

Important notice Investor Presentation

#### Forward-looking statements

This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements (being all statements that are not entirely based on historical facts including, but not limited to, statements as to the expectations, beliefs and future business, contract terms, including commencement dates, contract durations and day rates, rig availability, financial performance and prospects of The Drilling Company of 1972 A/S, hereinafter referred to as "Maersk Drilling" or "the Company"). These forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and are subject to certain risks, assumptions, trends and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements due to external factors, including, but not limited to, oil and natural gas prices and the impact of the economic climate; changes in the offshore drilling market, including fluctuations in supply and demand; variable levels of drilling activity and expenditures in the energy industry; changes in day rates; ability to secure future contracts; cancellation, early termination or renegotiation by our customers of drilling contracts; customer credit and risk of customer bankruptcy; risks associated with fixed cost drilling operations; unplanned downtime; cost overruns or delays in transportation of drilling units; cost overruns or delays in maintenance, repairs, or other rig projects; operating hazards and equipment failure; risk of collision and damage; casualty losses and limitations on insurance coverage; weather conditions in the Company's operating areas; increasing costs of compliance with regulations; changes in tax laws and interpretations by taxing authorities, hostilities, terrorism, and piracy; impairments; cyber incidents; the outcomes of disputes, including tax disputes and legal proceeding; and other risks disclosed in Maersk Drilling's Annual Reports and company announcements. Each forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date hereof, and the Company expressly disclaims any obligation to update

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#### About Maersk Drilling

Maersk Drilling (CSE: DRLCO) owns and operates a fleet of 22 offshore rigs specialising in harsh-environment and deepwater drilling operations. With more than 45 years of experience operating in the most challenging environments Maersk Drilling provides safe, efficient, and reliable drilling services to oil and gas companies around the world. Headquartered in Denmark, Maersk Drilling employs 2,850 people. For more information about Maersk Drilling, visit www.maerskdrilling.com.



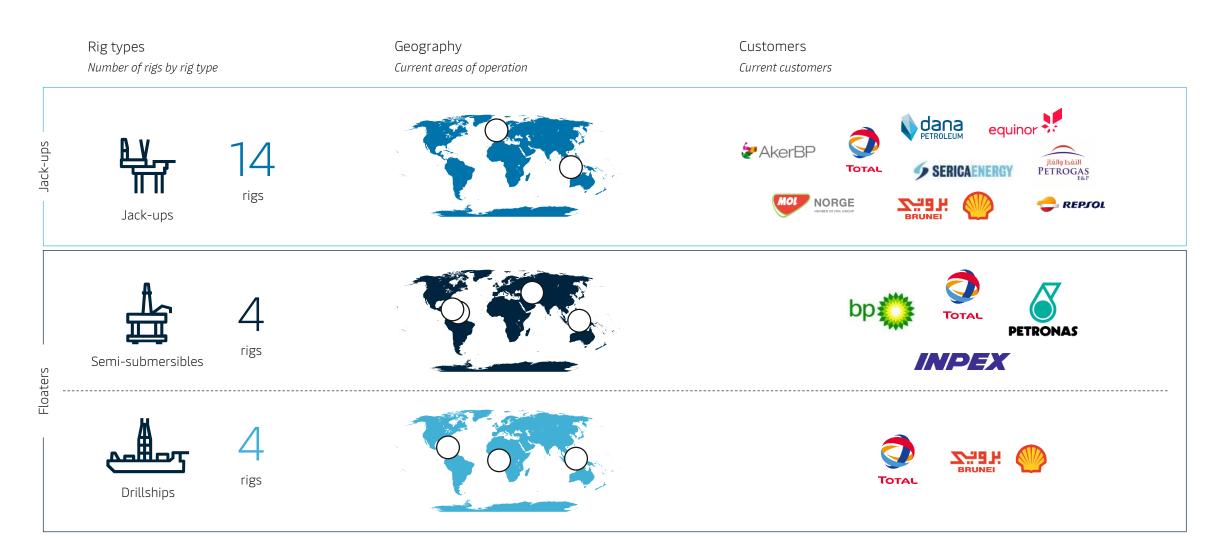
Unparalleled CJ70 jack-up fleet

Unique customer relations and partnerships

High revenue visibility and financial flexibility



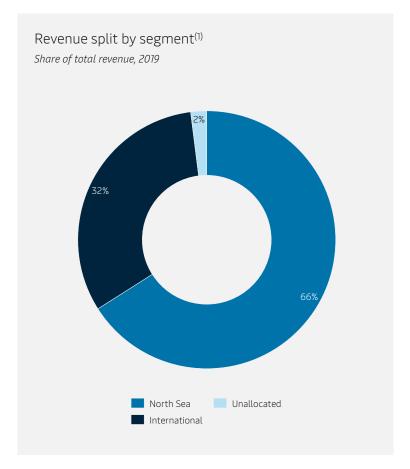


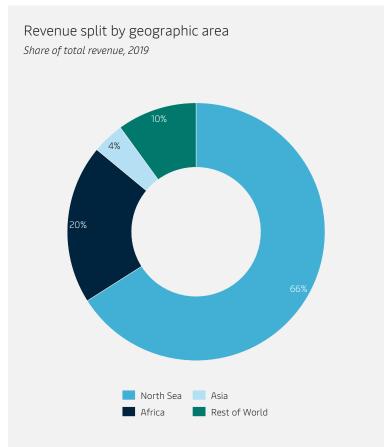


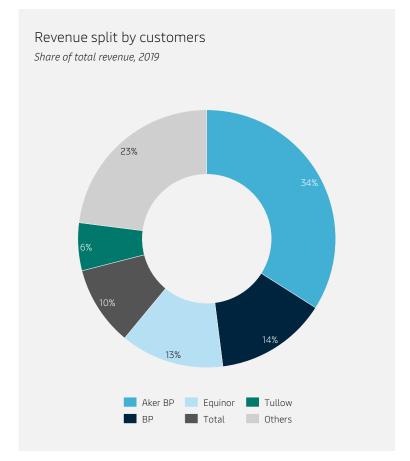


Investor Presentation

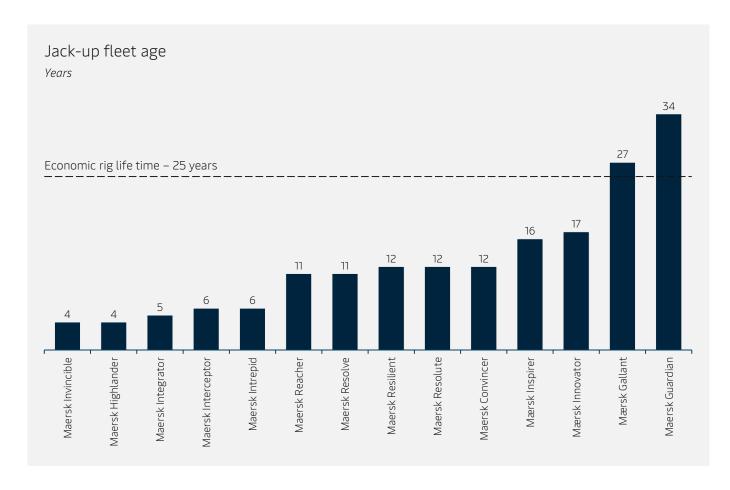
# North Sea jack-up fleet generating the largest share of revenue

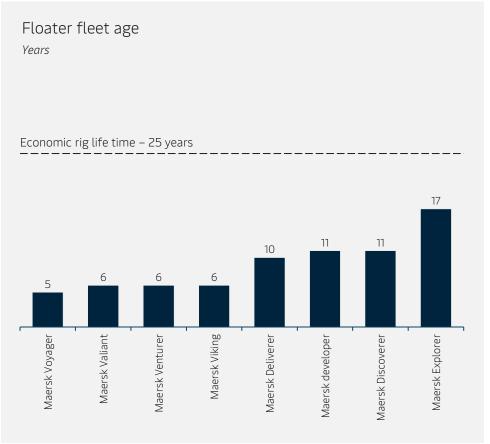














# Harsh-environment focused jack-up fleet

Rig name	Rig type	Design	Delivery year	Harsh environment	Norwegian AoC <sup>(1)</sup>	Rated water depth (ft.)	Rated drilling depth (ft.)
Mærsk Innovator	Jack-up	MSC CJ70-150 MC	2003	Yes	Yes	492	30,000
Mærsk Inspirer	Jack-up	MSC CJ70-150 MC	2004	Yes	Yes	492	30,000
Maersk Integrator	Jack-up	MSC CJ70-X150 MD	2015	Yes	Yes	492	40,000
Maersk Interceptor	Jack-up	MSC CJ70-X150 MD	2014	Yes	Yes	492	40,000
Maersk Intrepid	Jack-up	MSC CJ70-X150 MD	2014	Yes	Yes	492	40,000
Maersk Invincible	Jack-up	MSC CJ70-X150 MD	2016	Yes	Yes	492	40,000
Maersk Reacher	Jack-up	MSC CJ50-X100 MC	2009	Yes	Yes	350	30,000
Maersk Resilient	Jack-up	MSC CJ50-X100 MC	2008	Yes	No	350	30,000
Maersk Resolute	Jack-up	MSC CJ50-X100 MC	2008	Yes	No	350	30,000
Maersk Resolve	Jack-up	MSC CJ50-X100 MC	2009	Yes	No	350	30,000
Maersk Highlander	Jack-up	Friede & Goldman JU2000E	2016	Yes	No	400	30,000
Mærsk Gallant	Jack-up	CJ62-S120 JU	1993	Yes	Yes	394	25,000
Maersk Guardian	Jack-up	Hitachi Zosen, self-elevating cantilever unit	1986	Yes	No	350	n/a <sup>(2)</sup>
Maersk Convincer	Jack-up	Baker Pacific Class 375	2008	No	No	375	30,000



# Position as market-leader in Norway centred around CJ70 jack-up rigs

#### Eight rigs capable of working in Norway

Maersk Drilling ultra-harsh environment jack-up fleet and design

#### CJ70s







Maersk Integrator Maersk Interceptor



Mærsk Inspirer

Maersk Intrepid Ma





Maersk Reacher



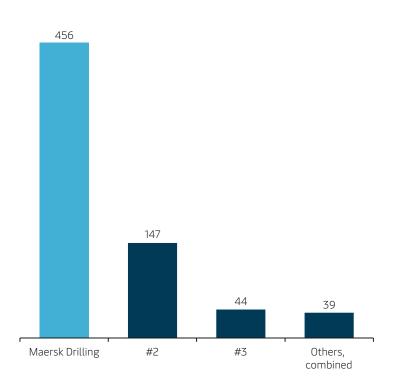
Maersk Gallant



Maersk Invincible

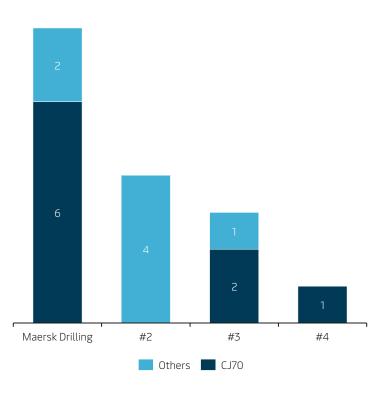
#### Unmatched experience in Norway

Number of wells drilled in Norway using jack-up rigs over the period 1990 to November 2020<sup>(1)</sup>, ranked



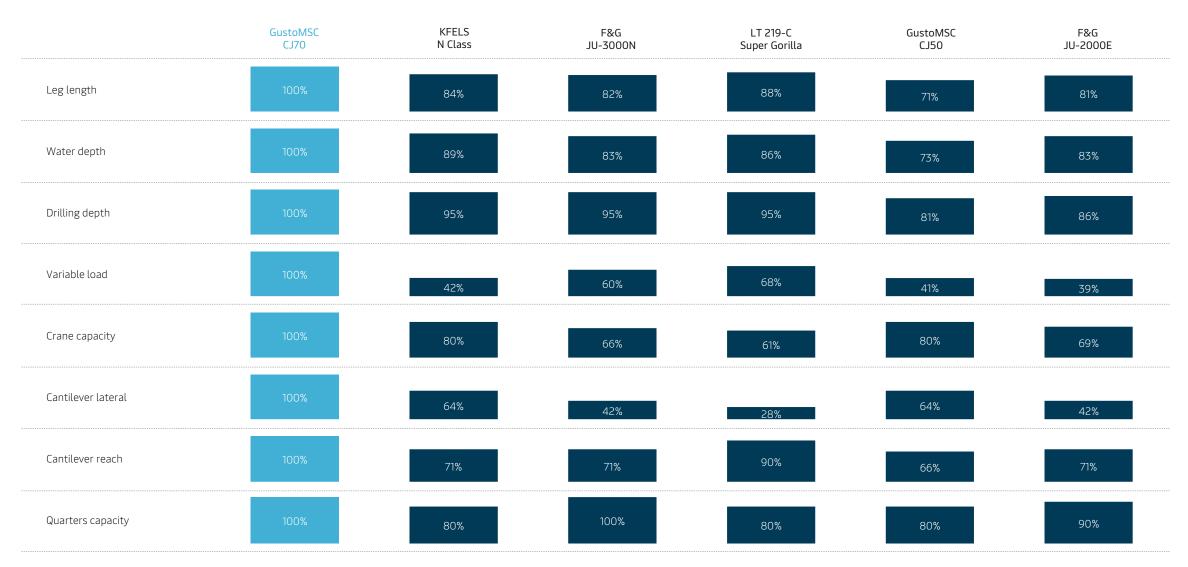
#### Leader in the ultra-harsh environment segment

Number of ultra-harsh environment jack-up rigs per drilling contractor<sup>(2)</sup>, ranked





# CJ70 – the largest and most capable jack-up rigs

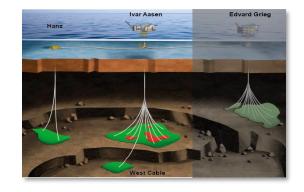






Valhall Plug & Abandonment

Maersk Invincible



Hanz appraisal

Maersk Intrepid



Gina Krog platform

Maersk Integrator



Oda subsea development

Maersk Interceptor



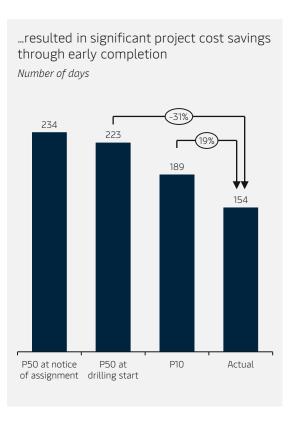
Our technical proposals, solutions and ability to work as one team...

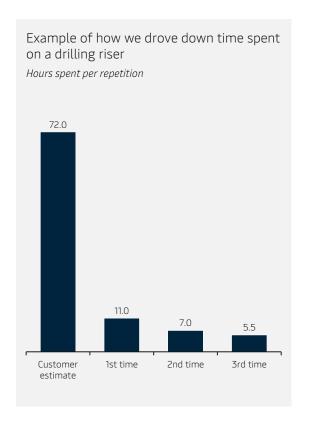






ONE TEAM
WELL PREPARED





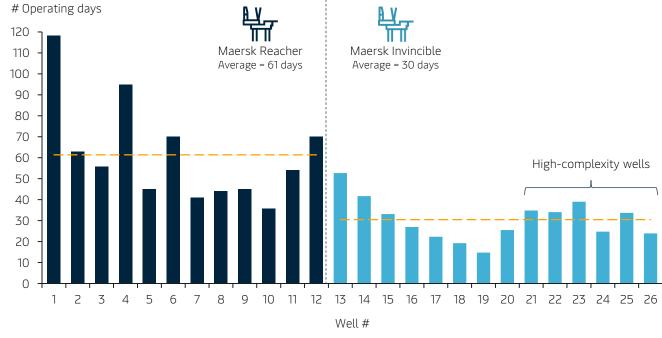
"The [CJ70] XLE's are so
efficient that it is
actually logistics that
become one of the key
challenges in projects"
– Well Operations
Manager, Spirit Energy





#### Significantly reducing well time spent in Plug & Abandonment campaign

Number of days spent per well

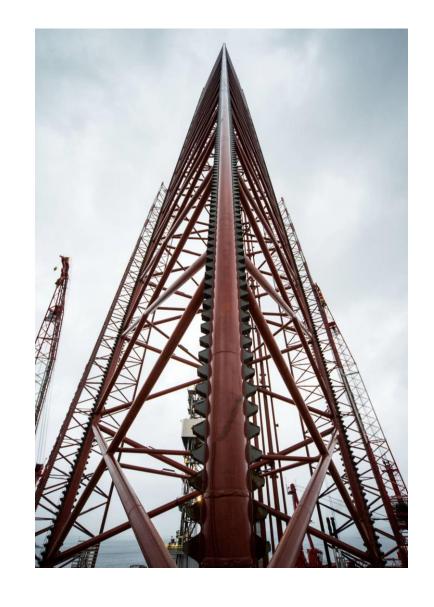




# CJ70-efficiency provides significant total well cost savings

Illustrative example	CJ50	CJ70
Day rate (USDk/day)	100	254
Financial uptime (Average across segment)	99%	99%
Days per well (Drilling)	61	30
Days on contract (Total, based on 12-well programme)	739	364
Drilling days (Days on contract * financial uptime)	732	360
Drilling cost (Day rate * drilling days, USDm)	73	91
Spread cost (Based on USD 300k/day on contract, USDm)	222	109
Total well cost (Drilling cost + spread cost, USDm)	295	200

Note: Above is an illustrative example with day rates from the two most recent contracts Maersk Drilling has signed for each rig-type. Spread cost comprises the total cost to drill a well, excluding drilling cost, and will vary from project to project, but will typically comprise between 40% and 60% of the total well cost.





### The CJ70 market has historically enjoyed higher utilisation and day rates

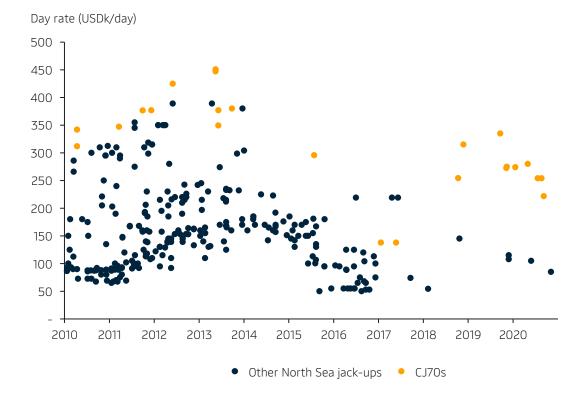
CJ70-utilisation versus all North Sea<sup>(1)</sup> jack-ups

Marketed monthly utilisation<sup>(2)</sup>



Jack-up fixtures<sup>(3)</sup> and corresponding day rates in the North Sea<sup>(1)</sup>

Jack-up fixture dates and day rates





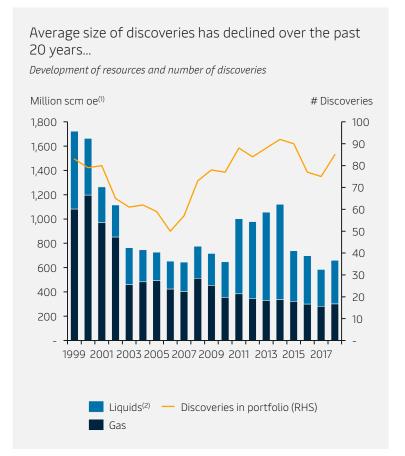


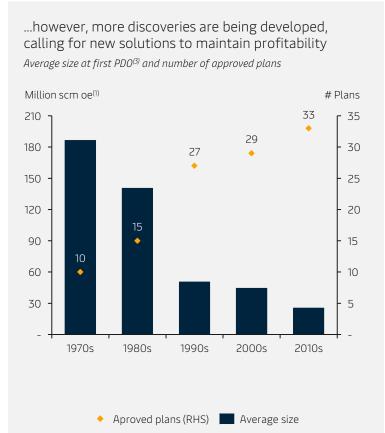
#### Deployment overview for CJ70 jack-up rigs

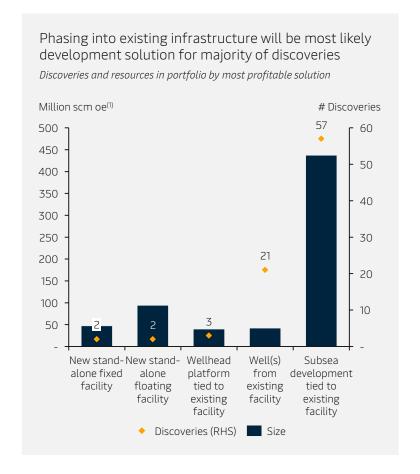




# Subsea development to become increasingly important offshore Norway









Main CJ70 subsea advantages<sup>(1)</sup>

Reduced downtime caused by weather

Improved equipment lifetime

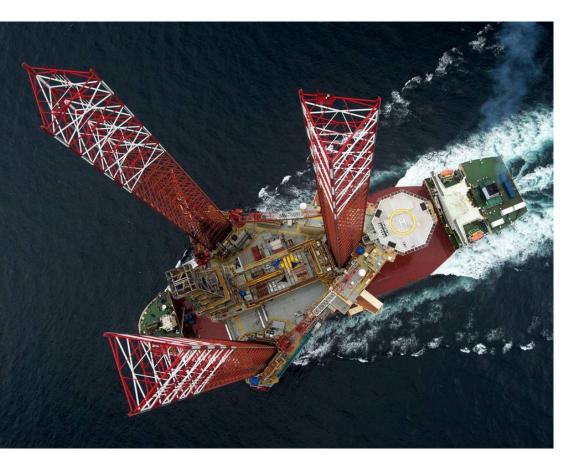
Optimised riser and BOP handling

Potential cost and emissions upsides





### The CJ70s are fronting the drive towards low-emission drilling



#### Maersk Invincible running entirely on shore-power

During part of 2017 and 2018, the rig was running on 100% hydropower via a 294 km long cable to a Norwegian hydropower plant

In addition to reducing emissions, the solution also reduces cost and time for maintenance and improves work environment due to reduced noise and vibrations

#### 2. Energy and Emissions Efficiency (EEE) software

Fully digitalised fuel an energy monitoring system providing near real-time information to be used for learning and optimisation towards more fuel-efficient behaviour

The system has been used on the Maersk Integrator since 2018, significantly reducing fuel consumption

#### 3. Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR)

Captures NOx exhausts and use ammonia injections to convert the gas into harmless water and nitrogen.

By installing SCR units on all the rig's engine exhaust pipes, Maersk Drilling expects to be able to reduce NOx emissions by more than 90%, while also reducing soot emissions significantly

#### 4. Hybrid upgrades on Norwegian jack-ups

Combining hybrid power, data intelligence (EEE) and cleaning technology (SCR), Maersk Drilling's hybrid jackups will push the boundaries for low-emission drilling on conventionally powered offshore drilling rigs



# Modern deepwater-focused floater fleet

Rig name	Rig type	Design	Delivery year	Generation	Rated water depth (ft.)	Rated drilling depth (ft.)
Maersk Valiant	Drillship	Samsung 96K	2014	7G	12,000	40,000
Maersk Venturer	Drillship	Samsung 96K	2014	7G	12,000	40,000
Maersk Viking	Drillship	Samsung 96K	2014	7G	12,000	40,000
Maersk Voyager	Drillship	Samsung 96K	2015	7G	12,000	40,000
Maersk Deliverer	Semisubmersible	DSS21-DP2	2010	6G	10,000	32,800
Maersk Developer	Semisubmersible	DSS21-DP2	2009	6G	10,000	32,800
Maersk Discoverer	Semisubmersible	DSS21-DP2	2009	6G	10,000	32,800
Maersk Explorer	Semisubmersible	DSS10-CAM-M	2003	5G	3,281	30,000



### Norway-experience successfully transferred to floater operations

#### Transferring Norway capabilities to floater operations



Selected operational achievements in the floater segment

#### Maersk Developer

Reactivation from warm-stacking in just eight weeks, completing the operation with 99.3% uptime

#### Maersk Discoverer

Longest well drilled in the Mediterranean and deepest in Egypt. Completed 64 days ahead of AFE target

#### Maersk Venturer

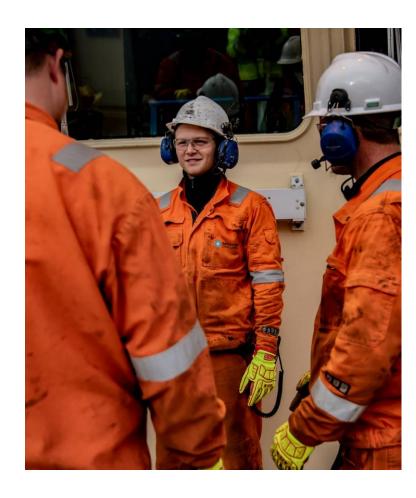
World's deepest well (3,411 meters) drilled with 99.2% uptime in strong currents up to 3 knots

#### Maersk Voyager

In 15 months, the rig drilled 15 new wells, re-entered three well, drilled four side-track sections and ran lower completion on nine wells. All completed 200 days ahead of schedule



### Unique customer service delivery model drives partnerships and value pricing



#### Relationship taken to the next level

Five-year framework agreement with the option to extend for a further five years. Alliance is based on an integrated well-delivery model with aligned incentives.

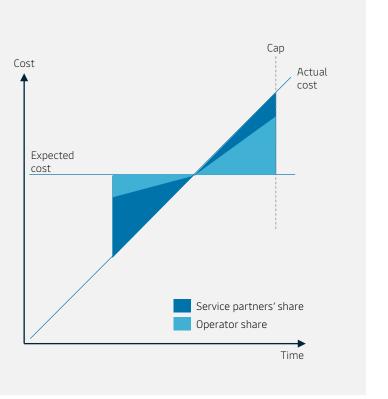
Focus on increasing collaboration efficiency and enabling standardisation and simplification of processes, ultimately shortening the lead time from discovery to first oil.

#### Participants:

- Aker BP
- Maersk Drilling
- Halliburton

#### Key aim:

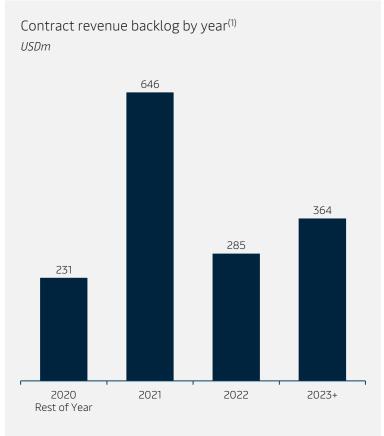
- Lowering the cost per barrel for Aker BP
- Increase the profitability for the alliance partners





# A solid contract backlog ensuring earnings visibility









### Sustainability strategy includes ambitious climate target

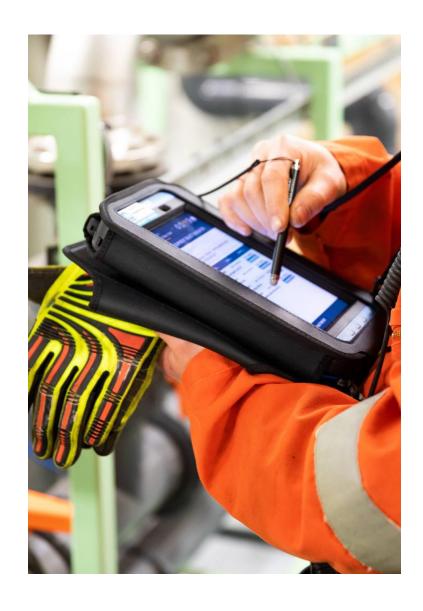


emissions intensity reduction target by 2030

We will be utilising a combination of key levers to reach our carbon reduction target

- Efficiency gains deriving from our strategic ambition of Smarter Drilling for Better Value
- Known technical and economically feasible solutions such as low-emission upgrades and shore power
- Future tech such as hydrogen and ammonia fuel





### Innovation driving new technological solutions...

We have established a dedicated Emissions Task Force responsible for recommending the deployment of low emission investments, leveraging the company's unique innovation capabilities to develop new solutions.

In addition to investing in innovation, we believe that close collaboration with customers and partners will be a crucial part of reaching our ambitious goals.



We believe that digitalisation will play a large role in developing sustainable solutions within oil & gas



#### Drilling Process Platform (DPP)

Maersk Drilling is currently piloting a ground breaking digital product, DPP, together with a customer. DPP transforms the information flow between the well design and the offshore rig operations, providing transparency and driving efficiency to reduce emissions.



...and a view to potential new revenue streams

#### Consortium:

Maersk Drilling has joined a new CO2 storage consortium together with INEOS Oil & Gas Denmark and Wintershall Dea.

The consortium is maturing one of the most progressed carbon capture and storage projects inside Danish jurisdiction and targets the development of permanent CO2 storage capacity offshore Denmark.

Maersk Drilling expects that its offshore rigs will be used to repurpose the existing oil and gas wells for CO2 injection.

Consortium goal: tonnes CO2 stored per year by 2030, corresponding to 15-20% of reduction required to reach Denmark's 70% reduction target in 2030









Solid balance sheet and liquidity position



Strong operating cash-flow generation



No newbuild capex commitments and limited off-balance reactivation cost exposure



Long maturity runway and attractive funding costs



# Solid balance sheet and liquidity position

Leverage ratio

Net interest bearing debt to EBITDA before special items

3.0x

710

675

400

400

400

30/06/2020

31/12/2019

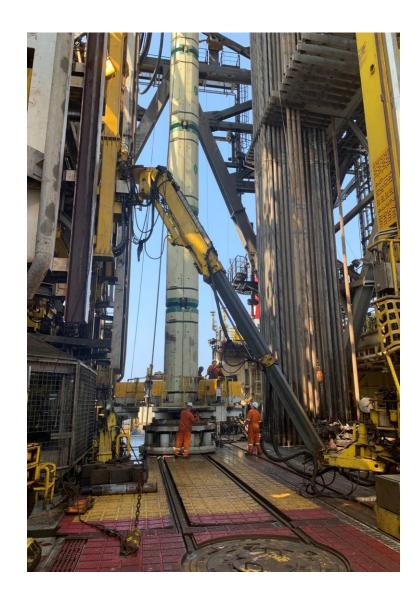
30/06/2020

Revolving credit facility Cash and bank balances





31/12/2019



### Revised full-year 2020 profitability guidance

EBITDA (before special items)

275-300

Previously 250-300 (USDm)



- Reflects current contract backlog
- Assuming no additional contracts with financial impact in 2020
- Cost-saving initiatives implemented onshore and offshore are included

Capital expenditures

~150
Unchanged
(USDm)



- Expectation of three SPSs to be completed in 2020
- Also includes planned rolling maintenance on certain other rigs



# 2021 forward contract coverage of 40%, with USD 646m of revenue backlog for execution in 2021

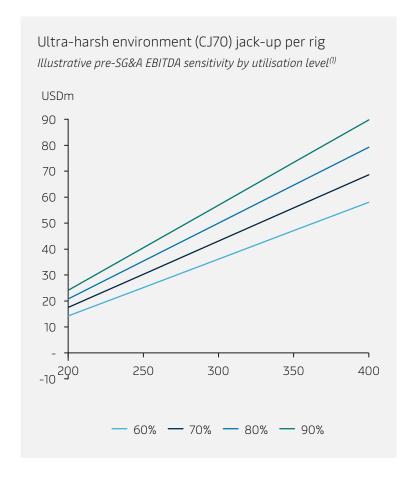


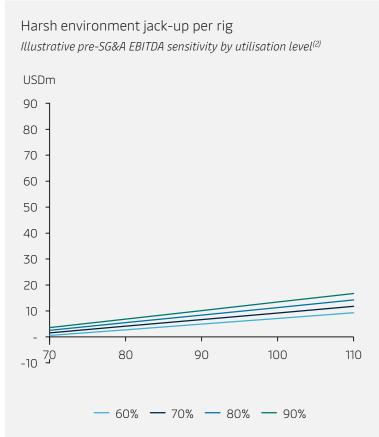


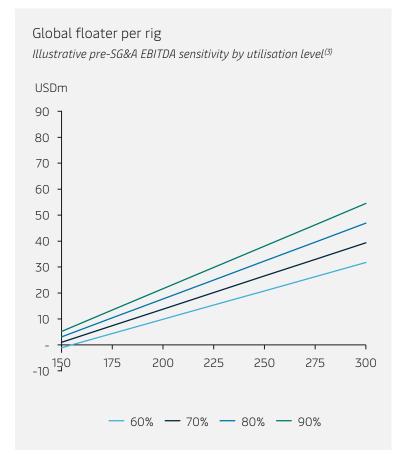


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### Earnings sensitivity





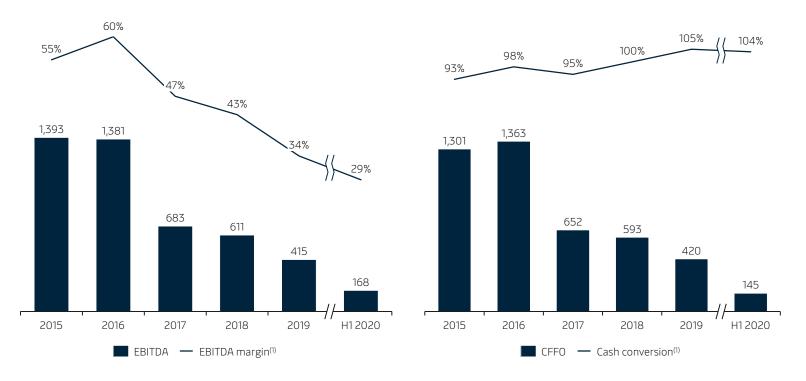




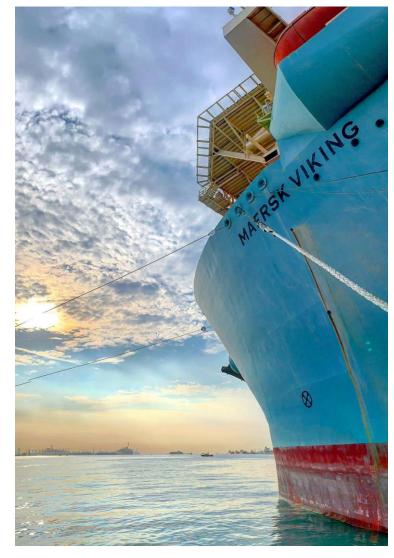
# Earnings converted to operating cash-flow

EBITDA before special items and EBITDA margin *USDm* 





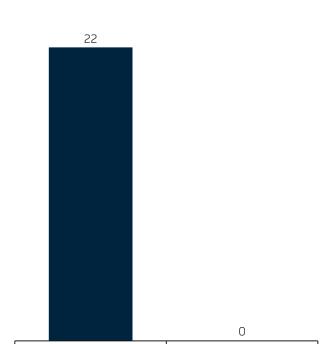






# No newbuild capex commitments and limited off-balance re-activation cost exposure

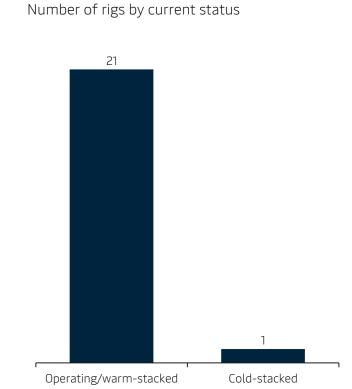




Newbuildings

Number of rigs by delivery status

Delivered





# Maintenance capex mainly relates to Special Periodic Surveys

5-yearly Special Periodic Survey cost requirements by rig type and annual run-rate

Jack-up rigs

15-20 (USDm)

Floaters

40-60

Expected run-rate(1)

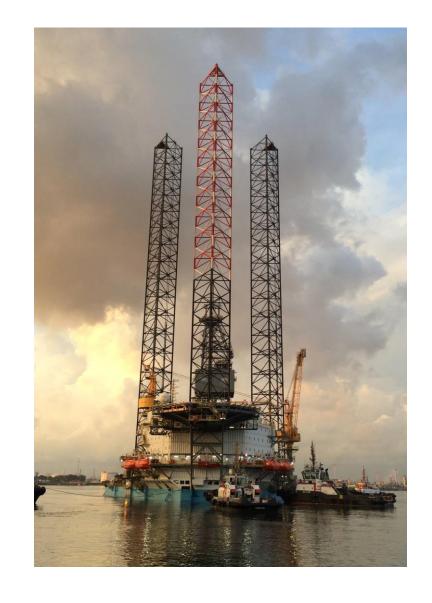
150 (USDm)

Levers to reduce maintenance capex

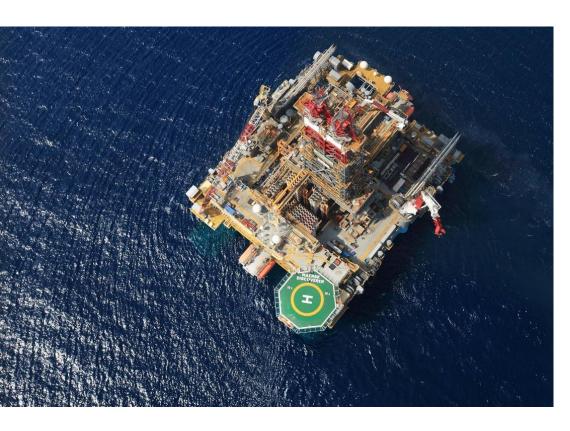
Further improvements from rolling condition-based maintenance programme still achievable

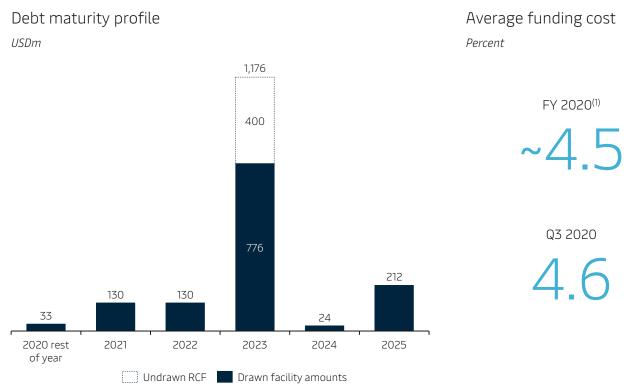
Removing non-essential maintenance

(1) Expected average over the 5-yearly SPS cycle across Maersk Drilling's fleet











### Financial policy

#### Capital allocation priorities

Maintain a robust capital structure with sufficient funding available to support the business through the cycle

Pursue investment opportunities that will support long-term shareholder value creation

Provided that the capital structure is deemed solid, return surplus capital to shareholders

#### Target leverage

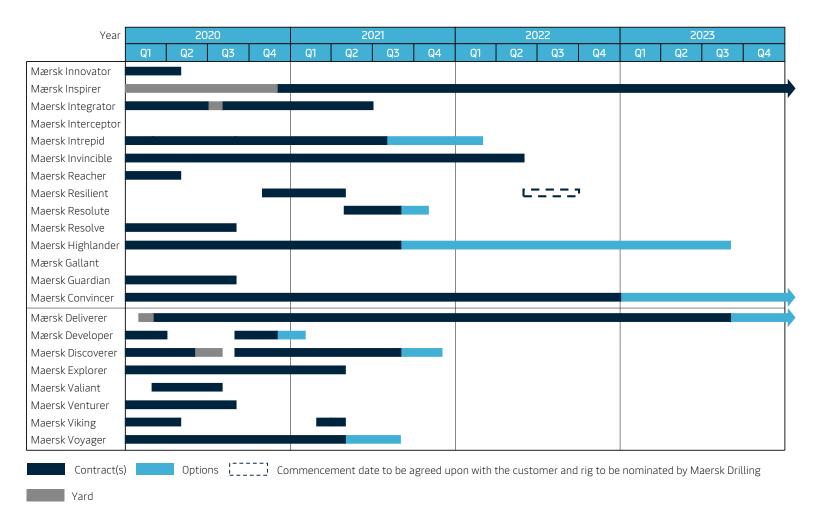
- Maersk Drilling will generally work towards a leverage ratio (net debt divided by EBITDA before special items) of around 2.5x.
- If the leverage ratio is below 2.5x and no attractive investment opportunities have been identified, Maersk Drilling will seek to return capital to share-holders by means of dividends and/or share buy backs
- If value adding investment opportunities that require a need for additional funding arise, or if EBITDA is reduced in a business down-cycle, the leverage may exceed the target level of around 2.5x for a period of time. The focus here will be to reduce net debt to reach the targeted leverage level of around 2.5x





Investor Presentation

### Maersk Drilling's fleet well positioned for the near-term demand pipeline



#### Key levers for future fleet deployment

Continued solid operational performance driving high customer satisfaction

Strong customer relations, alliances and partnerships

New customer solutions (digital and low emission) and business models

Modern, high-end fleet

Only drilling contractor with free and clear CJ70 capacity for the coming years



### Healthy activity across Maersk Drilling's key markets



#### Norway jack-ups

Currently, a few short duration drilling campaigns with commencement in 2021

Currently, a few programs with longer duration with commencement in 2022

Certain projects realised, e.g., Aker BP's Hod project, under the introduced temporary changes to the Norwegian Petroleum tax system

In 2021, more projects are expected to be realised

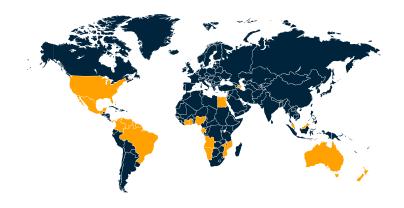


#### Other North Sea jack-ups (DK, NL, and UK)

Several requirements with commencement in mid-2021

Contracts durations range from one well to multi-year

Further, a few requirements outside the North Sea, but with need for high-spec harsh environment rigs, are adding to the demand pipeline



#### Global benign floaters

Requirements are building with commencement in 2021

Increase in activity levels across most main markets, including in Africa, South America, and South East Asia

Contract durations ranging from one-well to multi-year

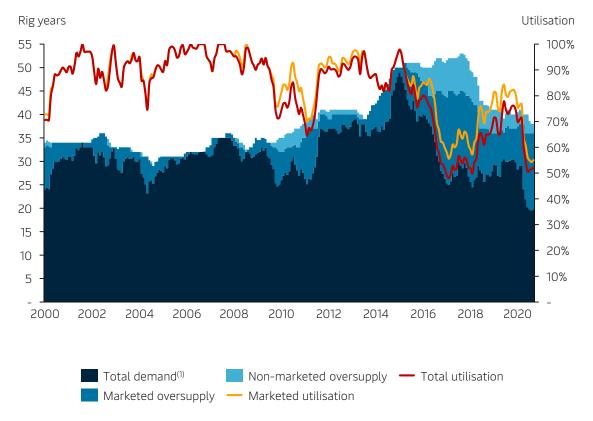
Multi-year campaigns include Tullow Oil's development programme offshore Ghana, and Total's development program offshore Mozambique



# North Sea jack-up demand stabilised in Q3 2020, but utilisation and forward coverage remain subdued

#### Supply, demand, and utilisation

Number of rigs and utilisation

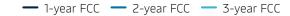


### Forward contract coverage ("FCC")

Percent

Forward contract coverage



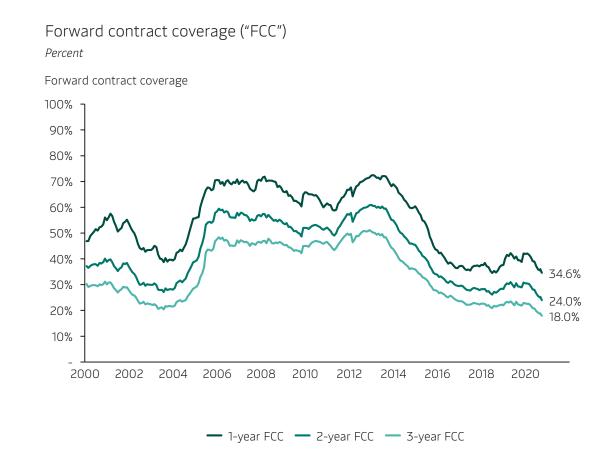




# Global floater demand stabilised in Q3 2020 and supply rationalisations continued, but utilisation and forward coverage remain subdued

#### Supply, demand, and utilisation Number of rigs and utilisation Rig years Utilisation 350 100% 90% 300 80% 250 70% 60% 200 150 100 50 2000 2012 2020 2002 2004 2008 2010 2014 2016 2018

Non-marketed oversupply — Total utilisation





Marketed oversupply — Marketed utilisation

Total demand<sup>(1)</sup>

