recovery	40	51
TOTAL NET AND COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(77)	(45)
Add-back adjustments 4	169	65
ADJUSTED NET EARNINGS ¹	91	20
Portion attributable to non-controlling interests ¹	18	17
ADJUSTED NET EARNINGS PER SHARE ¹	0.30	0.01

3 MONTHS ENDED



SECTION 3

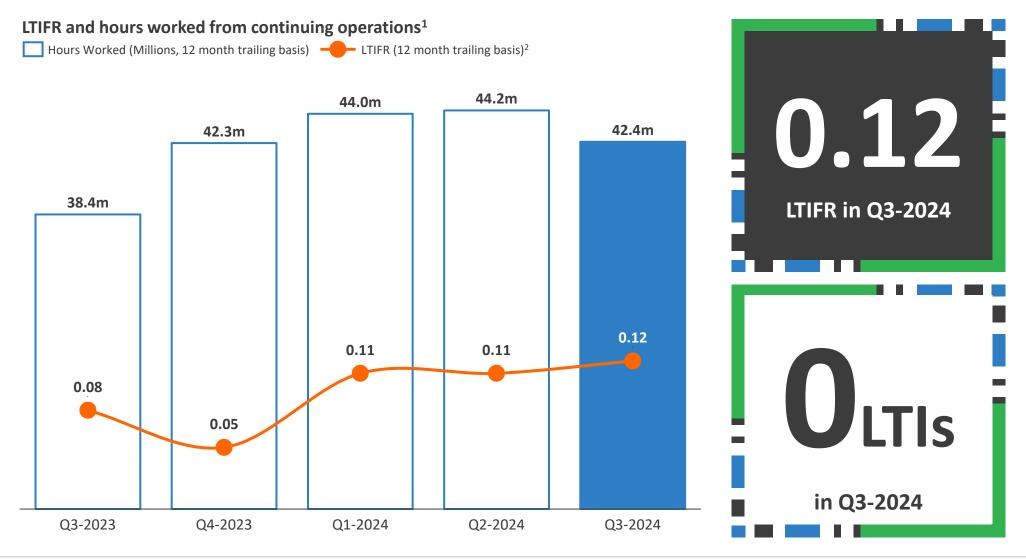
OPERATING PERFORMANCE





SAFETY PERFORMANCE

Continued industry-leading safety record



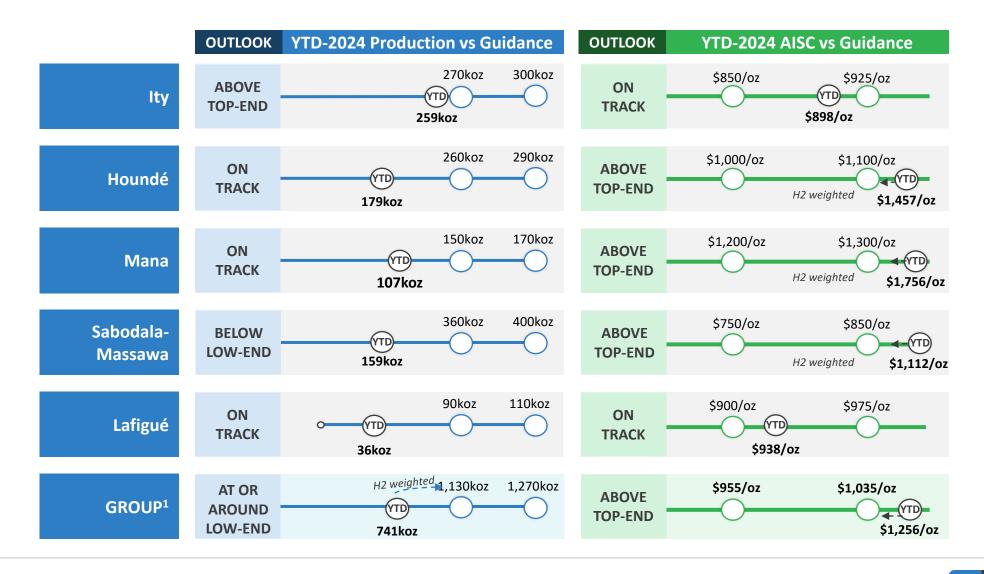
(1) Excludes the Boungou and Wahgnion mines which were divested on 30 June 2023

(2) Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate = (Number of LTIs in the Period X 1,000,000)/ (Total man hours worked for the period), from continuing operations



PRODUCTION PERFORMANCE VS GUIDANCE

Strong operational performance expected in Q4 with project ramp-ups





Higher production and lower AISC expected in Q4

Q3-2024 vs Q2-2024 INSIGHTS

- Production decreased due to lower tonnes milled, partially offset by increased average grades processed and recoveries.
- AISC increased due to lower sales volumes, higher royalty costs, increased sustaining capital and higher processing costs.

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- Sabodala-Massawa production is expected to be below the bottom end of its production guidance range of 360koz - 400koz at an AISC above the top end of its \$750 - \$850/oz guidance range.
- > YTD-2024 mining and processing of lower than expected grades with lower associated recoveries through the CIL plant due to lower grade ore sourced from the Sabodala pit and limited high-grade nonrefractory ore sources available YTD-2024.
- In Q4-2024, production from the CIL plant is expected to increase due to an increase in average grades processed with the introduction of higher grade ore into the mill feed from the Kiesta C deposit.
- In Q4-2024, production from the BIOX plant is expected to increase due to increases in tonnes milled, average processed grades and recoveries, in line with the planned ramp-up.



Key performance indicators¹

key performance mulcators					
For The Period Ended	Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q3-2023		
Tonnes ore mined, kt	1,282	1,491	1,745		
Total tonnes mined, kt	10,438	10,130	11,989		
Strip ratio (incl. waste cap)	7.14	5.79	5.87		
BIOX Plant					
Tonnes milled, kt	235	136	—		
Grade, g/t	2.90	2.82	—		
Recovery rate, %	75	59	—		
Production, koz	16	6	—		
CIL Plant					
Tonnes milled, kt	950	1,319	1,175		
Grade, g/t	1.65	1.57	2.06		
Recovery rate, %	79	81	91		
Production, koz	38	50	69		
PRODUCTION, KOZ	54	57	69		
Total cash cost/oz	1,096	1,057	758		
AISC/OZ	1,219	1,164	840		



Ramp-up on track, target to outperform design nameplate **BIOX PLANT**



- Floatation tails underflow added to **BIOX floatation circuit in July**
- Float tails diverted to existing CIL plant to recover residual gold that doesn't float from transitional ores

Near

Term

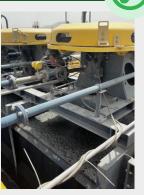
Medium

Term

Recovering +50% of the gold from float tails, adding ~15% to overall recoveries when processing transitional ore for a low incremental cost

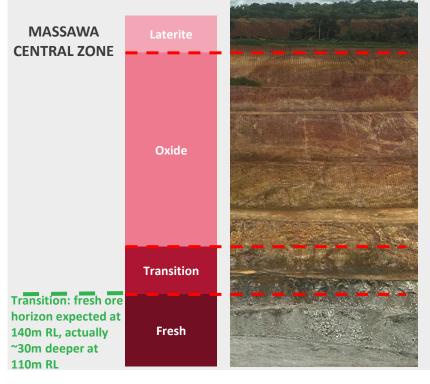
INCREASING BIOX THROUGHPUT

- Increase floatation throughput to increase floatation concentrate and BIOX plant production
- > Flotation tailings pumps are the current bottleneck at nameplate; scope to increase throughput +5%
- > Crushing, milling and BIOX circuits have runway to perform above nameplate
- Maintenance and operation strategy to increase operating > time to >95%, currently around ~90%



FRESH ORE MINING

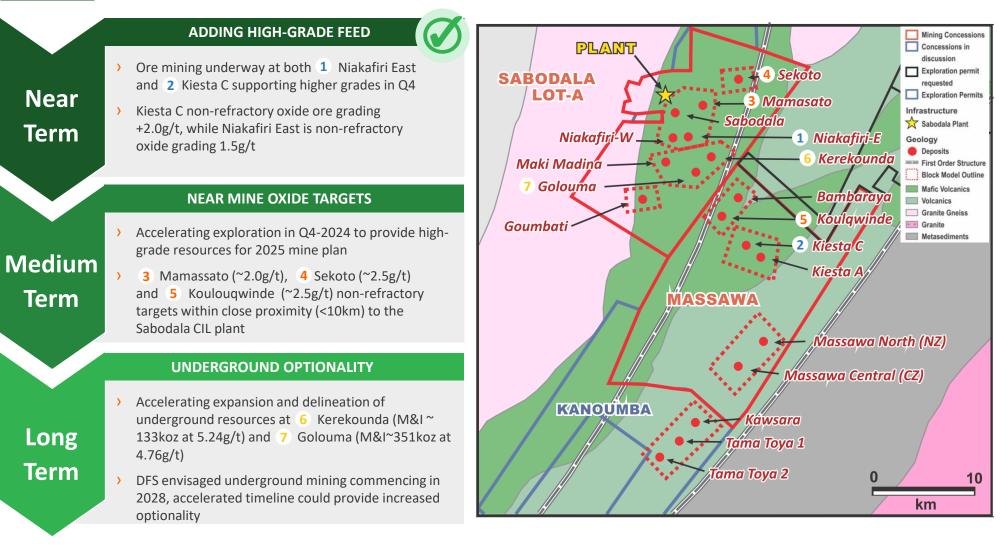
- Transitional/fresh ore horizon expected at 140m RL, but was intercepted 20-30m lower at the 110-120m RL
- Currently mining ~70% fresh ore from Massawa Central Zone pit, with good floatation characteristics
- Improved throughput, floatation and overall recoveries from mining and processing of fresh ore





CIL PLANT

Optimising to support improved near-term performance





Solar power plant project on track for Q1-2025

INSIGHTS

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- As announced on 2 August 2023, Endeavour launched the construction of a 37MWp photovoltaic ("PV") solar facility and a 16MW battery system, in order to significantly reduce fuel consumption and greenhouse gas emissions, and lower power costs.
- The capital cost for the solar project is \$55.0 million of which approximately \$43.6 million, or 79% has been committed, with pricing in line with expectations. \$36.9 million, or 67%, of the capital cost has been incurred as at the end of Q3-2024, of which, \$31.3 million was incurred in YTD-2024 with \$15.0 million incurred in Q3-2024. FY-2024 non-sustaining capital expenditure guidance of \$45.0 million remains unchanged.
- Progress regarding the critical path items is detailed below:
 - Engineering, procurement, manufacturing and shipping are complete
 - On site earthworks are largely complete
 - Civil works for the transmission line progressing well with all towers erected and cable stringing underway
 - Solar panel segment installation has been largely completed and battery expected on site in Q4





HOUNDÉ MINE, BURKINA FASO

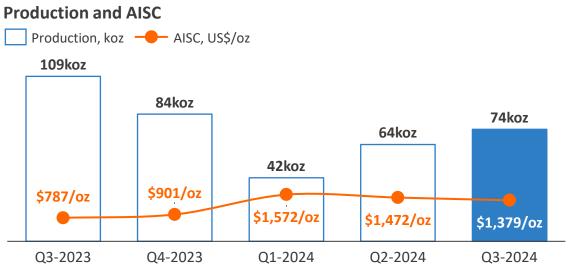
Production on track as high grade Kari Pump drives stronger Q4

Q3-2024 vs Q2-2024 INSIGHTS

- Production increased due to higher average grades processed and slightly higher tonnes milled, partially offset by a slight decrease in recovery rates.
- AISC decreased due to the higher volume of gold sold and lower processing costs associated with reduced selfgenerated power usage, partially offset by higher sustaining capital and increased mining unit costs

OUTLOOK

- Houndé is on track to achieve its FY-2024 production guidance of 260koz - 290koz, while AISC is expected to be above the top-end of the guided \$1,000/oz - \$1,100/oz range largely due to the increased reliance on selfgenerated power at higher cost in H1-2024 (+\$58/oz impact to YTD-2024 AISC) and higher royalties reflecting the increased gold price compared to the guidance gold price of \$1,850/oz (+\$47/oz impact to YTD-2024 AISC).
- In Q4-2024, production is expected to increase as an increased proportion of high-grade ore is expected to be sourced from the Kari Pump pit, while throughput and recoveries are expected to remain broadly consistent with Q3-2024. AISC is expected to decrease due to higher levels of production and gold sales.



Key performance indicators

For The Period Ended	Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q3-2023
Tonnes ore mined, kt	1,111	1,301	1,209
Total tonnes mined, kt	9,567	11,619	10,603
Strip ratio (incl. waste cap)	7.61	7.93	7.77
Tonnes milled, kt	1,348	1,313	1,400
Grade, g/t	2.00	1.70	2.68
Recovery rate, %	86	87	91
PRODUCTION, KOZ	74	64	109
Total cash cost/oz	1,233	1,340	704
AISC/OZ	1,379	1,472	787



ITY MINE, CÔTE D'IVOIRE

On track to beat the top end of production guidance

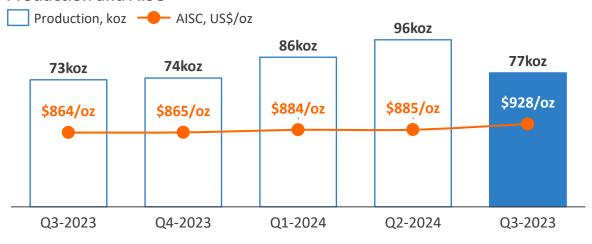
Q3-2024 vs Q2-2024 INSIGHTS

- Production decreased due to lower tonnes of ore milled at lower average grades processed, while recoveries remained consistent, in-line with plan.
- AISC increased due to the lower volumes of gold sold and a slight increase in sustaining capital, partially offset by lower mining and processing unit costs.

OUTLOOK

- Given the strong YTD-2024 performance, Ity is on track to achieve above the top end of its FY-2024 production guidance of 270koz - 300koz at its AISC guidance of between \$850/oz - \$925/oz.
- In Q4-2024, ore is expected to be sourced from the Le Plaque, Walter, Bakatouo and Ity pits with supplemental feed sourced from historical stockpiles. Production is expected to decrease due to a lower proportion of highgrade ore from the Ity and Bakatouo pits in the mill feed, which is expected to be partially offset by an increase in throughput following the commissioning of the mineral sizer primary crusher late in Q3-2024, as well as the expected improved mill utilisation following the end of the wet season.

Production and AISC



Key performance indicators

For The Period Ended	Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q3-2023
Tonnes ore mined, kt	2,027	1,840	1,246
Total tonnes mined, kt	7,761	7,132	6,020
Strip ratio (incl. waste cap)	2.83	2.88	3.83
Tonnes milled, kt	1,631	1,761	1,494
Grade, g/t	1.64	1.79	1.60
Recovery rate, %	92	92	93
PRODUCTION, KOZ	77	96	73
Total cash cost/oz	899	869	826
AISC/OZ	928	885	864



MANA, BURKINA FASO

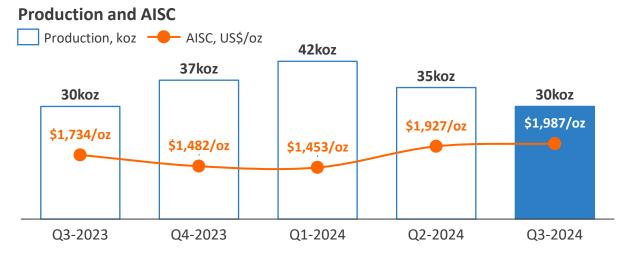
Production on track with strong Q4 performance expected

Q3-2024 vs Q2-2024 INSIGHTS

- Production decreased due to lower tonnes milled and lower recoveries, partially offset by an increase in average grades processed.
- > AISC increased due to lower gold volumes sold, higher royalties due to the higher realised gold price and a slight increase in sustaining capital, partially offset by lower mining and processing unit costs.

OUTLOOK

- Mana is on track to achieve the lower end of its FY-2024 production guidance of 150koz - 170koz at an AISC above the top end of its \$1,200 - \$1,300/oz guided range due to increased reliance on selfgenerated power at higher costs in response to grid availability issues in H1-2024 (+\$117/oz impact to YTD-2024 AISC), higher royalty costs due to the prevailing higher gold prices (+\$40/oz impact to YTD-2024 AISC) compounded by increased sustaining capital due to additional mining contractor costs to accelerate underground development.
- In Q4-2024, production is expected to increase due to increased access to higher grade stopes in the Wona underground deposit supporting an increase in mill feed at higher average grades, while recoveries are expected to remain largely consistent.



Key performance indicators

For The Period Ended	Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q3-2023
OP tonnes ore mined, kt	—	66	297
OP total tonnes mined, kt	—	219	1,508
OP strip ratio (incl. waste cap)	—	2.32	4.08
UG tonnes ore mined, kt	484	429	349
Tonnes milled, kt	516	554	643
Grade, g/t	2.15	2.10	1.66
Recovery rate, %	88	89	88
PRODUCTION, KOZ	30	35	30
Total cash cost/oz	1,766	1,729	1,599
AISC/OZ	1,987	1,927	1,734



LAFIGUÉ MINE, CÔTE D'IVOIRE

On track to achieve guidance

Q3-2024 vs Q2-2024 INSIGHTS

Production increased from 472 ounces in Q2-2024 to 36koz in Q3-2024 due to the ramp of production from the first gold pour on 28 June 2024, to the commencement of commercial production on 1 August 2024 as previously announced on 13 September 2024.

OUTLOOK

- Lafigué is on track to achieve its FY-2024 production guidance of 90 - 110koz at a post-commercial production AISC within the \$900 - \$975/oz guided range, which is in line with the Definitive Feasibility Study ("DFS") assumptions.
- In Q4-2024, mining activities are expected to continue across the western and eastern flanks of the Lafigué Main pit, as well as the West pit. Total mined tonnes are expected to increase as the fleet is progressively mobilised in line with the projected increases in mining rates. Throughput rates are expected to increase, with nameplate capacity expected to be achieved for Q4-2024. Average processed grades are expected to increase through the ramp-up period as mining advances into zones of higher grade fresh ore while recovery rates are expected to remain broadly consistent with Q3-2024.



Key performance indicators

For The Period Ended	Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q3-2023
Tonnes ore mined, kt	1,250	1,024	_
Total tonnes mined, kt	8,873	9,296	_
Strip ratio (incl. waste cap)	6.10	8.08	_
Tonnes milled, kt	759	84	-
Grade, g/t	1.57	1.02	_
Recovery rate, %	94	89	-
PRODUCTION, KOZ	36	0.5	—
Total cash cost/oz	831	-	-
AISC/OZ	938	_	_





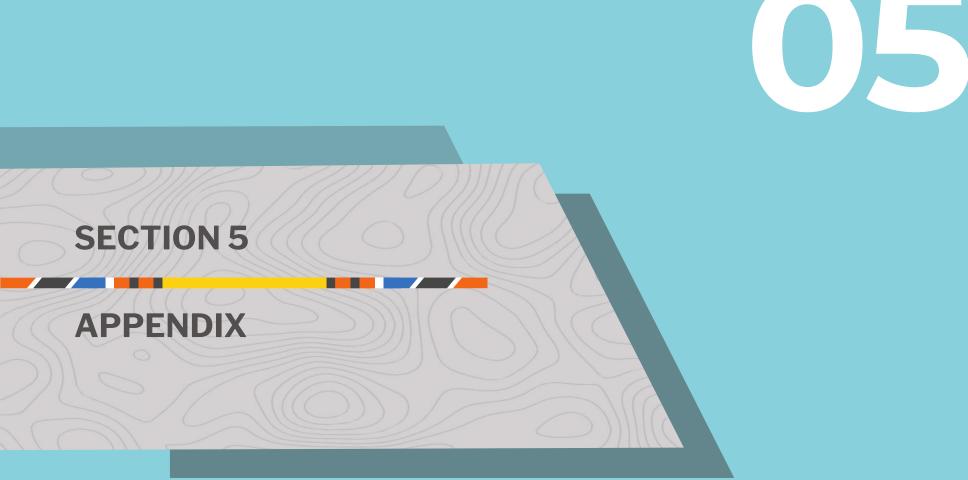




KEY PRIORITIES ACROSS THE BUSINESS

Continuing to deliver attractive shareholder returns

	OPERATIONS	Deliver production at or around the low end of the production guidance at AISC above the top end, with stronger Q4 and 2025 performance expected
*	FREE CASH FLOW GENERATION	FCF inflection delivered with an outlook to further grow FCF generation; focused on de-levering and increasing shareholder returns
\$	BALANCE SHEET	De-lever the balance sheet towards 0.5x leverage target to position the Group for the next phase of growth
	SHAREHOLDER RETURNS	Updated programme with minimum dividends of \$435m for 2024 - 2025 to be supplemental with dividends and buybacks; \$229m returned to shareholders YTD-2024
*	ORGANIC GROWTH	Complete Assafou PFS on-track in Q4-2024 and deliver on exploration five year target to discover 12- 17Moz of M&I resources by end 2025
Y	ESG INITIATIVES	Continue implementing our ambitious ESG strategy, delivering benefits to all stakeholders



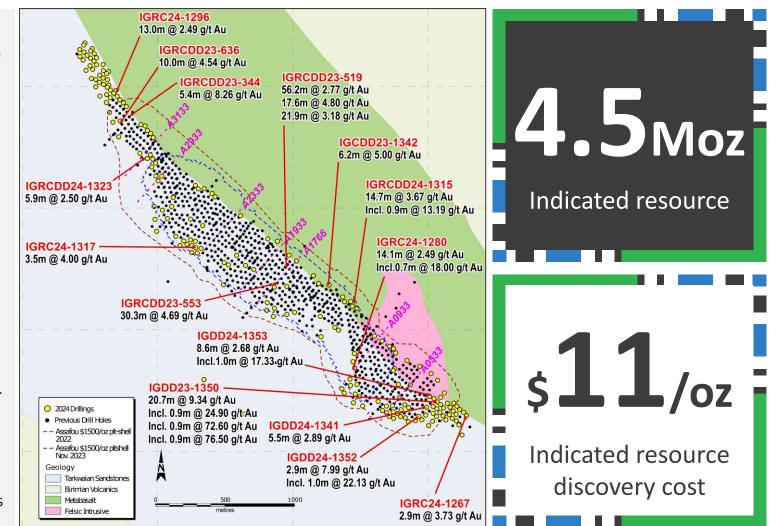




ASSAFOU PROJECT, CÔTE D'IVOIRE

Confirmed potential to be a Tier 1 asset

- > 4.5Moz resource outlined in approximately 2 years at a low discovery cost of \$11 per Indicated ounce.
- > PFS underway and is expected to be finalised in Q4-2024.
- Significant upside potential remains along a +20km corridor and at potential satellite targets in close proximity.
- Targeting 60km of drilling in FY-2024 between Assafou
 (25km) and regional targets
 (35km) with a \$15m budget.
- \$13m spent in YTD-2024, delivering encouraging results on Assafou delineation and positive successes at regional targets





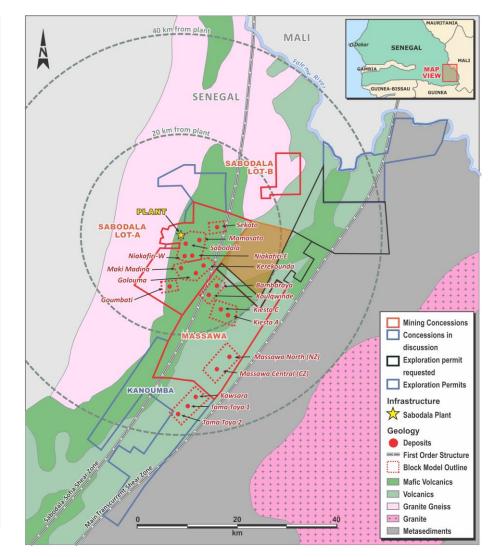
SABODALA-MASSAWA MINE, SENEGAL

Adding high-grade non-refractory resources into the CIL mine plan

INSIGHTS

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- An exploration programme slightly above the guided \$31m spend is expected for FY-2024, of which \$31m has been spent year to date including \$9m spent in Q3-2024 consisting of 28,898 meters of drilling across 156 drill holes.
- During Q3-2024, drilling activities focused on defining the near-term targets including the Sekoto, Mamassato and Koulouqwinde potential high-grade non-refractory oxide targets that could be incorporated into the near term mine plan, as well as the Golouma NW and Kerekounda East targets. Furthermore, on the Kanoumba permit, drilling activities continued on the large Kawsara target along its 1,600 metre mineralised trend, and the 7,000 metre long anomaly to the south west of Kawasara. At the Kerekounda UG and Golouma UG deposits, drilling focussed on converting Inferred resources to Indicated status, which is expected to be included in the next mineral resource update.
 - During Q4-2024, drilling will focus on delineating targets including Sekoto, Mamasato and Koulouqwinde in addition to the definition of the Kawsara target and its adjacent anomaly. Additionally, airborne electromagnetic survey is planned along the Main Transcurrent Zone across the Massawa, Kanoumba and Niamaya permits to identify anomalies below the laterite cover.

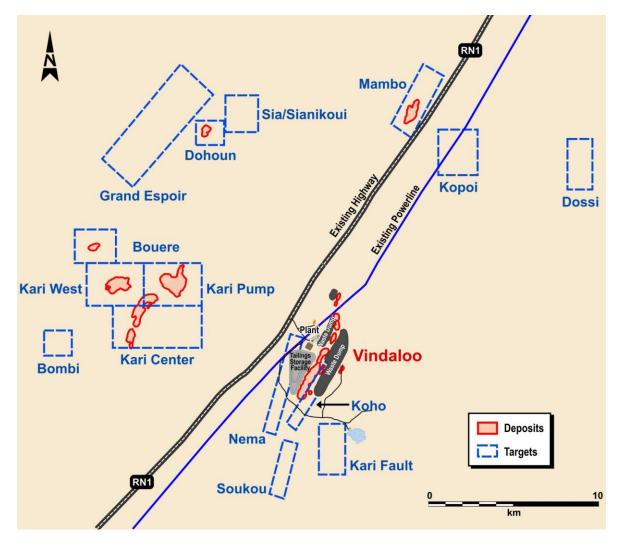




HOUNDÉ MINE, BURKINA FASO

Focussed on near mine exploration potential

- An exploration programme of \$10m is expected for FY-2024, of which \$8m has been spent year to date with \$1m spent in Q3-2024. The FY-2024 programme remains focussed on delineating additional resources at the Vindaloo Deeps deposit, as well as exploration drilling in the Kari and Koho areas.
- During Q3-2024, desktop work on the Vindaloo Deeps deposit focussed on the interpretation of the high-grade continuity that was defined in H1-2024 to refine the Vindaloo Deeps geological model.
- During the remainder of the year, the exploration programme will continue to focus on delineating the Vindaloo Deeps deposit which continues to demonstrate the potential to become a significant high-grade underground resource. Additional drilling is expected to continue at the Koho Main, Koho East and Vindaloo North deposits.

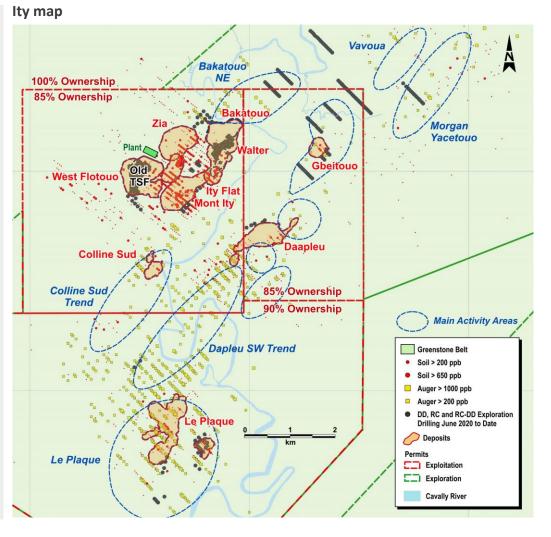




ITY MINE, CÔTE D'IVOIRE

Focussed on extending resources and delineating new targets

- An exploration programme of \$15m is expected for FY-2024, of which \$11m has been spent year to date with \$3m spent in Q3-2024, consisting of 11,734 metres of drilling across 870 drill holes.
- The exploration programme is focused on extending near-mine resources around the Ity processing plant in order to test the continuity of mineralisation at depth and in between the Walter, Bakatouo, Zia NE and Ity pits. Drilling is also focused on the Yopleu-Legaleu deposit and neighbouring Delta Southeast target, to test the continuity of mineralisation along strike and depth in order to expand the resources. Additionally, reconnaissance and delineation work is continuing at several targets on the Ity belt including Gbampleu, Mahapleu, Tiepleu, Morgan and Goleu.
- During Q3-2024, drilling at Ity, West Flotouo and Yopleu-Legaleu deposits continued to follow the downdip continuity of mineralisation. Drilling at the Delta Southeast and Gloleu targets continued to extend mineralisation along strike and at depth, with follow-up infill drilling planned for 2025.
- During Q4, geological interpretation and modelling will be completed at deposits around the Ity processing plant to improve interpretations of the Ity complex.

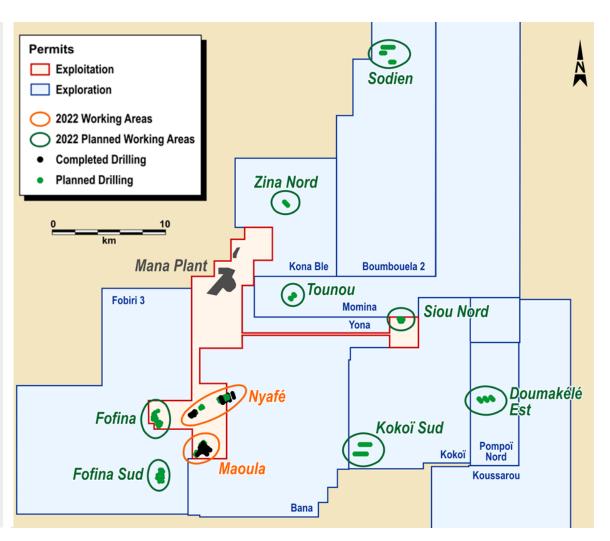




MANA, BURKINA FASO

Focused on following up on near-mine oxide mineralisation

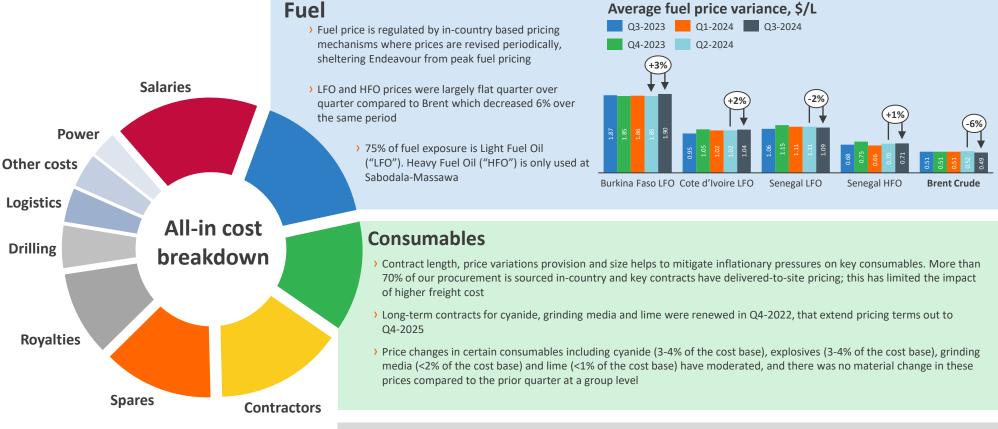
- An exploration programme of \$2m is expected for FY-2024, of which \$2m has been spent year to date with \$1m spent in Q3-2024, consisting of 1,756 metres of drilling across 47 drill holes. The exploration programme is focused on delineating near mine, high grade oxide targets between the Nyafé and Fofina historic pit areas and non-refractory open pit targets Siou Nord, Bara and Momina as well as the compilation of data for further target generation.
- During Q3-2024, infill drilling was completed on the Bana Camp target to evaluate a 400 metre mineralised trend that was identified through trenching earlier in the year, with drilling returning encouraging results that will be followed up in 2025. Within the Bara target area, drilling to follow-up on results from historical trenching and grab samples was undertaken, with assay results pending. Desktop work continued successfully identifying seven prospective targets within 14 kilometres of Mana for follow-up in 2025.
- During Q4, the programme will focus on follow-up drilling to test for potential oxide resources towards the west and southwest of the Bana Camp target.





TACKLING INFLATIONARY PRESSURES

Leveraging our synergies in West Africa



Other factors

- > FX impacts were negative as the Euro appreciated compared to the USD between Q2-2024 and Q3-2024. Approximately 65% of the operating cost base is in local currency, which is linked to the Euro.
- > Several cost optimisation and efficiency improvement initiatives are ongoing across the group



SHORT TERM REVENUE PROTECTION PROGRAMME

Increased certainty of cash flows during growth and debt reduction phases

INSIGHTS

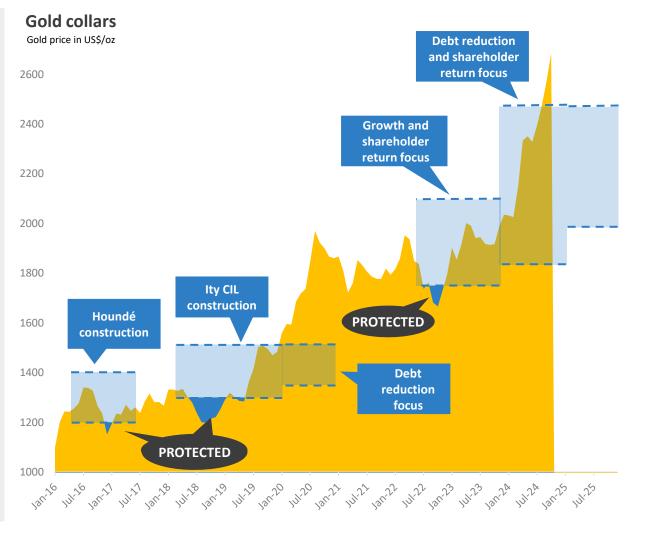
 During Q3-2024, 113koz were delivered into gold collars at the call gold price of \$2,400/oz, incurring a \$30m realised loss on gold hedges.

LOW PREMIUM COLLAR

- For Q4-2024, approximately 113koz are expected to be delivered into a collar with an average call price of \$2,400/oz and an average put price of \$1,807/oz.
- For FY-2025, approximately 200koz are expected to be delivered into a collar with an average call price of \$2,400/oz and an average put price of \$1,992/oz.

GOLD SALES PREPAYMENT

The Company entered into two separate gold prepayment agreements for a total consideration of \$150m in exchange for the delivery of approximately 76koz in Q4-2024.





SHORT TERM REVENUE PROTECTION PROGRAMME

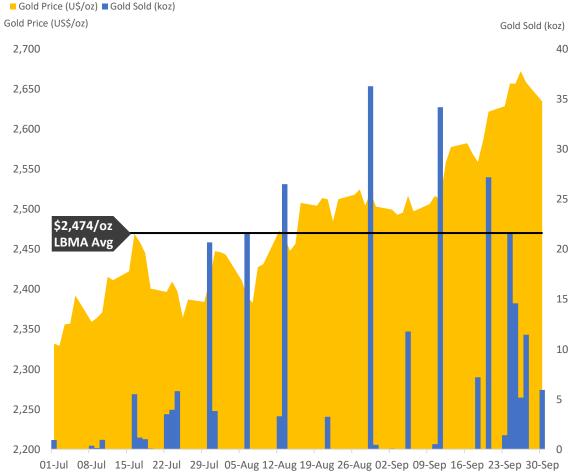
Intra-quarter averaging strategy to align pricing to London Bullion Market pricing

INSIGHTS

- The purpose of the policy is to achieve realised pricing as close to the London Bullion Market Association ("LBMA") average as possible, regardless of the cadence of gold sales
- Averaging is achieved by forward selling the average daily forecasted production against each daily LBMA PM fix, and subsequently purchasing actual gold sales at the LBMA PM fix.
- At the end of the quarter there is a net cash inflow or outflow, which brings the actual gold sales up or down to approximate the quarterly LBMA average.

	Q3-2024	YTD-2024
Unhedged realised price	\$2,506/oz	\$2,321/oz
LBMA averaging & Stream adjustment	(\$41/oz)	(\$10/oz)
Unhedged Realised price achieved	\$2,465/oz	\$2,311/oz
Difference vs LBMA	(\$9/oz)	+\$15/oz
LBMA Average Price	\$2,474/oz	\$2,296/oz

Q3-2024 Gold price vs quarterly gold sales





2024 GUIDANCE

INSIGHTS

- The Group is expected to be at or around the low end of its FY-2024 production guidance of 1,130 – 1,270koz at an AISC above the top end of the \$955 – 1,035/oz guided range, with higher AISC due to higher royalty costs associated with the prevailing higher gold prices, low grid power availability during H1-2024 and underperformance at the Sabodala-Massawa CIL operation.
- FY-2024 operational performance is weighted towards Q4-2024 and predicated on expected improvements at the Houndé, Mana, Sabodala-Massawa and Lafigué mines in Q4-2024.

Production guidance

(All amounts in koz, on a 100% basis)	FY-2	2024 GUIDANC	E	FY-2024 OUTLOOK
Houndé	260	—	290	ON TRACK
Ity	270	-	300	ABOVE TOP-END
Lafigué	90	—	110	ON TRACK
Mana	150	_	170	BELOW LOWER-END
Sabodala-Massawa	360	_	400	ON TRACK
TOTAL PRODUCTION	1,130	_	1,270	AT OR AROUND LOW END

AISC guidance

(All amounts in US\$/oz)	FY-	2024 GUIDANCE		FY-2024 OUTLOOK
Houndé	1,000	_	1,100	ABOVE TOP-END
lty	850	_	925	ON TRACK
Lafigué	900	-	975	ABOVE TOP-END
Mana	1,200	_	1,300	ABOVE TOP-END
Sabodala-Massawa	750	_	850	ON TRACK
Corporate G&A		40		ON TRACK
GROUP AISC	955	_	1,035	ABOVE TOP END



2024 GUIDANCE (Continued)

Sustaining capital

- > Houndé: waste stripping, de-watering boreholes, plant upgrades
- > Ity: waste stripping, fleet rebuilds, plant upgrades
- > Mana: underground development and plant maintenance
- > Sabodala-Massawa: waste stripping and fleet upgrades
- > Lafigué: waste stripping, grade control and capital spares

Non-sustaining capital

- > Houndé: Vindaloo main cutback, TSF raise, land compensation
- > Ity: Mineral Sizer, pre-stripping, TSF2 and site infrastructure
- > Mana: underground development and TSF lift
- Sabodala-Massawa: TSF, site infrastructure, grade control, haul road to the Kiesta area and solar plant
- > Lafigué: TSF lift

Growth capital

The FY-2024 growth capital expenditure is expected to be \$245m consisting of \$75m of remaining growth capital for the Sabodala-Massawa BIOX[®] Expansion project and approximately \$170m of remaining growth capital for the Lafigué project.

Exploration spend

> Exploration expenditure outlook for FY-2024 is expected to be slightly above the \$77.0 million guidance given the increased focus on near term targets at the Sabodala-Massawa.

Capital expenditure guidance

(All amounts in US\$m)	FY-2024 GUIDANCE	REVISED 2024 GUIDANCE
Houndé	40	40
Ity	10	10
Lafigué	25	15
Mana	15	25
Sabodala-Massawa	35	30
Corporate	-	-
TOTAL SUSTAINING	125	120
Houndé	10	10
Ity	45	60
Lafigué	5	15
Mana	40	50
Sabodala-Massawa	40	40
Sabodala-Massawa Solar Plant	45	45
Non-mining	5	5
TOTAL NON-SUSTAINING	190	225
TOTAL MINE CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	315	345

Exploration guidance¹

(All amounts in US\$m)	FY-2024 GUIDANCE
Houndé	10
Ity	15
Mana	2
Lafigué	4
Sabodala-Massawa	25
MINE SUBTOTAL	56
Tanda-Iguela	15
Other Greenfields	6
TOTAL ¹	77



MINE STATISTICS

On a quarterly year basis

			ΙΤΥ			HOUNDÉ			MANA		SABO	DALA-MASS	SAWA		LAFIGUÉ	
(on a 100% basis)		Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q3-2023	Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q3-2023	Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q3-2023	Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q3-2023	Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q3-2023
Physicals																
Total tonnes mined – OP1	000t	7,761	7,132	6,020	9,567	11,619	10,603	_	219	1,508	10,438	10,130	11,989	8,873	9,296	_
Total ore tonnes – OP	000t	2,027	1,840	1,246	1,111	1,301	1,209	_	66	297	1,282	1,491	1,745	1,250	1,024	-
OP strip ratio ¹ (total)	W:t ore	2.83	2.88	3.83	7.61	7.93	7.77	_	2.32	4.08	7.14	5.79	5.87	6.10	8.08	—
Total ore tonnes – UG	000t	—	-	_	—	—	_	484	429	349	—	—	_	-	—	—
Total tonnes milled	000t	1,631	1,761	1,494	1,348	1,313	1,400	516	554	643	1,184	1,319	1,175	759	84	—
Average gold grade milled	g/t	1.64	1.79	1.60	2.00	1.70	2.68	2.15	2.10	1.66	1.90	1.70	2.06	1.57	1.02	—
Recovery rate	%	91.7%	91.7%	93.3%	86.4%	86.9%	91.0%	87.5%	88.5%	88.1%	77.9%	76.9%	91.2%	94.4%	89.5	_
Gold ounces produced	OZ	77,446	95,636	72,641	73,531	63,517	109,381	29,724	35,065	30,365	53,928	56,526	68,506	35,664	472	_
Gold sold	oz	80,351	95,206	71,896	75,767	60,445	108,211	31,311	33,322	30,966	61,013	49,212	67,031	31,575	_	_
Unit Cost Analysis																
Mining costs - OP	\$/t mined	3.84	3.94	3.87	4.58	3.44	3.82	0.00	14.61	4.91	3.01	3.10	2.58	3.05	2.67	_
Mining costs - UG	\$/t mined	-	_	_	-	_	_	68.19	68.07	62.82	-	_	_	-	_	_
Processing and maintenance	\$/t milled	18.64	18.97	16.40	13.43	16.22	11.43	24.03	26.17	18.51	18.49	15.92	13.87	14.36	16.67	_
Site G&A	\$/t milled	4.35	4.66	4.82	5.86	6.09	4.93	11.43	10.65	7.62	9.37	8.26	8.85	5.40	41.67	_
Cash Cost Details																
Mining costs - OP ¹	\$000s	29,800	28,100	23,300	43,800	40,000	40,500	-	3,200	7,400	31,400	31,400	30,900	27,100	24,800	—
Mining costs - UG	\$000s	—	—	_	-	—	-	44,800	40,500	31,600	-	—	_	-	—	—
Processing and maintenance	\$000s	30,400	33,400	24,500	18,100	21,300	16,000	12,400	14,500	11,900	21,900	21,000	16,300	10,900	1,400	_
Site G&A	\$000s	7,100	8,200	7,200	7,900	8,000	6,900	5,900	5,900	4,900	11,100	10,900	10,400	4,100	3,500	—
Capitalised waste	\$000s	(2,300)	(1,400)	(3,300)	(100)	(3,900)	(6,400)	(16,800)	(15,500)	(8,400)	(10,800)	(8,500)	(7,000)	(11,800)	(10,200)	_
Inventory adj. and other	\$000s	(2,900)	3,000	1,900	7,000	2,700	5,800	2,500	2,900	(1,600)	8,300	(6,100)	(6,700)	(9,700)	(19,500)	_
Pre-commercial production costs	\$000s	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,800)	(6,700)	-	(4,100)	-	-
By-product revenue	\$000s	(3,400)	(3,200)	(1,500)	(300)	(100)	(200)	(300)	(200)	(200)	(100)	(200)	(100)	(200)	-	-
Royalties	\$000s	13,500	14,600	7,500	17,000	13,000	13,600	6,800	6,300	3,800	8,500	6,200	7,000	6,300	-	-
Total cash costs	\$000s	72,200	82,700	59,400	93,400	81,000	76,200	55,300	57,600	49,500	61,500	48,000	50,800	22,600	-	_
Sustaining capital	\$000s	2,400	1,600	2,700	11,100	8,000	9,000	6,900	6,600	4,200	6,900	4,900	5,500	2,900	_	_
Total cash cost	\$/oz	899	869	826	1,233	1,340	704	1,766	1,729	1,599	1,096	1,057	758	831	—	—
Mine-level AISC	\$/oz	928	885	864	1,379	1,472	787	1,987	1,927	1,734	1,219	1,164	840	938	_	



MINE STATISTICS

On a YTD-2024 basis

		ΙΤΥ		HOUNDÉ		MANA		SABODALA-MASSAWA		LAFIGUÉ	
(on a 100% basis)		YTD-2024	YTD-2023	YTD-2024	YTD-2023	YTD-2024	YTD-2023	YTD-2024	YTD-2023	YTD-2024	YTD-2023
Physicals											
Total tonnes mined – OP ¹	000t	22,299	20,542	32,283	35,687	930	5,194	31,015	34,624	27,001	_
Total ore tonnes – OP	000t	5,692	5,069	3,136	3,921	185	1,129	4,119	4,321	3,090	—
Open pit strip ratio ¹ (total)	W:t ore	2.92	3.05	9.29	8.10	4.03	3.60	6.53	7.01	7.74	—
Total ore tonnes – UG	000t	-	_	—	-	1,359	882	—	-	-	—
Total tonnes milled	000t	5,167	5,121	3,743	4,189	1,691	1,928	3,684	3,500	843	—
Average gold grade milled	g/t	1.71	1.63	1.71	1.84	2.19	1.86	1.74	2.09	1.51	—
Recovery rate	%	91%	93%	87%	92%	88%	92%	79%	90%	94%	—
Gold ounces produced	oz	259,121	249,697	179,038	228,056	106,945	105,553	159,420	208,584	36,136	—
Gold sold	oz	264,054	250,467	179,074	228,537	107,168	107,876	161,029	211,820	31,575	—
Unit Cost Analysis											
Mining costs - Open pit	\$/t mined	3.82	3.60	3.75	3.49	7.86	4.50	2.99	2.58	2.72	_
Mining costs - UG	\$/t mined	-	_	-	_	65.77	72.36	_	_	-	_
Processing and maintenance	\$/t milled	17.53	14.98	14.35	11.53	24.21	17.14	16.25	13.20	14.59	_
Site G&A	\$/t milled	4.43	4.16	6.12	5.06	10.51	9.24	8.79	8.57	13.29	_
Cash Cost Details											
Mining costs - Open pit ¹	\$000s	85,200	74,000	121,100	124,600	7,300	23,400	92,800	89,500	73,400	_
Mining costs -Underground	\$000s	-	_	-	_	120,700	94,200	_	_	-	_
Processing and maintenance	\$000s	90,600	76,700	53,700	48,300	40,900	33,000	59,900	46,200	12,300	_
Site G&A	\$000s	22,900	21,300	22,900	21,200	17,800	17,800	32,400	30,000	11,200	_
Capitalized waste	\$000s	(4,300)	(6,700)	(19,500)	(40,500)	(45,500)	(39,300)	(23,600)	(28,200)	(34,500)	_
Inventory adjustments and other	\$000s	5,300	3,300	5,800	6,700	9,400	(100)	(11,600)	(14,100)	(41,800)	_
Pre-commercial production costs	\$000s	-	_	-	_	-	_	(15,500)	_	(4,100)	_
By-product revenue	\$000s	(9,000)	(3,100)	(500)	(300)	(700)	(400)	(400)	(200)	(200)	_
Royalties	\$000s	40,100	27,000	38,900	30,800	20,200	12,900	20,700	22,700	6,300	_
Total cash costs for ounces sold	\$000s	230,800	190,800	222,400	190,600	170,100	141,400	154,700	145,800	22,600	_
Sustaining capital	\$000s	6,300	7,700	38,500	28,500	18,100	10,500	14,700	22,500	2,900	_
Total cash cost	\$/oz	874	762	1,242	834	1,587	1,311	1,015	688	831	—
Mine-level AISC	\$/oz	898	793	1,457	959	1,756	1,408	1,112	795	938	—

1) Included in the "Other" category is income and withholding taxes paid by Corporate and Exploration entities.

IAX PAYMENTS		
		,

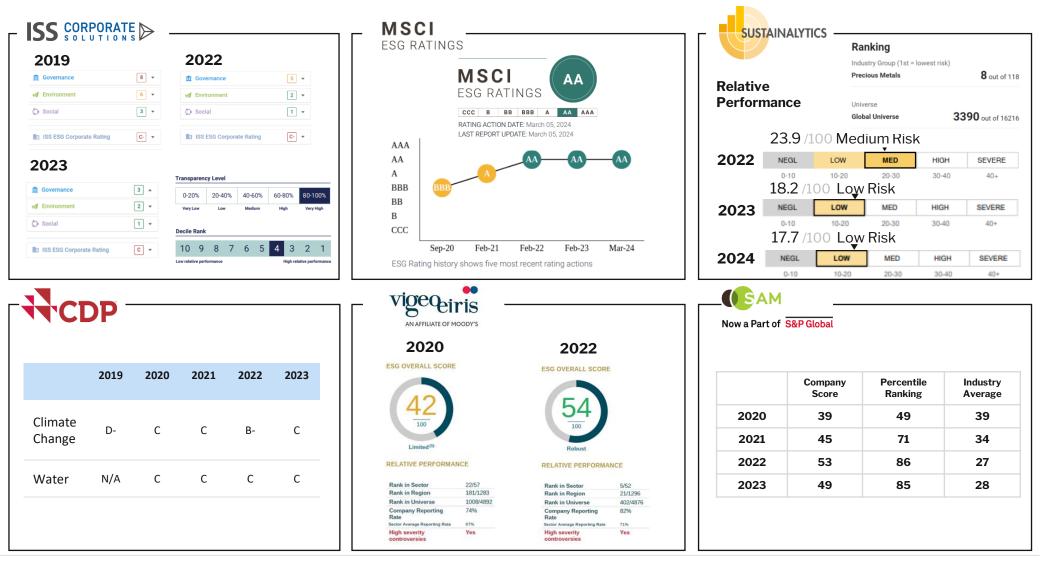
	THR	EE MONTHS E	SIX MONTHS ENDED			
All amounts in US\$ million	30 September 2024	30 June 2024	30 September 2023	30 September 2024	30 September 2023	
Houndé	12	17	11	40	35	
Ity	25	50	9	75	43	
Mana	2	3	5	9	21	
Sabodala-Massawa	-	45	65	75	116	
Lafigué	_	_	_	1	_	
Other ¹	25	49	51	79	54	
Taxes paid by continuing operations	65	163	142	279	270	





CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT IN ESG RATINGS

Reflecting increased transparency, disclosure and engagement



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